Diameter Overload Control Design Team Report

DIME WG – IETF88

draft-docdt-dime-ovli-01

Design Team Report

Background

- A design team formed after IETF87 to work on the Diameter Overload Control solution proposal
 - Jouni Korhonen, (Hannes Tscofenig), Steve Donovan, Ben Campbell, Nirav Salot, Lionel Morand, Susan Shishufeng, Maria Cruz Bartolome, Martin Dolly, Jean-Jacques Trottin, Ulrich Wiehe
- Mail list doc-dt@ietf.org, archives available
- Weekly calls
- One f2f meeting after the 3GPP CT4#62bis
- Solution wanted/needed for 3GPP Release-12

Main Solution Principles

Piggybacking

- Can be used on top of existing applications...
- The context of the overload control is determined by the "underlying" application the overload control is piggybacked on.

Capability announcement

 "Client" announces what it is capable of and "server" does the same.. At least one of the capabilities have to match.

Extensibility

 New functionality, algorithms, etc can added and registered with IANA.. and then announced as new capabilities.

Main Solution Principles cont'd

- Default (loss-like) algorithm and traffic abatement
 - Left for the "client" to figure out based on the Overload Report sent by the "server".
 - The report is only a "server" indicated "reduction percentage".
- The "endpoint" principle
 - Overload control is considered as an overlay on top of an arbitrary Diameter deployment.
 - The overload control information is exchanged two between "endpoints" capable of overload control solution.
 - Specific "reacting node" and "reporting node" roles, not to tie the solution specifically to "client-server" solution.

Decisions..

- The Diameter overload control "baseline solution" is not going to fulfill all requirement document requirements:
 - Separate documents will be needed for features that did not fit into the base line.. Take the agent overload as an example.
- Intentional separation between the overload reporting and overload control:
 - The baseline only solves the reactive reporting part i.e. the "Diameter Overload Indication Conveyance".
 - Pro-active overload controlling left for future work.
- No explicit algorithm identifiers
 - The algorithms can be deducted from the capability announcements and per capability/feature specific AVPs.

Open Issues and parts under discussion in -01

- Several "bigger" open issues
 - Extensibility and capability announcement details to be nailed down.
 - Destination-Realm and Destination-Host routed requests details missing.
- Missing
 - Basic overload report processing description missing/stale for the reacting and reporting endpoints (e.g. for client/server).
- Features under discussion
 - Inserting throttling information into requests.
- Loads of cleanup for -02 ahead.

Issue: Extensibility and capability announcement

- Plain feature vector is not really enough
 - Change the "flag vector" to a grouped AVP.
 - Need to add timestamp/sequence number to indicate validity of the announced features.
- Remove the existing "negotiation" part
 - It is a bidirectional announcement of capabilities.
 - Obviously at least one of the announced capabilities need to overload for endpoints to be able to perform overload control information conveyance..

Missing: overload report processing

Just write it down..

• Would "detail" the use of the default algorithm..

Issue: Destination-Realm and -Host routed requests details

Proposal sent to the list by Ben..

Review it and tell whether it is acceptable

Proposals under discussion: throttling information into requests

- A request would contain information that a specific request survived throttling done by the reacting node.
- Indicates to on path nodes / reporting node that someone is _doing_ traffic abatement..
 - Additional knowledge to announced features...
- Not decided whether this is needed for the baseline.

Next step..

- Ship -02 asap incorporating the resolution for known issues and filling the missing text pieces.
 - Above changes could also be incorporated to WG adopted -00 revision..
- Adopt as a WG I-D?
 - We admit -01 is still incomplete but from the design team point of view mature enough to serve as a base for the baseline solution.
 - We need to get a WG solution document out of the working group fast that our "waiting customer" (3GPP) can proceed with their work.

Comments / Questions?