MPTCP – Multipath TCP

WG Meeting
Berlin, IETF-87, 30th July 2013

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• Note taker
• Jabber [IMPORTANT]
• Please include “-mptcp-” in your draft names
• Please say your name at the mike
Note Well

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Milestones

- Dec 2012: Consensus on what high-level changes are needed to the current MPTCP Experimental document in order to progress it on the standards track
- Apr 2013: Implementation advice (Informational) to IESG
- Aug 2013: Use-cases and operational experiences (Informational) to IESG
- Dec 2013: MPTCP-enabled middleboxes (Informational) to IESG
- Dec 2013: MPTCP standards track protocol to IESG

- We’re behind, but progressing (except for the middlebox one?)
- We (probably) have achieved the first one.
Agenda

1. Chairs update (Chairs, 15 mins)
2. Discussions for MPTCP Future Security (90 mins)
3. RFC6824bis (15 mins) Alan Ford

If time permits:
1. MPTCP path selection using Port Control Protocol (PCP) (15 mins) Dan Wing
2. Evolving the Internet with Connection Acrobatics (10 mins) Marcelo Bagnulo

November 6, Wednesday, Afternoon Session II 15:50-16:50 Room Name: Regency
1. Wrap-up for security and 6824bis discussion (30 mins)
2. MPTCP path selection using Port Control Protocol (PCP) (15 mins) Dan Wing
3. Evolving the Internet with Connection Acrobatics (10 mins) Marcelo Bagnulo
4. Apple Update Stuart Cheshire
5. FreeBSD implementation status update (to be confirmed)
News

• MPTCP is in iOS8 (used for Siri)
• Linux Kernel MPTCP stable release - v0.88
• Soon: new release of FreeBSD mptcp
• New version of draft-khalili-mptcp-congestion-control
• Tsvarea: TCPcrypt, part of 'Evolution of IETF Transport Protocols' discussion (+ tcpcrypt & mptcp lunch)
• Multipath Networks – commercial home router with mptcp to bond access links
• Interim meeting on security (audio)
Summary of interim

• Prong 1
  – small fixes to RFC6824 to get security exactly same as SCTP with dynamic addresses & very similar to TCP security. We believe should be sufficient to get on Standards track
  – fix the ADD-ADDR attack (with HMAC – same method as for JOIN);
  – define now how to signal upgraded security

• Prong 2
  – more secure
  – 2 choices are to secure signalling better (as RFC6824 has keys in the clear on the MP_CAPABLE exchange) – or to secure data as well
  – tentative conclusion is to go for second choice (just securing signalling doesn’t help because need to be compatible with NATs – and NATs change the source address therefore attacker can do same thing)
  – tend to favour TCPcrypt (vs ssl) as secures more of the traffic
Consensus calls

• We proceed with defining better MPTCP security as per interim meeting
• Make draft-bagnulo-mptcp-attacks wg doc
Rationale

• Consensus to move to Standards Track
  – Security
  – Feedback from implementation experience
Security Issues

• Thanks to Marcelo for the study
• Off-path ADD_ADDR hijack attack
  – Medium risk, needs to be addressed
• DoS attacks
  – Can be mitigated outside of protocol
• Eavesdropper of initial handshake
  – Accepted out of scope
ADD_ADDR hijack

• Solution: ADD_ADDR2!
• We now add a HMAC of the new (addr, port) keyed against the sender’s connection key
  – As secure as MP_JOIN
• Impact:
  – Addresses cannot be changed en route
  – Note that now no middleboxes can add addresses unless they have seen the initial handshake
### ADD_ADDR2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Kind</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Subtype</th>
<th>IPVer</th>
<th>Address ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</table>

Address (IPv4 - 4 octets / IPv6 - 16 octets)

Port (2 octets, optional)

Truncated HMAC (8 octets)

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**Figure 12: Add Address (ADD_ADDR2) Option**
Other updates

• A number of textual clarifications
  – E.g. purpose of IDSN generation

• Notably fallback
  – Note: fallback can be unidirectional but unlikely to be implemented as such

• Plus the errata
Next Steps...