# Act-As and On-Behalf-Of for OAuth 2.0

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## Background

- Act-As and On-Behalf-Of are supported in WS-Security, WS-Trust
- Similar to identity impersonation feature available in Windows
- 2 distinct but related concepts
- Both are represented as Security Tokens JWTs by default
  - Security Tokens same concept as Assertions in draft-ietf-oauth-assertions
  - Support for JWT security tokens required
  - Other security token types, such as SAML Assertions is also possible

# Design Goals

- Act-As
  - Indicates that the requestor wants a token that contains claims about two distinct entities: the requestor and an external entity represented by the token in the Act-As parameter.
- On-Behalf-Of
  - Indicates that the requestor wants a token that contains claims only about one entity: the external entity represented by the token in the On-Behalf-Of parameter.
- Both are special cases of general token exchange functionality – the core function of WS-Trust

#### Act-As Scenarios

- Used where composite delegation is required, where the final recipient of the issued token can inspect the entire delegation chain and see not just the client, but all intermediaries. This lets it perform access control, auditing, and other related activities based on the entire identity delegation chain.
- The Act-As is commonly used in multi-tiered systems to authenticate and pass information about identities between the tiers without having to pass this information at the application/business logic layer.

### **On-Behalf-Of Scenarios**

- On-Behalf-Of is used in scenarios where only the identity of the original client is important. The final recipient of the issued token can only see claims about the original client. Information about intermediaries is not preserved.
- Commonly used for the proxy pattern, where the client cannot access the Token Service directly but instead communicates through a proxy gateway. The proxy gateway authenticates the caller and puts information about the caller into the On-Behalf-Of element of the token request that it then sends to the real Token Service for processing.
  - Thus, the resulting Token contains only claims related to the proxy client, making the proxy completely transparent to the receiver of the issued token.

## New Grant Type used at Token Endpoint

- security\_token\_request
  - Value a JWT signed by the party requesting the security token
- Response contains security\_token\_request element
  - The requested security token
- Described in draft-jones-oauth-token-exchange

## Optional request\_security\_token Parameters

- act\_as
  - This OPTIONAL request parameter indicates that the requested security token is
    expected to contain information about the identity represented by the security token
    that is the value of this parameter, enabling the requesting party to use the returned
    security token to act as this identity.
- on\_behalf\_of
  - This OPTIONAL request parameter indicates that the security token is being
    requested on behalf of another party. The identity of the party upon whose behalf
    the request is being made is represented by the security token that is the value of
    this parameter. Proof of eligibility to act on behalf of that identity MAY be conveyed
    by including an actor Claim identifying the requesting party in the security token.