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SVG Drawings for RFCs: SVG 1.2 RFC  
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Abstract

This document specifies SVG 1.2 RFC - an SVG profile for use in diagrams that may appear in RFCs - and considers some of the issues concerning the creation and use of such diagrams.

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## Table of Contents

1. Introduction . . . . .	2
2. SVG 1.2 RFC: An SVG profile for RFCs . . . . .	3
2.1. Elements, properties and attributes allowed in SVG 1.2 RFC . . . . .	4
3. How to create SVG drawings . . . . .	6
4. Accessibility Considerations . . . . .	7
5. Meta-language for diagrams common in RFCs . . . . .	8
5.1. Packet Layout Diagrams . . . . .	8
5.2. Sequence Diagrams (1) . . . . .	9
5.3. Sequence Diagrams (2) . . . . .	11
6. IANA Considerations . . . . .	13
7. Acknowledgements . . . . .	13
8. Revision History [RFC Editor please delete] . . . . .	14
9. References . . . . .	15
9.1. Normative References . . . . .	15
9.2. Informative References . . . . .	16
Appendix A. RELAX NG Compact (rnc) Schema for SVG 1.2 RFC . . .	17
Authors' Addresses . . . . .	58

## 1. Introduction

Over the last two years the RFC Editor has worked with the Internet community to develop specifications for changes in the format of RFCs. An outline of the resulting specifications was published as [RFC6949] in May 2013. Since then a Design Team has been working with the RFC Editor to flesh out those specifications. One aspect of the changes is to allow line drawings in RFCs; [RFC6949] says

"Graphics may include ASCII art and a more complex form to be defined, such as SVG line art [SVG]. Color and grayscale will not be accepted. RFCs must correctly display in monochromatic black-and-white to allow for monochrome displays, black-and-white printing, and support for visual disabilities."

SVG (Scalable Vector Graphics) has been developed by W3C, the World Wide Web Consortium; its current standard is SVG 1.1 Full [W3C.REC-SVG11-20110816]. This document defines SVG 1.2 RFC, an SVG profile (i.e. a subset of SVG) that is suitable for RFC line drawings.

Note that in RFCs, the text provides normative descriptions of protocols, systems, etc. Diagrams may be used to help explain concepts more clearly, but they provide supporting detail, and should not be considered to be complete specifications in themselves.

The details (particularly any vocabularies) described in this document are expected to change based on experience gained in implementing the RFC production center's toolset. Revised documents will be published capturing those changes as the toolset is completed. Other implementors must not expect those changes to remain backwards-compatible with the details described in this document.

## 2. SVG 1.2 RFC: An SVG profile for RFCs

As a starting point for SVG 1.2 RFC, the Design Team decided to use SVG 1.2 Tiny [W3C.REC-SVGTiny12-20081222]. SVG 1.2 Tiny is an SVG subset intended to be implemented on small, mobile devices such as cellphones and smartphones. That should allow RFCs to be rendered well on such devices, especially those that have small screens. However, RFCs are self-contained documents that do not change once they are published. The use of SVG drawings in RFCs is intended to allow authors to create drawings that are simple to produce, and easier to understand than our traditional 'ASCII Art' ones. In short, we are also trying to improve access to the content in RFCs, so SVG drawings need to be kept as simple as possible.

SVG can provide a complete User Interface, but within RFCs, all we need are simple diagrams that do not change once the RFC is published. Therefore, SVG RFC does not allow anything from the following sections in SVG Tiny 1.2 [W3C.REC-SVGTiny12-20081222]:

- 12 Multimedia
- 13 Interactivity
- 15 Scripting
- 16 Animation
- 18 Metadata
- 19 Extensibility

Note that SVG Tiny 1.2 elements may have many properties or attributes that are needed to support aspects of the above sections. Those are not allowed in SVG 1.2 RFC.

Considering the other sections in SVG Tiny 1.2 [W3C.REC-SVGTiny12-20081222]:

- 9 Basic Shapes
- 10 Text

Everything in these sections is allowed in SVG 1.2 RFC.

- 11 Painting: Filling, Stroking, Colors and Paint Servers

Anything relating to 'color' is not allowed in SVG 1.2 RFC, everything else is allowed. This is a requirement documented in [RFC6949].

#### 14 Linking

SVG Tiny 1.2 allows internationalized IRIs in references. In SVG 1.2 RFC such links must be ASCII only. That should not cause problems, since one can just use the URI form of any IRI. Authors should try to use links only to URIs that are long-term stable.

#### 17 Fonts

SVG 1.2 RFC only allows 'serif', 'sans-serif' and 'monospace' generic font families from the WebFonts facility, described in CSS 2.1, [W3C.REC-CSS2-20110607], section 15, Fonts. In particular, the SVG 'font' element is not allowed.

### 2.1. Elements, properties and attributes allowed in SVG 1.2 RFC

Elements, properties and attributes selected for SVG 1.2 RFC from [W3C.REC-SVGTiny12-20081222].

In the list below, elements and properties are listed on the left, and their allowed values are given in parentheses on the right.

<color> is the list of allowed colors, a black-and-white subset of the SVG color names.

<style> is a set of CSS attributes that are commonly used (by SVG drawing applications). They are not part of SVG Tiny 1.2, but are included here for compatibility. Note that

- There is no guarantee that any renderer will implement all the CSS attributes a drawing application may use.
- Authors will need to consider the compatibility of their drawings with rendering devices.

#### Elements:

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| svg   | (version, baseProfile=tiny, width, viewBox, preserveAspectRatio, snapshotTime, height, id, role) |
| g     | (label, class, id, role, fill, <style>, transform)   |
| defs  | (id, role, fill)   |
| title | (id, role)   |
| desc  | (id, role)   |
| a     | (id, role, fill, transform)  |

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| use            | (x, y, href, xlink:href, id, role, fill, transform)                                  |
| rect           | (x, y, width, height, rx, ry, stroke-miterlimit, id, role, fill, <style>, transform) |
| circle         | (cx, cy, r, id, role, fill, <style>, transform)                                      |
| ellipse        | (cx, cy, rx, ry, id, role, fill, <style>, transform)                                 |
| line           | (x1, y1, x2, y2, id, role, fill, transform)  |
| polyline       | (points, id, role, fill, transform)  |
| polygon        | (points, id, role, fill, <style>, transform)   |
| text           | (x, y, rotate, id, role, fill, <style>, transform)                                   |
| tspan          | (id, role, fill)   |
| textArea       | (x, y, width, height, auto, id, role, fill, transform)                               |
| tbreak         | (id, role)   |
| solidColor     | (id, role, fill)   |
| linearGradient | (gradientUnits, x1, y1, x2, y2, id, role, fill)                                      |
| radialGradient | (gradientUnits, cx, cy, r, id, role, fill)   |
| stop           | (id, role, fill)   |
| path           | (d, pathLength, stroke-miterlimit, id, role, fill, <style>, transform)               |

Properties: (most allow inherit as a value)

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| <style>               | (font-family, font-weight, font-style, font-variant, direction, unicode-bidi, text-anchor, fill, fill-rule)   |
| <color>               | (black, white, #000000, #ffffff, #FFFFFF)   |
| stroke                | (<color>, none, currentColor)   |
| stroke-width          |   |
| stroke-linecap        | (butt, round, square)   |
| stroke-linejoin       | (miter, round, bevel)   |
| stroke-miterlimit     |   |
| stroke-dasharray      |   |
| stroke-dashoffset     |   |
| stroke-opacity        |   |
| vector-effect         | (non-scaling-stroke, none)  |
| viewport-fill         | (none, currentColor)  |
| viewport-fill-opacity |   |
| display               | (inline, block, list-item, run-in, compact, marker, table, inline-table, table-row-group, table-header-group, table-footer-group, table-row, table-column-group, table-column, table-cell, table-caption, |

```

                                none)
visibility                      (visible, hidden, collapse)
color-rendering                 (auto, optimizeSpeed, optimizeQuality)
shape-rendering                 (auto, optimizeSpeed, crispEdges,
                                geometricPrecision)
text-rendering                  (auto, optimizeSpeed, optimizeLegibility,
                                geometricPrecision)
buffered-rendering              (auto, dynamic, static)

opacity
solid-opacity
solid-color                     (currentColor, <color>)
color                           (currentColor, <color>)

line-increment                  (auto)
text-align                      (start, end, center)
display-align                   (auto, before, center, after)

font-size
font-family                     (serif, sans-serif, monospace)
font-weight                     (normal, bold, bolder, lighter)
font-style                      (normal, italic, oblique)
font-variant                    (normal, small-caps)
direction                       (ltr, rtl)
unicode-bidi                    (normal, embed, bidi-override)
text-anchor                     (start, middle, end)
fill                            (none, <color>)
fill-rule                       (nonzero, evenodd)
fill-opacity
```

### 3. How to create SVG drawings

Many drawing packages can be used to create SVG drawings, for example Open Source packages Inkscape and Dia. Be aware that such packages may use SVG elements or attributes that are not allowed in SVG 1.2 RFC.

-For example, the 'marker' attribute is often used to place symbols such as arrowheads on lines, but 'marker' is not allowed in SVG 1.2 Tiny or SVG 1.2 RFC. In such cases one has to draw the arrowhead in another, simpler way.

-SVG clip paths are used to define a shape; objects outside that shape become invisible. The 'clipPath' element is not allowed in SVG 1.2 Tiny or SVG 1.2 RFC.

Diagrams produced with these packages may contain elements, their attributes or properties, or values of attributes or properties that are not allowed in SVG 1.2 RFC. We will need to provide a tool to strip out anything that is not allowed in SVG 1.2 RFC, or to replace disallowed values, e.g., 'sans-serif' for 'Sans' as values for 'font-family'. Experience with a simple test version of a tool for this has shown that such deletion and replacement can be effective for making SVG files from drawing packages conform to SVG 1.2 RFC, without visibly changing the diagrams they produce.

The tool described above can also be used by Authors simply to check that their diagrams conform to SVG 1.2 RFC. To help with this, if visible changes do occur, the tool should produce a list of non-allowed keywords and the context in which they were found.

Another way to create SVG drawings is to write programs to draw them. For example, using python and its svgwrite module is a pleasant environment (for those who like writing code).

To include a diagram into an RFC, the xml2rfc (v3) tool will need to provide a way to include SVG drawings in Internet Drafts, as described in [XML2RFCv3] sections 2.5 and 2.67.

#### 4. Accessibility Considerations

One of the long-term goals for RFCs is to make them more accessible, e.g. to sight-impaired readers. For diagrams, it would be useful for authors to provide alternative forms of the diagram, so that voice-reading software could be used to 'talk through' the diagram. Simply reading the SVG code for a complex diagram seems unlikely to work.

SVG 1.2 RFC allows SVG's 'title' and 'desc' elements. 'title' provides a brief text caption for an SVG object (much like a figure caption), and 'desc' provides a longer text description of what the object actually represents. As well, the SVG 'role' attribute can be used to indicate to a browser how an SVG object is to be interpreted. Good suggestions on how to use these elements are given in [SVG-ACCESS-TIPS].

ARIA is a W3C Recommendation for using SVG to create 'Accessible Rich Internet Applications.' A helpful introduction to ARIA is provided by [SVG-ARIA-PRIMER], while [SVG-USING-ARIA] gives examples of how to use ARIA to enhance SVG accessibility.

## 5. Meta-language for diagrams common in RFCs

This section presents a few examples of possible meta-languages which could be used to create the kinds of diagrams that are most common in RFCs. Note that they are merely examples, they do not imply that these particular experimental languages might be more widely implemented or used. Instead, they seem to show that designing meta-languages simple enough to serve as audible representations of complex diagrams is difficult indeed!

The SVG diagrams produced from the following examples can be seen at [This-I-D-with-SVG-included] along with an html version of this draft that includes the SVG diagrams.

### 5.1. Packet Layout Diagrams

Example: Figure 3 from [RFC0793].

In these examples the first line specifies the generated SVG filename. The scale factor determines the size of the SVG drawing; it needs to be set so that the drawing fits nicely into the final document.

'packet;' starts the packet description; it's followed by a description of the fields in each row.

```
info;
  output "tcp-header.svg", scale 0.65;

packet;
  row 0;
    field "Source Port", 0 to 15;
    field "Destination Port", 16 to 31;
  row 1;
    field "Sequence Number", 0 to 31;
  row 2;
    field "Acknowledgement Number", 0 to 31;
  row 3;
    field "Data Offset", 0 to 3;
    field "Reserved", 4 to 9;
    field "Urg", 10 to 10, fsize 14; # 14 px font so the flags fit
    field "Ack", 11 to 11, fsize 14;
    field "Psh", 12 to 12, fsize 14;
    field "Rst", 13 to 13, fsize 14;
    field "Syn", 14 to 14, fsize 14;
    field "Fin", 15 to 15, fsize 14;
    field "Window", 16 to 31;
  row 4;
    field "Checksum", 0 to 15;
    field "Urgent Pointer", 16 to 31;
  row 5;
    field "Options", 0 to 23;
    field "Padding", 24 to 31;
  row 6;
    field "Data", 0 to 31;
```

## 5.2. Sequence Diagrams (1)

Example: Figure 6 from [ExpTrustedProxy].

In this example, columns are vertical lines with a text header above them. There are three columns, and columns 1 and 2 are spaced 250 pixels apart.

The rest of the file describes objects to be drawn; most of them are plines (polylines) from one column to another, but object 3 only extends across to 0.3 of the distance between columns 1 and 2.

```
info;
  output "httpbis-proxy20-fig6.svg", scale 0.9;

#Thu, 30 Jan 14 (NZDT)

#Figure 6 of draft-loreto-httpbis-trusted-proxy20-00.txt
```

```
column 1 width 250; # columns have vertical line to bottom
  text above "user-agent";

column 2 width 250;
  text "Proxy";

column 3; # Last col
  text "Server";

object 1; # Only need polylines
  pline 1 to 2, arrowhead at end;
  text above "(1) TLS ClientHello";
  text below "(ALPN ProtocolName: http)";

object 2;
  pline 1 to 2, arrowhead at start;
  text above "(2) TLS Error";
  text below "(Proxy Cert)";

object 3;
  pline 1 to 1.3, down, back to 1, arrowhead at end;
  text seg 2 centre "(inform user of the SecureProxy)";

object 4;
  pline 1 to 2, arrowhead at end;
  text above "(3) TLS ClientHello";

object 5;
  pline 1 to 2, arrowhead at start;
  text above "(4) ServerHello";

object 6;
  blank 1 to 2;

object 7;
  block 1 to 2, objects 8 to 15;
  text above "HTTP2.0";

object 8;
  pline 1 to 2, arrowhead at end;
  text seg 1 centre "(5) stream(X) GET";

object 9;
  pline 2 to 3, arrowhead at end;
  text seg 1 above "(6) TLS ClientHello";

object 10;
  pline 2 to 3, arrowhead at start;
```

```
    text seg 1 above "TLS ServerHello";

object 11;
    blank 2 to 3;

object 12;
    block 2 to 3, objects 13 to 15;
    text seg 1 above "HTTP2.0";

object 13;
    pline 2 to 3, arrowhead at end;
    text seg 1 centre "(7) stream(Z) GET";

object 14;
    pline 2 to 3, arrowhead at start;
    text seg 1 centre "(8) stream(Z) 200 OK";

object 15;
    pline 1 to 2, arrowhead at start;
    text seg 1 centre "(9) stream(X) 200 OK";
```

### 5.3. Sequence Diagrams (2)

Example: Figure 3 from [RFC4321].

This example uses (x,y) coordinates to specify points in in plines. For these, the x units are columns and the y units are lines (positive means 'down the diagram').

both x and y may be absolute, e.g. 4.3, or relative, e.g. +1.5). For the first point of a pline, relative means 'relative to the starting point of the previous pline,' for other points in a pline it means 'relative to the last point.'

Note that column 1 is drawn in white, i.e. nothing is drawn for it. It's simply used to make a blank area where objects 8 and 9 can place text. For both those objects a pline is used to specify the text's position.

Last, the metalanguage allows simple macros, introduced by 'define foo = '. These make it easier to re-use definitions, for example of line types.

```
info;
    output "rfc4321-fig3.svg", scale 0.9;

# Sat,  5 Apr 14 (NZDT)
```

```
#Figure 3 of RFC 4321

define hw = width 110; # Hop width

column 1 width 130, color "white"; # No heading or vertical line

column 2 hw; text above "UAC";

column 3 hw; text "P1";

column 4 hw; text "P2";

column 5 hw; text "P3";

column 6 hw; text "UAS";

define tgrey = width 5; # Thick grey
define ahe = arrowhead at end;

object 1;
  pline 1.8
    to 2.3 tgrey, to (2.4,+0), to (2.6,+1.5), to (2.7,+0) ahe,
    to 3.3 tgrey, to (3.4,+0), to (3.6,+1.5), to (3.7,+0) ahe,
    to 4.3 tgrey, to (4.4,+0), to (4.6,+1.5), to (4.7,+0) ahe,
    to 5.3 tgrey, to (5.4,+0), to (5.6,+1.5), to (5.7,+0) ahe,
    to 6.3 tgrey;

object 2;
  pline (1.8,+10) to 2.3 tgrey;

object 3;
  pline (3.3,+2)
    to 2.85 tgrey, to (2.7,+0) tgrey,
    to (2.5,+0), to (2.25,+1.5), to (2.0,+0) ahe;
  text seg 2 centre "408";

object 4;
  pline (4.3,+1.5)
    to 3.9 tgrey, to (3.7,+0) tgrey,
    to (3.5,+0), to (3.3,+1.5), to (3.1,+0) ahe,
    to 2.9 tgrey, to (2.7,+0) tgrey,
    to (2.5,+0), to (2.25,+1.5), to (2.0,+0) ahe;
  text seg 2 centre "408";
  text seg 7 centre "408";

object 5;
  pline (5.3,+1.5)
    to 4.9 tgrey, to (4.7,+0) tgrey,
```

```
    to (4.5,+0), to (4.3,+1.5), to (4.1,+0) ahe,
    to 3.9 tgrey, to (3.7,+0) tgrey,
    to (3.5,+0), to (3.3,+1.5), to (3.1,+0) ahe,
    to 2.9 tgrey, to (2.7,+0) tgrey,
    to (2.5,+0), to (2.25,+1.5), to (2.0,+0) ahe;
text seg 2 centre "408";
text seg 7 centre "408";
text seg 12 centre "408";

object 6;
pline (6.3,+1.5)
  to 5.9 tgrey, to (5.7,+0) tgrey,
  to (5.5,+0), to (5.3,+1.5), to (5.1,+0) ahe;
  to 4.9 tgrey, to (4.7,+0) tgrey,
  to (4.5,+0), to (4.3,+1.5), to (4.1,+0) ahe;
  to 3.9 tgrey, to (3.7,+0) tgrey,
  to (3.5,+0), to (3.3,+1.5), to (3.1,+0) ahe;
  to 2.9 tgrey, to (2.7,+0) tgrey,
  to (2.5,+0), to (2.25,+1.5), to (2.0,+0) ahe;
text seg 2 centre "408";
text seg 7 centre "408";
text seg 12 centre "408";
text seg 17 centre "408";

object 7:
pline (1.63,4.1) to (1.73,+0);

object 8;
pline (1.68,4.1) to (+0,14) arrowhead at end;
text centre "64*T1";

object 9;
pline (1.2,13.1) to (1.5,+0) color "white";
text centre "(timeout)";
```

## 6. IANA Considerations

This document does not create a new registry nor does it register any values in existing registries; no IANA action is required.

## 7. Acknowledgements

Thanks to the RSE and the Design Team members for their helpful comments and suggestions for SVG 1.2 RFC.

## 8. Revision History [RFC Editor please delete]

version -13, 16 Oct 15:

Added Informative Reference to XML2RFC v3 draft on 'how to include SVG diagrams'.

Added Informative Reference to Nevil's home page for a version of this I-D with its SVG diagrams included.

Added Informative References to RFC0793 and I-Ds for the example diagrams.

Changed 'colour' to 'color' so as to be consistent.

Fixed other typos (thanks to Dave Thaler for all these)!

Removed 'grey' color from example diagrams.

version -12, 24 Sep 15:

Appendix A added: a complete relax-ng compact (rnc) schema for SVG-1.2-RFC.

Section 2.1: Elements/attributes/properties table updated to match the schema in Appendix A.

version -11, 17 Aug 15:

Section 1: Fixed typo in "Details are expected to change" paragraph.

version -10, 14 Aug 15:

Section 1: Added "Details are expected to change" paragraph.

version -09, 31 Mar 15:

No changes, version number incremented to keep draft alive

version -08, 29 Sep 14:

Section 1: Changed comment about diagrams 'not being normative' to 'not complete specifications in themselves.'

Section 2.1: Added SVG 1.2 Tiny 'id' attribute because most drawing packages use it in constructing drawings.

Section 2.1: Added SVG 1.2 Tiny 'role' attribute so that ARIA can use it.

Section 3: added comment about changes to xml2rfc required to include SVG diagrams.

Section 4: Added reference to svg-aria-primer.

version -07, 3 Jul 14:

Expanded text about Accessibility in 'how to create SVG drawings' section into 'Accessibility Considerations' section. Added two SVG Accessibility references to support that.

version -06, 26 Jun 14:

Remove trailing / from URL in section 4; the html version on tools.ietf.org/html assumed the next word was part of that URL.

version -05, 25 Jun 14:

Improved section on 'how to create SVG drawings' By adding some text about which elements aren't allowed in SVG 1.2 RFC.  
Added more text describing the tool for checking, stripping out or replacing incompatible elements and attributes from an SVG file.

version -04, 30 Apr 14:

Fixed typos, used full references for two of the w3c refs - each had an author name using UTF8 characters.  
Moved the Elements and Attributes appendix up earlier to make it sub-section 2.1.  
Disclaimer added to the Meta-languages section.

version -03, 14 Apr 14:

Added two more example diagrams; a simple packet layout, and a diagram that uses lots of diagonal lines.

version -02, 12 Feb 14:

Added metalanguage example to make time-sequence drawings.

version -01, 11 Feb 14:

Allow links to 'long-term stable URIs'  
Link URIs must be ASCII only  
Need for tools to check SVG 1.2 RFC compatibility and to strip 'unnecessary' attributes explicitly stated.  
Statement that drawings can't be normative removed; Postscript-only RFCs already exist.  
Added most attributes and elements to the Appendix.

version -00, 29 Jan 14:

Initial version, using content from Nevil's emails to the Design Team.

## 9. References

### 9.1. Normative References

- [RFC6949] Flanagan, H. and N. Brownlee, "RFC Series Format Requirements and Future Development", RFC 6949, DOI 10.17487/RFC6949, May 2013, <<http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6949>>.

[W3C.REC-SVGTiny12-20081222]

Andersson, O., Berjon, R., Dahlstrom, E., Emmons, A., Ferraiolo, J., Grasso, A., Hardy, V., Hayman, S., Jackson, D., Lilley, C., McCormack, C., Neumann, A., Northway, C., Quint, A., Ramani, N., Schepers, D., and A. Shellshear, "Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG) Tiny 1.2 Specification", World Wide Web Consortium Recommendation REC-SVGTiny12-20081222, December 2008, <<http://www.w3.org/TR/2008/REC-SVGTiny12-20081222>>.

[W3C.REC-CSS2-20110607]

Bos, B., Celik, T., Hickson, I., and H. Lie, "Cascading Style Sheets Level 2 Revision 1 (CSS 2.1) Specification", World Wide Web Consortium Recommendation REC-CSS2-20110607, June 2011, <<http://www.w3.org/TR/2011/REC-CSS2-20110607>>.

## 9.2. Informative References

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[SVG-USING-ARIA]

Watson, L., "Using ARIA to enhance SVG accessibility", The Paciello Group 2013/12/using-aria-enhance-svg-accessibility, December 2013, <<http://blog.paciellogroup.com/2013/12/using-aria-enhance-svg-accessibility>>.

[XML2RFCv3]

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[This-I-D-with-SVG-included]

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#### Appendix A. RELAX NG Compact (rnc) Schema for SVG 1.2 RFC

The following rnc schema can be used to check whether an svg file conforms to SVG 1.2 RFC. For example, if this schema were contained in a file called SVG-1.2-RFC.rnc, the following command will test whether svg file diagram.svg is a conformant SVG 1.2 RFC drawing.

```
jing -c SVG-1.2-RFC.rnc diagram.svg
```

```
#--- SVG 1.2 RFC rnc schema; Nevil Brownlee, Thu 24 Sep 2015 (NZST)
```

```
default namespace = "http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
```

```
namespace ns1 = "http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
```

```
rfc-color = ( # SVG-1.2-RFC doesn't allow "color or grey-scale"  
  "black" | "white" | "#000000" | "#FFFFFF" | "#ffffff" | "inherit" )
```

```
start = svg
```

```
svg =
```

```
  element svg {
```

```
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
```

```
      attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
```

```
    & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
```

```
      attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
```

```
      attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
```

```
      attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
```

```
      attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
```

```
      attribute stroke-linecap {
```

```

        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute color-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
    }?)
& attribute vector-effect {
    "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
}?,
& (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
    }?)
& (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
}?,
    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,

    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?),
(attribute id { xsd:NCName }
| attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,

```

```
attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
attribute role { xsd:string }?,
attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
attribute content { xsd:string }?,
attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
attribute about { xsd:string }?,
attribute property { xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,

attribute width { xsd:string }?,
attribute height { xsd:string }?,
attribute preserveAspectRatio {
  xsd:string { pattern = "\s*(none|xMidYMid)\s*(meet)?\s*" }
}?,
attribute viewBox { text }?,
attribute zoomAndPan { "disable" | "magnify" }?,
attribute version {
  xsd:string "1.0" | xsd:string "1.1" | xsd:string "1.2"
}?,
attribute baseProfile {
  xsd:string "none"
  | xsd:string "tiny"
  | xsd:string "basic"
  | xsd:string "full"
}?,
attribute contentScriptType { xsd:string }?,
attribute snapshotTime { xsd:string "none" | xsd:string }?,
attribute timelineBegin {
  xsd:string "onLoad" | xsd:string "onStart"
}?,
attribute playbackOrder {
  xsd:string "all" | xsd:string "forwardOnly"
}?,
(desc
  | title
  | path
  | rect
  | circle
  | line
  | ellipse
  | polyline
  | polygon
  | solidColor
```

```
    | textArea
    | linearGradient
    | radialGradient
    | \text
    | g
    | defs
    | use
    | a)*
  }
desc =
  element desc {
    (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
    | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })? ,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
    attribute role { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
    attribute content { xsd:string }?,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
    attribute about { xsd:string }?,
    attribute property { xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
    attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
    ((attribute display {
      "inline"
      "block"
      "list-item"
      "run-in"
      "compact"
      "marker"
      "table"
      "inline-table"
      "table-row-group"
      "table-header-group"
      "table-footer-group"
      "table-row"
      "table-column-group"
      "table-column"
      "table-cell"
      "table-caption"
```

```

        | "none"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute visibility { "visible" | "hidden" | "collapse" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute image-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute shape-rendering {
        "auto"
        | "optimizeSpeed"
        | "crispEdges"
        | "geometricPrecision"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-rendering {
        "auto"
        | "optimizeSpeed"
        | "optimizeLegibility"
        | "geometricPrecision"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute buffered-rendering {
        "auto" | "dynamic" | "static" | "inherit"
    }?)
    & (attribute viewport-fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
        attribute viewport-fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)),
    text
}
title =
element title {
    (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
    | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
    attribute role { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
    attribute content { xsd:string }?,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
    attribute about { xsd:string }?,
    attribute property { xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,

```

```
attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
((attribute display {
  "inline"
  | "block"
  | "list-item"
  | "run-in"
  | "compact"
  | "marker"
  | "table"
  | "inline-table"
  | "table-row-group"
  | "table-header-group"
  | "table-footer-group"
  | "table-row"
  | "table-column-group"
  | "table-column"
  | "table-cell"
  | "table-caption"
  | "none"
  | "inherit"
  }?),
attribute visibility { "visible" | "hidden" | "collapse" | "inherit" }?,
attribute image-rendering {
  "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
  }?,
attribute shape-rendering {
  "auto"
  | "optimizeSpeed"
  | "crispEdges"
  | "geometricPrecision"
  | "inherit"
  }?,
attribute text-rendering {
  "auto"
  | "optimizeSpeed"
  | "optimizeLegibility"
  | "geometricPrecision"
  | "inherit"
  }?,
attribute buffered-rendering {
  "auto" | "dynamic" | "static" | "inherit"
  }?)
& (attribute viewport-fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
  attribute viewport-fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)),
text
}
path =
```

```

element path {
  (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
   | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })? ,
  attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }? ,
  attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }? ,
  attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }? ,
  attribute role { xsd:string }? ,
  attribute rel { xsd:string }? ,
  attribute rev { xsd:string }? ,
  attribute typeof { xsd:string }? ,
  attribute content { xsd:string }? ,
  attribute datatype { xsd:string }? ,
  attribute resource { xsd:string }? ,
  attribute about { xsd:string }? ,
  attribute property { xsd:string }? ,
  attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }? ,
  attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }? ,
  ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }? ,
    attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
   & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }? ,
     attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }? ,
     attribute stroke { rfc-color }? ,
     attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }? ,
     attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }? ,
     attribute stroke-linecap {
       "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
     }? ,
     attribute stroke-linejoin {
       "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
     }? ,
     attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }? ,
     attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }? ,
     attribute color { rfc-color }? ,
     attribute color-rendering {
       "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
     }? )
   & attribute vector-effect {
     "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
   }?
  & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }? ,
    attribute unicode-bidi {
      "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
    }? )
  & (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }? ,
    attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
  & (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
  }? ,

```

```

    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?)),
attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
attribute d { xsd:string }?,
attribute pathLength { xsd:string }?,
attribute style { xsd:string }?, # Added to SVG-1.2-RFC (Inkscape)
(desc
| title)*
}
rect =
element rect {
    (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
    | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
    attribute role { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
    attribute content { xsd:string }?,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
    attribute about { xsd:string }?,

```

```
attribute property { xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }?,
((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
  attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
  attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
  attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute stroke-linecap {
    "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute stroke-linejoin {
    "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute color { rfc-color }?,
  attribute color-rendering {
    "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
  }?)
& attribute vector-effect {
  "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
}?
& (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
  attribute unicode-bidi {
    "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
  }?)
& (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
  attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute display-align {
  "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
  attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute font-style {
    "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
  attribute font-weight {
    "normal"
    | "bold"
    | "bolder"
    | "lighter"
```

```

        | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
      }?)),
      attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
      attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
      attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
      attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
      attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
      attribute x { xsd:string }?,
      attribute y { xsd:string }?,
      attribute width { xsd:string }?,
      attribute height { xsd:string }?,
      attribute rx { xsd:string }?,
      attribute ry { xsd:string }?,
      attribute style { xsd:string }?, # Added to SVG-1.2-RFC (Inkscape)
      (desc
      | title)*
    }
  circle =
    element circle {
      (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
      | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
      attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
      attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
      attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
      attribute role { xsd:string }?,
      attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
      attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
      attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
      attribute content { xsd:string }?,
      attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
      attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
      attribute about { xsd:string }?,
      attribute property { xsd:string }?,
      attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
      attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }?,
      ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
      & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
        attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
        attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
        attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,

```

```

    attribute stroke-linecap {
        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute color-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
    }?)
& attribute vector-effect {
    "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
}?,
& (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
    }?)
& (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
}?,
    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?)),
attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,

```

```

    attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
    attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
    attribute cx { xsd:string }?,
    attribute cy { xsd:string }?,
    attribute r { xsd:string }?,
    attribute style { xsd:string }?, # Added to SVG-1.2-RFC (Inkscape)
    (desc
     | title)*
  }
line =
  element line {
    (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
     | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
    attribute role { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
    attribute content { xsd:string }?,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
    attribute about { xsd:string }?,
    attribute property { xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }?,
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
     & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
       attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
       attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
       attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
       attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
       attribute stroke-linecap {
         "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
       }?,
       attribute stroke-linejoin {
         "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
       }?,
       attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
       attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
       attribute color { rfc-color }?,
       attribute color-rendering {
         "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
       }?)
     & attribute vector-effect {

```

```

        "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
    }?
    & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
        attribute unicode-bidi {
            "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
        }?)
    & (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
        attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute display-align {
        "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
    }?,
        attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
        attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute font-style {
            "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
        }?,
        attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
        attribute font-weight {
            "normal"
            | "bold"
            | "bolder"
            | "lighter"
            | "inherit"
        }?,
        attribute text-anchor {
            "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
        }?,
        attribute text-align {
            "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
        }?)),
    attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
    attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
    attribute x1 { xsd:string }?,
    attribute y1 { xsd:string }?,
    attribute x2 { xsd:string }?,
    attribute y2 { xsd:string }?,
    (desc
    | title)*
}
ellipse =
    element ellipse {
        (attribute id { xsd:NCName }

```

```

    | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName } )? ,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }? ,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }? ,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }? ,
    attribute role { xsd:string }? ,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }? ,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }? ,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }? ,
    attribute content { xsd:string }? ,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }? ,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }? ,
    attribute about { xsd:string }? ,
    attribute property { xsd:string }? ,
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }? ,
    attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }? ,
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }? ,
      attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }? )
    & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }? ,
      attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }? ,
      attribute stroke { rfc-color }? ,
      attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }? ,
      attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }? ,
      attribute stroke-linecap {
        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
      }? ,
      attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
      }? ,
      attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }? ,
      attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }? ,
      attribute color { rfc-color }? ,
      attribute color-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
      }? )
    & attribute vector-effect {
      "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
    }?
    & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }? ,
      attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
      }? )
    & (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }? ,
      attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }? )
    & (attribute display-align {
      "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
    }? ,
      attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }? )
    & (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }? ,

```

```

    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?)),
attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
attribute rx { xsd:string }?,
attribute ry { xsd:string }?,
attribute cx { xsd:string }?,
attribute cy { xsd:string }?,
attribute style { xsd:string }?, # Added to SVG-1.2-RFC (Inkscape)
(desc
 | title)*
}
polyline =
element polyline {
    (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
    | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
    attribute role { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
    attribute content { xsd:string }?,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
    attribute about { xsd:string }?,

```

```

attribute property { xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }?,
((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
  attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
  attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
  attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute stroke-linecap {
    "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute stroke-linejoin {
    "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute color { rfc-color }?,
  attribute color-rendering {
    "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
  }?)
& attribute vector-effect {
  "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
}?
& (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
  attribute unicode-bidi {
    "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
  }?)
& (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
  attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute display-align {
  "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
  attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute font-style {
    "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
  attribute font-weight {
    "normal"
    | "bold"
    | "bolder"
    | "lighter"
  }

```

```

        | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
      })),
      attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
      attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
      attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
      attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
      attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
      attribute points { xsd:string }?,
      (desc
      | title)*
    }
  }
  polygon =
  element polygon {
    (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
    | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
    attribute role { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
    attribute content { xsd:string }?,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
    attribute about { xsd:string }?,
    attribute property { xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }?,
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
      attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
      attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
      attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-linecap {
        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
      }?,

```

```

    attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute color-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
    }?)
& attribute vector-effect {
    "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
}?
& (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
    }?)
& (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?)),
attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
attribute points { xsd:string }?,
attribute style { xsd:string }?, # Added to SVG-1.2-RFC (Inkscape)
(desc

```

```

    | title)*
  }
solidColor =
  element solidColor {
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
      attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
      attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
      attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-linecap {
        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute color { rfc-color }?,
      attribute color-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
      }?)
    & attribute vector-effect {
      "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
    }?
    & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
      attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
      }?)
    & (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
      attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute display-align {
      "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
    }?,
      attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
      attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
      attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
      }
    )
  }

```

```

        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    })),
    (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
    | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })? ,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
    attribute role { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
    attribute content { xsd:string }?,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
    attribute about { xsd:string }?,
    attribute property { xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    (desc
    | title)*
}
textArea =
element textArea {
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
    attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
    attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-linecap {
        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute color-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
    }?)
    )
}

```

```

& attribute vector-effect {
    "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
}?
& (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
    }?)
& (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
}?,
    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?)),
(attribute id { xsd:NCName }
| attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
attribute role { xsd:string }?,
attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
attribute content { xsd:string }?,
attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
attribute about { xsd:string }?,
attribute property { xsd:string }?,

```

```

    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
    attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
    attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }?,
    attribute x { xsd:string }?,
    attribute y { xsd:string }?,
    attribute width { xsd:string | "auto" }?,
    attribute height { xsd:string | "auto" }?,
    (tspan
      | desc
      | title
      | tspan_2
      | text
      | a_2)+
  }
}

linearGradient =
  element linearGradient {
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
      attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
      attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
      attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-linecap {
        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute color { rfc-color }?,
      attribute color-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
      }?)
    & attribute vector-effect {
      "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
    }?
    & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
      attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
      }?)
    & (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
      attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
  }

```

```

& (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
  attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
  attribute font-style {
    "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
  attribute font-weight {
    "normal"
    | "bold"
    | "bolder"
    | "lighter"
    | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute text-anchor {
    "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
  }?,
  attribute text-align {
    "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
  }?)),
attribute gradientUnits { "userSpaceOnUse" | "objectBoundingBox" }?,
(attribute id { xsd:NCName }
 | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName }?)?,
attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
attribute role { xsd:string }?,
attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
attribute content { xsd:string }?,
attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
attribute about { xsd:string }?,
attribute property { xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
attribute x1 { xsd:string }?,
attribute y1 { xsd:string }?,
attribute x2 { xsd:string }?,
attribute y2 { xsd:string }?,
(desc
 | title)*
}

```

```

radialGradient =
  element radialGradient {
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
      attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
      attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
      attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-linecap {
        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute color { rfc-color }?,
      attribute color-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
      }?)
    & attribute vector-effect {
      "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
    }?
    & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
      attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
      }?)
    & (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
      attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute display-align {
      "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
    }?,
      attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
      attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
      attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
      }
    )
  }

```

```

    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?),
    attribute gradientUnits { "userSpaceOnUse" | "objectBoundingBox" }?,
    (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
    | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
    attribute role { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
    attribute content { xsd:string }?,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
    attribute about { xsd:string }?,
    attribute property { xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    attribute cx { xsd:string }?,
    attribute cy { xsd:string }?,
    attribute r { xsd:string }?,
    (desc
    | title)*
}
\text =
element text {
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
    attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
    attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-linecap {
        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute color-rendering {

```

```

        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
    })
    & attribute vector-effect {
        "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
    }?
    & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
        attribute unicode-bidi {
            "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
        }?)
    & (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
        attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute display-align {
        "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
    }?,
        attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
        attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute font-style {
            "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
        }?,
        attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
        attribute font-weight {
            "normal"
            | "bold"
            | "bolder"
            | "lighter"
            | "inherit"
        }?,
        attribute text-anchor {
            "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
        }?,
        attribute text-align {
            "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
        }?)),
    (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
        | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
    attribute role { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
    attribute content { xsd:string }?,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,

```

```

    attribute about { xsd:string }?,
    attribute property { xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
    attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
    attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }?,
    attribute x { xsd:string }?,
    attribute y { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rotate { xsd:string }?,
    attribute style { xsd:string }?, # Added to SVG-1.2-RFC (Inkscape)
  (desc
    | title
    | tspan_2
    | text
    | a_2)+
  }
g =
element g {
  ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
  & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
    attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
    attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-linecap {
      "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-linejoin {
      "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute color-rendering {
      "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
    }?)
  & attribute vector-effect {
    "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
  }?
  & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute unicode-bidi {
      "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
    }?)
  & (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,

```

```

    attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    })),
(attribute id { xsd:NCName }
 | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
attribute role { xsd:string }?,
attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
attribute content { xsd:string }?,
attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
attribute about { xsd:string }?,
attribute property { xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }?,
attribute style { xsd:string }?,

```

```

    # Added to SVG-1.2-RFC (for Inkscape)
    attribute visibility {
      "visible" | "hidden" | "collapse" | "inherit" }?,
    # Added to SVG-1.2-RFC (for LibreOffice)
    (desc
      | title
      | path
      | rect
      | circle
      | line
      | ellipse
      | polyline
      | polygon
      | solidColor
      | textArea
      | linearGradient
      | radialGradient
      | \text
      | g
      | defs
      | use
      | a)*
    }
  }
  defs =
    element defs {
      ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
      & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
        attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
        attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
        attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute stroke-linecap {
          "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
        }?,
        attribute stroke-linejoin {
          "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
        }?,
        attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute color { rfc-color }?,
        attribute color-rendering {
          "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
        }?)
      & attribute vector-effect {
        "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
      }?
      & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,

```

```

    attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
    }?)
& (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?)),
(attribute id { xsd:NCName }
 | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName }?)?,
attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
attribute role { xsd:string }?,
attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
attribute content { xsd:string }?,
attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
attribute about { xsd:string }?,
attribute property { xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
(desc
 | title
 | path

```

```

    rect
    circle
    line
    ellipse
    polyline
    polygon
    solidColor
    textArea
    linearGradient
    radialGradient
    \text
    g
    defs
    use
    a)*
}
use =
element use {
  ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
  & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
    attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
    attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-linecap {
      "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-linejoin {
      "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute color-rendering {
      "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
    }?)
  & attribute vector-effect {
    "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
  }?
  & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute unicode-bidi {
      "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
    }?)
  & (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
  & (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"

```

```

    }?,
    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    })),
(attribute id { xsd:NCName }
 | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName }?)?,
attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
attribute role { xsd:string }?,
attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
attribute content { xsd:string }?,
attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
attribute about { xsd:string }?,
attribute property { xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }?,
attribute ns1:show { "embed" }?,
attribute ns1:actuate { "onLoad" }?,
attribute ns1:type { "simple" }?,
attribute ns1:role { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,

```

```

    attribute ns1:arcrole { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute ns1:title { text }?,
    attribute ns1:href { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute x { xsd:string }?,
    attribute y { xsd:string }?,
    (desc
     | title)*
  }
a =
element a {
  (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
   | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
  attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
  attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
  attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
  attribute role { xsd:string }?,
  attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
  attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
  attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
  attribute content { xsd:string }?,
  attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
  attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
  attribute about { xsd:string }?,
  attribute property { xsd:string }?,
  attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
  attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
  attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
  attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
  attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
  attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
  ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
   & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
    attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
    attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-linecap {
      "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-linejoin {
      "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute color-rendering {
      "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"

```

```

    }?)
    & attribute vector-effect {
        "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
    }?
    & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
        attribute unicode-bidi {
            "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
        }?)
    & (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
        attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute display-align {
        "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
    }?,
        attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
        attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
        attribute font-style {
            "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
        }?,
        attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
        attribute font-weight {
            "normal"
            | "bold"
            | "bolder"
            | "lighter"
            | "inherit"
        }?,
        attribute text-anchor {
            "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
        }?,
        attribute text-align {
            "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
        }?)),
    attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }?,
    attribute ns1:show { "new" | "replace" }?,
    attribute ns1:actuate { "onRequest" }?,
    attribute ns1:type { "simple" }?,
    attribute ns1:role { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute ns1:arcrole { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute ns1:title { text }?,
    attribute ns1:href { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute target {
        "_replace" | "_self" | "_parent" | "_top" | "_blank" | xsd:Name
    }?,
    (desc
    | title

```

```

    path
    rect
    circle
    line
    ellipse
    polyline
    polygon
    solidColor
    textArea
    linearGradient
    radialGradient
    \text
    g
    defs
    use)*
}
stop =
  element stop {
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute fill { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
      attribute stroke { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-linecap {
        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute color { rfc-color }?,
      attribute color-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
      }?)
    & attribute vector-effect {
      "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
    }?
    & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
      attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
      }?)
    & (attribute solid-color { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute display-align {
      "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"

```

```

    }?,
    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?)),
(attribute id { xsd:NCName }
 | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
attribute role { xsd:string }?,
attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
attribute content { xsd:string }?,
attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
attribute about { xsd:string }?,
attribute property { xsd:string }?,
attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
attribute offset { xsd:string }?,
(desc
 | title)*
}
tspan =
  element tspan {
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
      attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,

```

```

    attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-linecap {
        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute color-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
    }?)
& attribute vector-effect {
    "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
}?)
& (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
    }?)
& (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
}?,
    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"

```

```

    }?)),
    (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
      | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
    attribute role { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
    attribute content { xsd:string }?,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
    attribute about { xsd:string }?,
    attribute property { xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
    attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
    attribute x { xsd:string }?, # For SVG-1.2-RFC
    attribute y { xsd:string }?,
    (tbreak
      | desc
      | title
      | tspan_2
      | text
      | a_2)+
  }
tspan_2 =
  element tspan {
    ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
    & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
      attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
      attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
      attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-linecap {
        "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
      }?,
      attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
      attribute color { rfc-color }?,

```

```

    attribute color-rendering {
      "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
    }?)
  & attribute vector-effect {
    "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
  }?
  & (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute unicode-bidi {
      "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
    }?)
  & (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
  & (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
  }?,
    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
  & (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
  & (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
      "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
      "normal"
      | "bold"
      | "bolder"
      | "lighter"
      | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
      "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
      "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?)),
  (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
    | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName }?)?,
  attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
  attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
  attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
  attribute role { xsd:string }?,
  attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
  attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
  attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
  attribute content { xsd:string }?,
  attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,

```

```

    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
    attribute about { xsd:string }?,
    attribute property { xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
    attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
    attribute x { xsd:string }?, # For SVG-1.2-RFC
    attribute y { xsd:string }?,
    (desc
      | title
      | tspan_2
      | text
      | a_2)+
  }
a_2 =
element a {
  (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
   | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
  attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
  attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
  attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
  attribute role { xsd:string }?,
  attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
  attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
  attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
  attribute content { xsd:string }?,
  attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
  attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
  attribute about { xsd:string }?,
  attribute property { xsd:string }?,
  attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
  attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
  attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
  attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
  attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
  attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?,
  ((attribute fill-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
   & (attribute fill { "none" | rfc-color }?,
     attribute fill-rule { "inherit" | "nonzero" | "evenodd" }?,
     attribute stroke { rfc-color }?,
     attribute stroke-dasharray { "inherit" | "none" | xsd:string }?,
     attribute stroke-dashoffset { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
     attribute stroke-linecap {
       "butt" | "round" | "square" | "inherit"

```

```

    }?,
    attribute stroke-linejoin {
        "miter" | "round" | "bevel" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute stroke-miterlimit { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute stroke-width { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute color-rendering {
        "auto" | "optimizeSpeed" | "optimizeQuality" | "inherit"
    }?)
& attribute vector-effect {
    "none" | "non-scaling-stroke" | "inherit"
}?)
& (attribute direction { "ltr" | "rtl" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute unicode-bidi {
        "normal" | "embed" | "bidi-override" | "inherit"
    }?)
& (attribute solid-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute solid-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute display-align {
    "auto" | "before" | "center" | "after" | "inherit"
}?,
    attribute line-increment { "auto" | "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute stop-color { rfc-color }?,
    attribute stop-opacity { "inherit" | xsd:string }?)
& (attribute font-family { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-size { "inherit" | xsd:string }?,
    attribute font-style {
        "normal" | "italic" | "oblique" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute font-variant { "normal" | "small-caps" | "inherit" }?,
    attribute font-weight {
        "normal"
        | "bold"
        | "bolder"
        | "lighter"
        | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-anchor {
        "start" | "middle" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?,
    attribute text-align {
        "start" | "center" | "end" | "inherit"
    }?)),
attribute transform { xsd:string | "none" }?,
attribute ns1:show { "new" | "replace" }?,
attribute ns1:actuate { "onRequest" }?,
attribute ns1:type { "simple" }?,

```

```

    attribute ns1:role { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute ns1:arcrole { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute ns1:title { text }?,
    attribute ns1:href { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute target {
        "_replace" | "_self" | "_parent" | "_top" | "_blank" | xsd:Name
    }?,
    (desc
    | title
    | tspan_2
    | text)+
}
tbreak =
element tbreak {
    (attribute id { xsd:NCName }
    | attribute xml:id { xsd:NCName })?,
    attribute xml:base { xsd:anyURI | xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:lang { xsd:language? }?,
    attribute class { xsd:NMTOKENS }?,
    attribute role { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rel { xsd:string }?,
    attribute rev { xsd:string }?,
    attribute typeof { xsd:string }?,
    attribute content { xsd:string }?,
    attribute datatype { xsd:string }?,
    attribute resource { xsd:string }?,
    attribute about { xsd:string }?,
    attribute property { xsd:string }?,
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    attribute requiredFeatures { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredExtensions { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFormats { xsd:string }?,
    attribute requiredFonts { xsd:string }?,
    attribute systemLanguage { xsd:string }?
}

```

#--- End of SVG 1.2 RFC rnc schema

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RFC Editor  
November 18, 2015

The Use of Non-ASCII Characters in RFCs  
draft-flanagan-nonascii-06

Abstract

In order to support the internationalization of protocols and a more diverse Internet community, the RFC Series must evolve to allow for the use of non-ASCII characters in RFCs. While English remains the required language of the Series, the encoding of future RFCs will be in UTF-8, allowing for a broader range of characters than typically used in the English language. This document describes the RFC Editor requirements and guidance regarding the use of non-ASCII characters in RFCs.

This document updates RFC 7322.

Status of This Memo

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## Table of Contents

|   |    |
|---|----|
| 1. Introduction . . . . .                                 | 2  |
| 2. Basic requirements . . . . .                           | 3  |
| 3. Rules for the use of non-ASCII characters . . . . .    | 3  |
| 3.1. General usage throughout a document . . . . .        | 4  |
| 3.2. Authors, Contributors, and Acknowledgments . . . . . | 4  |
| 3.3. Company Names . . . . .                              | 5  |
| 3.4. Body of the document . . . . .                       | 5  |
| 3.5. Tables . . . . .                                     | 7  |
| 3.6. Code components . . . . .                            | 8  |
| 3.7. Bibliographic text . . . . .                         | 8  |
| 3.8. Keywords and Citation Tags . . . . .                 | 9  |
| 3.9. Address Information . . . . .                        | 9  |
| 4. Normalization Forms . . . . .                          | 9  |
| 5. XML Markup . . . . .                                   | 9  |
| 6. IANA Considerations . . . . .                          | 9  |
| 7. Internationalization Considerations . . . . .          | 10 |
| 8. Security Considerations . . . . .                      | 10 |
| 9. Change log - to be removed by the RFC Editor . . . . . | 10 |
| 9.1. -04 to -05 . . . . .                                 | 10 |
| 9.2. -04 to -05 . . . . .                                 | 10 |
| 9.3. -02 to -04 . . . . .                                 | 10 |
| 10. References . . . . .                                  | 10 |
| Appendix A. Acknowledgements . . . . .                    | 11 |
| Author's Address . . . . .                                | 12 |

## 1. Introduction

For much of the history of the RFC Series, the character encoding used for RFCs has been ASCII [ANSI.X3-4.1986]. This was a sensible choice at the time: the language of the Series has always been English, a language that primarily uses ASCII-encoded characters (ignoring for a moment words borrowed from more richly decorated alphabets); and, ASCII is the "lowest common denominator" for character encoding, making cross-platform viewing trivial.

There are limits to ASCII, however, that hinder its continued use as the exclusive character encoding for the Series. The increasing need for easily readable, internationalized content suggests it is time to allow non-ASCII characters in RFCs where necessary. To support this move away from ASCII, RFCs will switch to supporting UTF-8 as the

default character encoding and allow support for a broad range of Unicode character support. [UnicodeCurrent] Note that the RFC Editor may reject any codepoint that does not render adequately in enough formats or on in enough rendering engines using the current tooling.

Given the continuing goal of maximum readability across platforms, the use of non-ASCII characters should be limited in a document to only where necessary within the text. This document describes the rules under which non-ASCII characters may be used in an RFC. These rules will be applied as the necessary changes are made to submission checking and editorial tools.

This document updates the RFC Style Guide [RFC7322].

The details described in this document are expected to change based on experience gained in implementing the RFC production center's toolset. Revised documents will be published capturing those changes as the toolset is completed. Other implementers must not expect those changes to remain backwards-compatible with the details described this document.

## 2. Basic requirements

Two fundamental requirements inform the guidance and examples provided in this document. They are:

- o Searches against RFC indexes and database tables need to return expected results and support appropriate Unicode string matching behaviors;
- o RFCs must be able to display correctly across a wide range of readers and browsers. People whose system does not have the fonts needed to display a particular RFC need to be able to read the various publication formats and the XML correctly in order to understand and implement the information described in the document.

## 3. Rules for the use of non-ASCII characters

This section describes the guidelines for the use of non-ASCII characters in the header, body, and reference sections of an RFC. If the RFC Editor identifies areas where the use of non-ASCII characters negatively impacts the readability of the text, they will request alternate text.

The RFC Editor may, in cases of entire words represented in non-ASCII characters, ask for a set of reviewers to verify the meaning, spelling, characters, and grammar of the text.

### 3.1. General usage throughout a document

Where the use of non-ASCII characters is purely as part of an example and not otherwise required for correct protocol operation, escaping the non-ASCII character is not required. Note, however, that as the language of the RFC Series is English, the use of non-ASCII characters is based on the spelling of words commonly used in the English language following the guidance in the Merriam-Webster dictionary [MerrWeb].

The RFC Editor will use the primary spelling listed in that dictionary by default.

Example of non-ASCII characters that do not require escaping [RFC4475]:

This particular response contains unreserved and non-ascii UTF-8 characters.

This response is well formed. A parser must accept this message.

Message Details : unreason

SIP/2.0 200 = 2\*\*3 \* 5\*\*2 &#1085;&#1086; &#1089;&#1090;&#1086; &#1076;&#1077;&#1074;&#1103;&#1085;&#1086;&#1089;&#1090;&#1086; &#1076;&#1077;&#1074;&#1103;&#1090;&#1100; - &#1087;&#1088;&#1086;&#1089;&#1090;&#1086;&#1077;

Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 192.0.2.198;branch=z9hG4bK1324923

Call-ID: unreason.1234ksdfak3j2erwedfsASdf

CSeq: 35 INVITE

From: sip:user@example.com;tag=11141343

To: sip:user@example.edu;tag=2229 Content-Length: 154

Content-Type: application/sdp

### 3.2. Authors, Contributors, and Acknowledgments

Person names may appear in several places within an RFC. In all cases, valid Unicode is required. For names that include non-ASCII characters, an author-provided, ASCII-only identifier is required to assist in search and indexing of the document.

Example for the header:

Network Working Group  
Request for Comments: 2611  
BCP: 33  
Category: Best Current Practice

L. Daigle  
Thinking Cat Enterprises  
D. van Gulik  
ISIS/CEO, JRC Ispra  
R. Iannella  
DSTC Pty Ltd  
P. Faelststroem (P. Faltstrom)  
Tele2/Swipnet  
June 1999

Example for the Acknowledgements:

OLD: The following people contributed significant text to early versions of this draft: Patrik Faltstrom, William Chan, and Fred Baker.

PROPOSED/NEW: The following people contributed significant text to early versions of this draft: Patrik Faelststroem (Patrik Faltstrom), &#38472;&#26234;&#26124; (William Chan), and Fred Baker.

### 3.3. Company Names

Company names may appear in several places within an RFC. The rules for company names follow similar guidance to that of person names. Valid Unicode is required. For company names that include non-ASCII characters, an ASCII-only identifier is required to assist in search and indexing of the document.

### 3.4. Body of the document

When the mention of non-ASCII characters is required for correct protocol operation and understanding, the characters' Unicode character name or code point MUST be included in the text.

- o Non-ASCII characters will require identifying the Unicode code point.
- o Use of the actual UTF-8 character (e.g., &#916;) is encouraged so that a reader can more easily see what the character is, if their device can render the text.
- o The use of the Unicode character names like "INCREMENT" in addition to the use of Unicode code points is also encouraged. When used, Unicode character names should be in all capital letters.

Examples:

OLD [RFC7564]:

However, the problem is made more serious by introducing the full range of Unicode code points into protocol strings. For example, the characters U+13DA U+13A2 U+13B5 U+13AC U+13A2 U+13AC U+13D2 from the Cherokee block look similar to the ASCII characters "STPETER" as they might appear when presented using a "creative" font family.

NEW/ALLOWED:

However, the problem is made more serious by introducing the full range of Unicode code points into protocol strings. For example, the characters U+13DA U+13A2 U+13B5 U+13AC U+13A2 U+13AC U+13D2 (&#5082;&#5026;&#5045;&#5036;&#5026;&#5036;&#5074;) from the Cherokee block look similar to the ASCII characters "STPETER" as they might appear when presented using a "creative" font family.

ALSO ACCEPTABLE:

However, the problem is made more serious by introducing the full range of Unicode code points into protocol strings. For example, the characters "&#5082;&#5026;&#5045;&#5036;&#5026;&#5036;&#5074;" (U+13DA U+13A2 U+13B5 U+13AC U+13A2 U+13AC U+13D2) from the Cherokee block look similar to the ASCII characters "STPETER" as they might appear when presented using a "creative" font family.

Example of proper identification of Unicode characters in an RFC:

Acceptable:

- o Temperature changes in the Temperature Control Protocol are indicated by the U+2206 character.

Preferred:

1. Temperature changes in the Temperature Control Protocol are indicated by the U+2206 character ("&#916;").
2. Temperature changes in the Temperature Control Protocol are indicated by the U+2206 character (INCREMENT).
3. Temperature changes in the Temperature Control Protocol are indicated by the U+2206 character ("&#916;", INCREMENT).
4. Temperature changes in the Temperature Control Protocol are indicated by the U+2206 character (INCREMENT, "&#916;").

5. Temperature changes in the Temperature Control Protocol are indicated by the "Delta" character "&#916;" (U+2206).
6. Temperature changes in the Temperature Control Protocol are indicated by the character "&#916;" (INCREMENT, U+2206).

Which option of (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) is preferred may depend on context and the specific character(s) in question. All are acceptable within an RFC. BCP 137, "ASCII Escaping of Unicode Character" describes the pros and cons of different options for identifying Unicode characters in an ASCII document BCP137 [RFC5137].

### 3.5. Tables

Tables follow the same rules for identifiers and characters as in "Section 3.4. Body of the document". If it is sensible (i.e., more understandable for a reader) for a given document to have two tables -- one including the identifiers and non-ASCII characters and a second with just the non-ASCII characters -- that will be allowed on a case-by-case basis.

Original text from "Preparation, Enforcement, and Comparison of Internationalized Strings Representing Usernames and Passwords" [RFC7613].

Table 3: A sample of legal passwords

| #  | Password                       | Notes   |
|----|--------------------------------|---|
| 12 | <correct horse battery staple> | ASCII space is allowed  |
| 13 | <Correct Horse Battery Staple> | Different from example 12   |
| 14 | <&#x3C0;&#xDF;&#xE5;>          | Non-ASCII letters are OK (e.g., GREEK SMALL LETTER PI, U+03C0)                                |
| 15 | <Jack of &#x2666;s>            | Symbols are OK (e.g., BLACK DIAMOND SUIT, U+2666)   |
| 16 | <foo&#x1680;bar>               | OGHAM SPACE MARK, U+1680, is mapped to U+0020 and thus the full string is mapped to <foo bar> |

Preferred text:

Table 3: A sample of legal passwords

| #  | Password                       | Notes   |
|----|--------------------------------|---|
| 12 | <correct horse battery staple> | ASCII space is allowed  |
| 13 | <Correct Horse Battery Staple> | Different from example 12   |
| 14 | <#960;ss#3671;>                | Non-ASCII letters are OK<br>(e.g., GREEK SMALL LETTER PI, U+03C0; LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S, U+00DF; THAI DIGIT SEVEN, U+0E57) |
| 15 | <Jack of #9830;s>              | Symbols are OK (e.g., BLACK DIAMOND SUIT, U+2666)   |
| 16 | <foo#5760;bar>                 | OGHAM SPACE MARK, U+1680, is mapped to U+0020 and thus the full string is mapped to <foo bar>                                   |

### 3.6. Code components

The RFC Editor encourages the use of the U+ notation except within a code component where you must follow the rules of the programming language in which you are writing the code.

### 3.7. Bibliographic text

The reference entry must be in English; whatever subfields are present must be available in ASCII-encoded characters. As long as good sense is used, the reference entry may also include non-ASCII characters at the author's discretion and as provided by the author. The RFC Editor may request a review of the non-ASCII reference entry. This applies to both normative and informative references.

Example:

[GOST3410] "Information technology. Cryptographic data security. Signature and verification processes of [electronic] digital signature.", GOST R 34.10-2001, Gosudarstvennyi Standard of Russian Federation, Government Committee of Russia for Standards, 2001. (In Russian)

Allowable addition to the above citation:

"&#1048;&#1085;&#1092;&#1086;&#1088;&#1084;&#1072;&#1094;&#1080;&#1086;&#1085;&#1085;&#1072;&#1103; &#1090;&#1077;&#1093;&#1085;&#1086;&#1083;&#1086;&#1075;&#1080;&#1103;. &#1050;&#1088;&#1080;&#1087;&#1090;&#1086;&#1075;&#1088;&#1072;&#1092;&#1080;&#1095;&#1077;&#1089;&#1082;&#1072;&#1103; &#1079;&#1072;&#1097;&#1080;&#1090;&#1072;  
&#1080;&#1085;&#1092;&#1086;&#1088;&#1084;&#1072;&#1094;&#1080;&#1080;&#1055;&#1088;&#1086;&#1094;&#1077;&#1089;&#1089;&#1099; &#1092;&#1086;&#1088;&#1084;&#1080;&#1088;&#1086;&#1074;&#1072;&#1085;&#1080;&#1103; &#1080; &#1087;&#1088;&#1086;&#1074;&#1077;&#1088;&#1082;&#1080;  
&#1101;&#1083;&#1077;&#1082;&#1090;&#1088;&#1086;&#1085;&#1085;&#1086;&#1081; &#1094;&#1080;&#1092;&#1088;&#1086;&#1074;&#1086;&#1081; &#1087;&#1086;&#1076;&#1087;&#1080;&#1089;&#1080;"; GOST R 34.10-2001,  
&#1043;&#1086;&#1089;&#1091;&#1076;&#1072;&#1088;&#1089;&#1090;&#1074;&#1077;&#1085;&#1085;&#1099;&#1081; &#1089;&#1090;&#1072;&#1085;&#1076;&#1072;&#1088;&#1090; &#1056;&#1086;&#1089;&#1089;&#1080;&#1081;&#1089;&#1082;&#1086;&#1081; &#1060;&#1077;&#1076;&#1077;&#1088;&#1072;&#1094;&#1080;&#1080;;, 2001.

### 3.8. Keywords and Citation Tags

Keywords and citation tags must be ASCII only.

### 3.9. Address Information

The purpose of providing address information, either postal or e-mail, is to assist readers of an RFC to contact the author or authors. Authors may include the official postal address as recognized by their company or local postal service without additional non-ASCII character escapes. If the email address includes non-ASCII characters and is a valid email address at the time of publication, non-ASCII character escapes are not required.

## 4. Normalization Forms

Authors should not expect normalization forms to be preserved. If a particular normalization form is expected, note that in the text of the RFC.

## 5. XML Markup

As described above, use of non-ASCII characters in areas such as email, company name, addresses, and name is allowed. In order to make it easier for code to identify the appropriate ASCII alternatives, authors must include an "ascii" attribute to their XML markup when an ASCII alternative is required. See [I-D.hoffman-xml2rfc] for more detail on how to tag ASCII alternatives.

## 6. IANA Considerations

This document makes no request of IANA.

Note to RFC Editor: this section may be removed on publication as an RFC.



## 7. Internationalization Considerations

The ability to use non-ASCII characters in RFCs in a clear and consistent manner will improve the ability to describe internationalized protocols and will recognize the diversity of authors. However, the goal of readability will override the use of non-ASCII characters within the text.

## 8. Security Considerations

Valid Unicode that matches the expected text must be verified in order to preserve expected behavior and protocol information.

## 9. Change log - to be removed by the RFC Editor

### 9.1. -04 to -05

Keywords: expanded section to include citation tags.

Internationalization considerations: reiterated that the use of non-ASCII characters is not automatically guaranteed.

### 9.2. -04 to -05

Introduction: added statement regarding document subject to change.

Tables: added example.

Code: removed placeholder for example.

### 9.3. -02 to -04

Introduction and Abstract: change to be clearer about what/why non-ASCII characters are being allowed.

XML Markup: section added.

## 10. References

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- [RFC7564] Saint-Andre, P. and M. Blanchet, "PRECIS Framework: Preparation, Enforcement, and Comparison of Internationalized Strings in Application Protocols", RFC 7564, DOI 10.17487/RFC7564, May 2015, <<http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7564>>.
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- [UnicodeCurrent]  
The Unicode Consortium, "The Unicode Standard", 2014-present, <<http://www.unicode.org/versions/latest/>>.

## Appendix A. Acknowledgements

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ICANN  
August 24, 2015

HyperText Markup Language Request For Comments Format  
draft-hildebrand-html-rfc-10

Abstract

In order to meet the evolving needs of the Internet community, the format for RFCs is changing from a plain-text, ASCII-only format to a canonical XML format that will in turn be rendered into several publication formats. This document defines the HTML format that will be rendered for an RFC or Internet-Draft.

Status of This Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted in full conformance with the provisions of BCP 78 and BCP 79.

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## Table of Contents

|        |  |    |
|--------|--|----|
| 1.     | Introduction . . . . .                     | 4  |
| 2.     | Requirements for the HTML Format . . . . . | 5  |
| 2.1.   | Requirements for Accessibility . . . . .   | 6  |
| 3.     | HTML Version . . . . .                     | 7  |
| 4.     | HTML Syntax . . . . .                      | 7  |
| 5.     | Common Items . . . . .                     | 8  |
| 5.1.   | IDs . . . . .                              | 8  |
| 5.2.   | Pilcrow . . . . .                          | 8  |
| 5.3.   | ASCII Equivalents . . . . .                | 8  |
| 5.4.   | Syntactic Elements . . . . .               | 9  |
| 6.     | Front Matter . . . . .                     | 9  |
| 6.1.   | DOCTYPE . . . . .                          | 9  |
| 6.2.   | Root Element . . . . .                     | 10 |
| 6.3.   | Head Element . . . . .                     | 10 |
| 6.3.1. | Charset Declaration . . . . .              | 10 |
| 6.3.2. | Document Title . . . . .                   | 10 |
| 6.3.3. | Document metadata . . . . .                | 10 |
| 6.3.4. | Style . . . . .                            | 11 |
| 6.3.5. | Links . . . . .                            | 11 |
| 6.4.   | Document Information . . . . .             | 11 |
| 6.5.   | Table of Contents . . . . .                | 12 |
| 7.     | Main Body . . . . .                        | 13 |
| 8.     | Back Matter . . . . .                      | 13 |
| 8.1.   | Index . . . . .                            | 13 |
| 8.1.1. | Index Contents . . . . .                   | 13 |
| 8.1.2. | Index Letters . . . . .                    | 13 |
| 8.1.3. | Index Items . . . . .                      | 14 |
| 8.1.4. | Index Sub-items . . . . .                  | 14 |
| 8.2.   | Authors' Addresses . . . . .               | 15 |
| 8.3.   | Document Information . . . . .             | 16 |
| 8.4.   | XML Source . . . . .                       | 17 |
| 9.     | Elements . . . . .                         | 17 |
| 9.1.   | <abstract> . . . . .                       | 17 |
| 9.2.   | <address> . . . . .                        | 18 |
| 9.3.   | <annotation> . . . . .                     | 18 |
| 9.4.   | <area> . . . . .                           | 18 |
| 9.5.   | <artwork> . . . . .                        | 18 |
| 9.5.1. | Text Artwork . . . . .                     | 18 |
| 9.5.2. | SVG Artwork . . . . .                      | 19 |
| 9.5.3. | Other Artwork . . . . .                    | 19 |
| 9.6.   | <aside> . . . . .                          | 20 |
| 9.7.   | <author> . . . . .                         | 20 |
| 9.7.1. | Authors of this document . . . . .         | 20 |

|                                |    |
|--------------------------------|----|
| 9.7.2. Authors of references   | 21 |
| 9.8. <back>                    | 21 |
| 9.9. <bcp14>                   | 21 |
| 9.10. <blockquote>             | 21 |
| 9.11. <boilerplate>            | 21 |
| 9.12. <br>                     | 22 |
| 9.13. <city>                   | 22 |
| 9.14. <code>                   | 22 |
| 9.15. <country>                | 22 |
| 9.16. <cref>                   | 22 |
| 9.17. <date>                   | 23 |
| 9.18. <dd>                     | 23 |
| 9.19. <displayreference>       | 23 |
| 9.20. <dl>                     | 23 |
| 9.21. <dt>                     | 23 |
| 9.22. <em>                     | 23 |
| 9.23. <email>                  | 23 |
| 9.24. <eref>                   | 24 |
| 9.25. <figure>                 | 24 |
| 9.26. <front>                  | 24 |
| 9.27. <iref>                   | 24 |
| 9.28. <keyword>                | 24 |
| 9.29. <li>                     | 25 |
| 9.30. <link>                   | 25 |
| 9.31. <middle>                 | 25 |
| 9.32. <name>                   | 25 |
| 9.33. <note>                   | 25 |
| 9.34. <ol>                     | 25 |
| 9.34.1. Percent styles         | 26 |
| 9.34.2. Standard styles        | 26 |
| 9.35. <organization>           | 26 |
| 9.36. <phone>                  | 26 |
| 9.37. <postal>                 | 26 |
| 9.38. <postalLine>             | 27 |
| 9.39. <refcontent>             | 27 |
| 9.40. <reference>              | 28 |
| 9.41. <referencegroup>         | 28 |
| 9.42. <references>             | 28 |
| 9.43. <region>                 | 29 |
| 9.44. <relref>                 | 29 |
| 9.44.1. displayFormat='of'     | 29 |
| 9.44.2. displayFormat='comma'  | 30 |
| 9.44.3. displayFormat='parens' | 30 |
| 9.44.4. displayFormat='bare'   | 31 |
| 9.45. <rfc>                    | 31 |
| 9.46. <section>                | 31 |
| 9.47. <seriesInfo>             | 32 |
| 9.48. <sourcecode>             | 32 |

|                              |    |
|------------------------------|----|
| 9.49. <street>               | 32 |
| 9.50. <strong>               | 32 |
| 9.51. <sub>                  | 32 |
| 9.52. <sup>                  | 33 |
| 9.53. <svg>                  | 33 |
| 9.54. <t>                    | 33 |
| 9.55. <table>                | 33 |
| 9.56. <tbody>                | 33 |
| 9.57. <td>                   | 33 |
| 9.58. <tfoot>                | 33 |
| 9.59. <th>                   | 33 |
| 9.60. <thead>                | 33 |
| 9.61. <title>                | 33 |
| 9.62. <tr>                   | 34 |
| 9.63. <tt>                   | 34 |
| 9.64. <ul>                   | 34 |
| 9.65. <uri>                  | 34 |
| 9.66. <workgroup>            | 34 |
| 9.67. <xref>                 | 34 |
| 10. IANA Considerations      | 35 |
| 11. Security Considerations  | 35 |
| 12. Acknowledgments          | 35 |
| 13. References               | 35 |
| 13.1. Normative References   | 35 |
| 13.2. Informative References | 36 |
| Authors' Addresses           | 36 |

## 1. Introduction

As described in [I-D.flanagan-rfc-framework], the RFC Series is changing. One of those changes includes the RFC Editor publishing a non-canonical HTML version of RFCs.

This document describes the HTML format that will be used as one of the publication formats for the RFC Series. It defines a strict subset of HTML appropriate for RFC Series documents. The visual layout of the document will be defined through a cascading style sheet (CSS) [W3C.REC-CSS2-20110607]. The CSS will be included in the HTML file but will be described in a separate document.

The details (particularly any vocabularies) described in this document are expected to change based on experience gained in implementing the RFC production center's toolset. Revised documents will be published capturing those changes as the toolset is completed. Other implementers must not expect those changes to remain backwards-compatible with the details described this document.

## 2. Requirements for the HTML Format

This section lists the design requirements used to create the HTML format described in this document. These requirements build on those found in [RFC6949]. Many of these requirements are naturally fulfilled by using the output of the prep tool [I-D.hoffman-rfcv3-preptool].

- o The HTML has to render correctly on a list of browser versions that the RFC Editor will keep up to date outside of this document.
- o The format will consist of a subset of HTML deemed to be widely implemented by common browsers at the time the specification is created, likely to continue to be widely-implemented, and unlikely to cause security issues. This will maximize the chances that future HTML renderers (such as new web browsers) will continue to produce readable text from the HTML format without the format needing to be changed frequently.
- o These requirements are expected to change in the future to reflect the expectation that HTML rendering will be required for current versions of browsers and platforms, while ideally continuing to render correctly on recent versions of those browsers.
- o The HTML documents from the RFC Editor or Internet-Drafts directory may be re-rendered from the canonical XML format in the future to ensure the ongoing readability of the documents. The intent is that any re-rendering would be due to exceptional circumstances rather than for minor annoyances.
- o The HTML must display adequately in at least one text-based browser. Some consumers of the RFC series can only access the series on text-based terminals.
- o The HTML document will be self-contained, without requiring external files for images, CSS, JavaScript, or the like. This will allow the HTML file to be moved over various non-HTTP transports (such as e-mail, FTP, and rsync) without breakage.
- o Any use of JavaScript in the HTML document must not be required for comprehensive reading of the document, because some consumers of the RFC series routinely disable JavaScript for security purposes.
- o The HTML document will allow easy local override of the default CSS formatting. This will allow users who have a different visual style that they prefer to make RFCs display with that style without having to alter the contents of the HTML document. This

might also be valuable for allowing people with specific accessibility needs to use a customized CSS.

- o HTML tags in documents will rarely have attributes whose only purpose is to affect the rendered styling, and those will only be used if it would not be possible to specify that styling in CSS. No such attributes are known at this time.
- o Both user-defined and auto-generated anchors must be supported and linkable, with user-defined anchors appearing in an "id" attribute. Auto-generated anchors will be generated for every heading, paragraph, and so on, not just those that do not have user-defined anchors. User-defined anchors may, and auto-generated anchors will, appear next to paragraphs, figures, tables, blockquotes, and section titles.
- o All section, subsections, figures, and paragraphs should have stable numbered link anchors. Additionally, anchors expressed in the source XML should be exposed as anchors in the HTML output as well.
- o The HTML must make it easy to separate sections along with all of their subsections into separate files. This will make creating EPUB documents easier in the future.
- o The HTML produced for Internet-Drafts will differ from that produced by the RFC Editor due to differences in the output from the prep tool.
- o The abstract must be marked up or tagged in a way that popular search engines will extract it as a summary.

## 2.1. Requirements for Accessibility

- o Normative information must be easily accessible to the following consumers:
  - \* People with impaired vision, including those that use large fonts and those that use screen readers
  - \* People with difficulty distinguishing between colors
  - \* People who use devices with small screens, such as cell phones
  - \* Other groups to be determined later
- o Specific instances where goals for accessibility are important in the design choices of the format have been called out in the text.

- o NOTE: designing for these consumers does not preclude the use of features they cannot use, but does require that key semantic data is not lost when read using the tools and settings that are required by a given constituency.

### 3. HTML Version

The RFC Editor will periodically determine which version of the HTML specification will be referenced for tools generating the format defined in this document. The starting version will be that defined in [W3C.REC-html5-20141028], commonly known as "HTML5". Although the HTML specification mandates several of the syntax and structure rules described in this document, they are called out here for emphasis.

### 4. HTML Syntax

The processor emitting HTML from the XML source will follow these rules:

- o The HTML output is encoded as UTF-8, as specified in [RFC3629].
- o The document is valid HTML.
- o Double quotes (U+0022 QUOTATION MARK: ") are used to quote attribute values unless the HTML specification forbids quoting a particular attribute.
- o Each logical line is terminated solely with a \n (U+000A: LINE FEED), otherwise known as "Unix-style" line endings.
- o Other than \n (U+000A: LINE FEED), code points less than " " (U+0020: SPACE) (otherwise known as "control characters") are not used. Any character references that would generate these code points (such as &#0009;) may not be used. NOTE: this rule explicitly forbids \t (U+0009: CHARACTER TABULATION), \f (U+000C: FORM FEED), and \r (U+000D: CARRIAGE RETURN) from appearing in the output.
- o Comments in the source XML, if any, will not be copied into the HTML.
- o The HTML output will be pretty-printed, using whatever consistent rules deemed best in the HTML production tool.

NOTE: none of these rules affect the rendered output of the HTML, but are intended to increase the chance that difference tools that operate on the HTML output easier to write.

## 5. Common Items

This section lists items that are common across multiple parts of the HTML document.

### 5.1. IDs

HTML elements that are generated from XML elements that include an "anchor" attribute will use the value of the "anchor" attribute as the value of the "id" attribute of the corresponding HTML element. The prep tool produces XML with "anchor" attributes in all elements that need them. Some HTML constructs (such as <section>) will use multiple instances of these identifiers.

### 5.2. Pilcrows

Each paragraph, artwork, or sourcecode segment outside of a <figure> or <table> element will be appended with a space and a "pilcrow" (U+00B6: PILCROW SIGN), otherwise known as a "paragraph sign". For the purposes of clarity, in this document pilcrows are rendered as "&para;". The pilcrow will be linked to the "id" attribute on the XML entity to which it is associated.

The pilcrow will normally be invisible unless the element it is attached to is moused over. The pilcrow will be surrounded by a link that points to the element it is attached to.

Pilcrows are never included inside a <table> or <figure> elements, since the figure number or table number serve as adequate link targets.

Elements that might otherwise contain a pilcrow do not get marked with a pilcrow if they contain one or more child elements that are marked with a pilcrow. For example:

```
<blockquote id="p-1.2-1">
  <p id="p-1.2-2">Four score and seven years ago our fathers brought
    forth on this continent, a new nation, conceived in Liberty, and
    dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal.
    <a href="#p-1.2-2" class="pilcrow">&para;</a></p>
  <!-- NO pilcrow here -->
</blockquote>
```

### 5.3. ASCII Equivalents

Many elements in the v3 schema in [I-D.hoffman-xml2rfc] contain attributes for ASCII equivalents of the Unicode text contained in the element or the Unicode attribute value. These alternatives are

included in the HTML as in a `<span>` tag with the class "ascii". The `<span>` is included inside the tag that is showing the text to the user. For example:

```
<span class="surname">
  HILDEBRAND
  <span class="ascii">Hildebrand</span>
</span>
```

#### 5.4. Syntactic Elements

A few HTML elements are added to ensure particular syntax items can be styled appropriately using CSS.

Commas that are not in running text (e.g., that might have white-space added before them by the HTML indentation step) are wrapped by an HTML `<span>` tag of CSS class "comma".

Periods that are not in running text (e.g., that might have white-space added before them by the HTML indentation step) are wrapped by an HTML `<span>` tag of CSS class "fullStop".

Open and close parentheses that are not running text (e.g., that might have white-space added before them by the HTML indentation step) are wrapped by an HTML `<span>` tag of CSS class "openParen" or "closeParen" respectively.

### 6. Front Matter

The front matter of the HTML format contains processing information, metadata of various types, and styling information that applies to the document as a whole. This section describes HTML that is not necessarily a direct transform from the XML format. For more details on each of the tags that generate content in this section, see Section 9.

#### 6.1. DOCTYPE

The DOCTYPE of the document is "html", which declares that the document is compliant with HTML5. The document will start with exactly this string:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

## 6.2. Root Element

The root element of the document is `<html>`. This element includes a `lang` attribute, whose value is a [RFC5646] language tag describing the natural language of the document. The language tag to be included is "en". The class of the `<html>` element will be copied verbatim from the XML `<rfc>` element's "mode" attribute, allowing CSS to style RFCs and Internet-Drafts differently from one another (if needed):

```
<html lang="en" class="RFC">
```

## 6.3. Head Element

The root `<html>` will contain a `<head>` element that contains the following elements, as needed.

### 6.3.1. Charset Declaration

In order to be correctly processed by browsers that load the HTML using a mechanism that does not provide a valid MIME content-type or charset (such as from a local file system using a "file:" URL), the HTML `<head>` element contains a `<meta>` element, with charset attribute with value "utf-8":

```
<meta charset="utf-8"/>
```

### 6.3.2. Document Title

The contents of the `<title>` element from the XML source will be placed inside an HTML `<title>` element in the header.

### 6.3.3. Document metadata

The following `<meta>` elements will be included:

- o author - comma-separated `<fullname>`s of all of the `<author>`s from the XML source
- o description - the `<abstract>` from the XML source
- o generator - the name and version number of the software used to create the HTML
- o keywords - comma-separated `<keyword>`s from the XML source

For example:

```
<meta name="author" content="Joe Hildebrand,Heather Flanagan">
<meta name="keywords" content="html,css,rfc">
<meta name="description" content="This document defines...">
<meta name="generator" content="xmljade v0.2.4">
```

#### 6.3.4. Style

The `<head>` element contains an embedded CSS style sheet in a `<style>` element. The styles in the style sheet are to be set consistently between documents by the RFC Editor, according to the best practices of the day.

To ensure consistent formatting, individual style attributes are not used in the main portion of the document except in highly exceptional circumstances; each use of such attributes will be individually justified.

Different readers of a specification will desire different formatting when reading the HTML versions of RFCs. To facilitate this, the `<head>` element also includes a `<link>` to a style sheet in the same directory as the HTML file, named "rfc-local.css". Any formatting in the linked style sheet will override the formatting in the included style sheet. For example:

```
<style>
  body {}
  ...
</style>
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="rfc-local.css">
```

#### 6.3.5. Links

Each `<link>` element from the XML source is copied into the HTML header.

#### 6.4. Document Information

Information about the document as a whole will appear as the first child of the HTML `<body>` element, embedded in an HTML `<dl>` element with `id="identifiers"`. The defined terms in the definition list are "Workgroup:", "Series:", "Status:", "Published:", and "Authors:". For example:

```

<dl id="identifiers">
  <dt>Workgroup:</dt>
    <dd class="workgroup">rfc-interest</dd>
  <dt>Series:</dt>
    <dd class="series">Internet-Draft</dd>
  <dt>Status:</dt>
    <dd class="status">Informational</dd>
  <dt>Published:</dt>
    <dd><time datetime="2014-10-25"
      class="published">2014-10-25</time></dd>
  <dt>Authors:</dt>
    <dd class="authors">
      <div class="author">
        <span class="initial">J.</span>
        <span class="surname">Hildebrand</span>
        (<span class="organization">Cisco Systems, Inc.</span>)</div>
      <div class="author">
        <span class="initial">H.</span>
        <span class="surname">Flanagan</span>
        (<span class="organization">RFC Editor</span>)</div>
    </dd>
</dl>

```

## 6.5. Table of Contents

The table of contents will follow the boilerplate if the XML's <rfc> element's tocInclude attribute has the value "true". An HTML <h2> heading containing the text "Table of Contents" will be followed by a <nav> element that contains a <ul> element for each depth of the section hierarchy. Each section will be represented by a <li> element containing links by the section number (from the "pn" attribute) and by the name (from the "slugifiedName" attribute of the <name> child element). Each <nav>, <ul>, and <li> element will have the class "toc".

For example:

```

<h2 id="toc">Table of Contents</h2>
<nav class="toc">
  <ul class="toc">
    <li class="toc">
      <a href="s-1">1</a>. <a href="n-introduction">Introduction</a>
    </li>
    <li class="toc">
      <ul class="toc">
        <li class="toc">
          <a href="s-1.1">1.1</a>. <a href="n-sub-intro">Sub Intro</a>
        </li>
        ...
      </ul>
    </li>
  </ul>
</nav>

```

## 7. Main Body

The main body of the HTML document is processed according to the rules in Section 9.

## 8. Back Matter

The back matter of the HTML document includes an index (if generated), information about the authors, and further information about the document itself.

### 8.1. Index

The index will be produced at the end of the document (before the author information) if and only if the XML document's `<rfc>` element has a `indexInclude` attribute with the value "true", and there is one or more `<iref>` elements in the document.

#### 8.1.1. Index Contents

The index section will start with an `<h2>` heading containing the text "Index", followed by links to each of the lettered portions of the index. Links are not generated for letters that do not occur as the first letter of an index item.

For example:

```
<h2>Index</h2>
<div class="index">
  <div class="indexIndex">
    <a href="#rfc.index.C">C</a>
    <a href="#rfc.index.P">P</a>
  </div>
  ...
```

#### 8.1.2. Index Letters

The index index is followed by a `<ul>` tag that contains a `<li>` tag for each first letter represented in the index. This `<li>` tag has the class "indexChar", and contains an `<a>` tag with the id pointed to by the index index, as well as an href to itself. The `<li>` tag also includes a `<ul>` tag that will contain the index items.

For example:

```

<ul>
  <li class="indexChar">
    <a href="#rfc.index.C" id="rfc.index.C">C</a>
    <ul>
      <!-- items go here -->
    </ul>
  </li>
  ...

```

#### 8.1.3. Index Items

Each index item can have multiple `<iref>` elements to point to, all with the same item attribute. Each index item is represented by a `<li>` tag of class "indexItem" containing a `<span>` of class "irefItem" for the item text and one of class "irefRefs" for the generated references (if there is at least one reference to the item not having a subitem). Each generated reference contains an `<a>` tag containing the section number where the `<iref>` was found, with an "href" attribute pointing to the "irefid" attribute of the `<iref>` element from the XML document. If the primary attribute of the `<iref>` element has the value "true", the `<a>` element in the HTML document will have the class "indexPrimary". Commas may be used to separate the generated references, surrounded by a `<span>` tag with class "comma".

For example:

```

<li class="indexItem">
  <span class="irefItem">Bullets</span>
  <span class="irefRefs">
    <a class="indexPrimary" href="#s-Bullets-1">2</a>
    <span class="comma">,</span>
    <a href="#s-Bullets-2">2</a>
  </span>
  <!-- subitems go here -->
</li>
...

```

#### 8.1.4. Index Sub-items

If an index item has at least one subitem, the `<li>` of that item will contain a `<ul>`, with one `<li>` for each subitem, of class "indexSubItem". Each subitem is formatted similarly to items, except the class of the first `<span>` tag is "irefSubItem".

For example:

```

<ul>
  <li class="indexSubItem">
    <span class="irefSubItem">Ordered</span>
    <span class="irefRefs">
      <a href="#s-Bullets-Ordered-1">2</a>
    </span>
  </li>
</ul>
...

```

## 8.2. Authors' Addresses

At the end of the document, author information will be included inside an HTML <section> element. The class names have been chosen to match the class names in [HCARD].

Note: The following example shows several ASCII equivalents that are the same as their nominal equivalents for clarity; normally the ASCII equivalents would not be included for these cases.

```

<section id="author-addresses">
  <h2>
    <a class="selfRef" href="#author-addresses">
      Authors' Addresses
    </a>
  </h2>
  <address class="vcard">
    <div class="nameRole">
      <span class="fn">
        Joe Hildebrand <span class="ascii">Joe Hildebrand</span>
      </span>
      <span class="openParen">(</span>
      <span class="role">editor</span>
      <span class="closeParen">)</span>
    </div>
    <div class="org">
      Cisco Systems, Inc. <span class="ascii">Cisco Systems,
      Inc.</span>
    </div>
    <div class="adr">
      <div class="street-address">1 Main Street</div>
      <div class="street-address">Suite 1</div>
      <div>
        <span class="city">
          Denver <span class="ascii">Denver</span>
        </span>
        <span class="comma">,</span>
        <span class="region">CO</span>
      </div>
    </div>
  </address>

```

```
        <span class="postal-code">
          80202 <span class="ascii">80202</span>
        </span>
      </div>
      <div class="country-name">US</div>
    </div>
    <div>
      <span>Phone:</span>
      <span class="tel">+1-720-555-1212</span>
      <span class="type">VOICE</span>
    </div>
    <div>
      <span>Fax:</span>
      <span class="tel">+1-303-555-1212</span>
      <span class="type">fax</span>
    </div>
    <div>
      <span>Email:</span>
      <a class="email" href="mailto:jhildebr@example.com">
        jhildebr@example.com
      </a>
      <span class="ascii">jhildebr@example.com</span>
    </div>
    <div>
      <span>URI:</span>
      <a class="url" href="http://www.example.com">
        http://www.example.com
      </a>
    </div>
  </address>
</section>
```

### 8.3. Document Information

A few bits of metadata about the document that are less important to most readers are included after the author information. The style sheet might de-emphasize their display, or hide them altogether. These are gathered together into a <div> of class "docInfo".

The finalized time is copied from the <rfc> element's prepTime attribute. The rendered time is the time that this HTML was generated.

For example:

```

<div class="docInfo">
  <span class="finalized">
    Finalized: <time
      datetime="2015-04-29T18:59:08Z">2015-04-29T18:59:08Z</time>
    </span>
  <span class="rendered">
    Rendered: <time
      datetime="2015-04-29T18:59:10Z">2015-04-29T18:59:10Z</time>
    </span>
  </div>

```

#### 8.4. XML Source

At the very end of the document, the XML source that was used to produce this document will be included within a comment. This comment may be preceded by another comment that describes the source.

Any instances of "--" in the XML will be modified to use U+002D characters: "-". Note that if the dashes in the original XML were in a comment start- (<!--) or end-delimiter (-->), the XML will not parse correctly without reversing this transformation.

```

<!-- XML SOURCE START (note: each instance of
      two '-' (U+002D: HYPHEN-MINUS) characters
      changed to "&#x2d;&#x2d;") -->
<!--
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<rfc>
  <!--&#x2d;&#x2d; A comment &#x2d;&#x2d;>

```

### 9. Elements

This section describes how each of the XML elements from [I-D.hoffman-xml2rfc] is rendered to HTML. Many of the descriptions have examples to clarify how elements will be rendered.

#### 9.1. <abstract>

The abstract is rendered similarly to a <section> with anchor="abstract" and <name>Abstract</name>, but without a section number.

```

<section id="abstract">
  <h2><a href="#abstract" class="selfRef">Abstract</a></h2>
  <p id="p-abstract-1">This document defines...
    <a href="#p-abstract-1" class="pilcrow">&para;</a>
  </p>
</section>

```

## 9.2. <address>

This element is used in Authors' Addresses (Section 8.2).

## 9.3. <annotation>

This element is rendered as a span of class "annotation" at the end of a <reference> element, the span containing appropriately-transformed elements from the children of the <annotation> tag. A <span> of class "comma" is added before the annotation, containing ", ".

```
<span class="comma">,</span>
<span class="annotation">
  You <span class="bcp14">MUST</span> read this annotation.
</span>
```

## 9.4. <area>

Not currently rendered to HTML.

## 9.5. <artwork>

Artwork can either consist of inline text or SVG. If the artwork is not inside a <figure> element, a pilcrow (Section 5.2) is included. Inside a <figure> element, the figure title serves the purpose of the pilcrow. If the "align" attribute has the value "right", the CSS class "alignRight" will be added. If the "align" attribute has the value "center", the CSS class "alignCenter" will be added.

### 9.5.1. Text Artwork

Text artwork is rendered inside an HTML <pre> element, which is contained by a <div> element for consistency with SVG artwork. Note that CDATA blocks do not work consistently in HTML, so all <, >, and & must be escaped as &lt;;, &gt;;, and &amp;;, respectively.

The <div> element will have CSS classes of "artwork" and "art-" prepended to the value of the <artwork> element's "type" attribute, if it exists.

```

<figure id="f-1">
  <div class="artwork art-ascii-art" id="p-2-52">
    <pre>
      _____
      &lt; hello, world &gt;
      -----
      \      ^__^
       \      (oo)\_______
            (__)\       )\/\
                ||----w |
                ||     ||
    </pre>
  </div>
  <figcaption>
    <a href="#f-1">Figure 1.</a>
    <a class="selfRef" href="#n-it-figures" id="n-it-figures">
      It figures
    </a>
  </figcaption>
</figure>

```

#### 9.5.2. SVG Artwork

SVG artwork MUST be included inline. The SVG is wrapped in a <div> element with CSS classes "artwork" and "art-svg".

Note: the alt attribute of <artwork> is not currently used for SVG; instead, the <title> and <desc> tags are used in the SVG.

```

<div class="artwork art-svg" id="p-2-17">
  <svg width="100" height="100" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">
    <circle
      cx="50" cy="50" r="40"
      stroke="green" stroke-width="4" fill="yellow" />
  </svg>
  <a href="#p-2-17" class="pilcrow">&para;</a></pre>
</div>

```

#### 9.5.3. Other Artwork

Other artwork will have a src attribute whose value begins with "data:". Such artwork is rendered in an HTML image element.

Note: such images are not yet allowed by the RFC Series Editor, even though the format supports them.

```

<div class="artwork art-logo" id="p-2-58">
  
  <a class="pilcrow" href="#p-2-58">P.</a>
</div>

```

#### 9.6. <aside>

This element is rendered as an HTML <aside> element, with all child content appropriately transformed and a pilcrow (Section 5.2) added.

```

<aside id="p-1.2-6">A little more than kin, and less than kind.
  <a href="#p-1.2-6" class="pilcrow">&para;</a>
</aside>

```

#### 9.7. <author>

##### 9.7.1. Authors of this document

As seen in Authors' Addresses (Section 8.2), at the end of the document, each document author is rendered into an HTML <address> element with the CSS class "vcard".

The HTML <address> element will contain an HTML <div> with CSS class "nameRole". That div will contain an HTML <span> element with CSS class "fn" containing the value of the "fullname" attribute of the <author> XML element, and an HTML <span> element with CSS class "role" containing the value of the "role" attribute of the <author> XML element (if there is a role). Parentheses will surround the <span class="role">, if it exists, each enclosed in a <span> with CSS class "openParen" or "closeParen" as appropriate.

```

<address class="vcard">
  <div class="nameRole">
    <span class="fn">Joe Hildebrand</span>
    <span class="openParen">(</span>
    <span class="role">editor</span>
    <span class="closeParen">)</span>
  </div>
  ...

```

The <author> element from the <front> of the document is also rendered into the Document Information (Section 6.4), the HTML meta headers (Section 6.3.3), and in <references>. See each of those sections for details.

### 9.7.2. Authors of references

In the output generated from a reference element, author tags are rendered inside an HTML `<span>` element with CSS class "refAuthor".

### 9.8. `<back>`

This element does not add any direct output to HTML.

### 9.9. `<bcpl4>`

This element marks up words like MUST and SHOULD with an HTML `<span>` element with the CSS class "bcpl4".

You `<span class="bcpl4">MUST</span>` be joking.

### 9.10. `<blockquote>`

This element renders as the similar HTML `<blockquote>` element. If there is a "cite" attribute, it is copied to the HTML cite attribute. If there is a "quoteFrom" attribute, it is placed inside a `<cite>` element at the end of the quote, with an `<a>` element surrounding it (if there is a "cite" attribute), linking to the "cite" URL.

If the blockquote does not contain another element that get a pilcrow (Section 5.2), a pilcrow is added.

Note that the "--" at the begining of the `<cite>` element should be a proper emdash, which is difficult to show in the current format of this format.

```
<blockquote id="p-1.2-1"
  cite="http://...">
  <p id="p-1.2-2">Four score and seven years ago our fathers
    brought forth on this continent, a new nation, conceived
    in Liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men
    are created equal.
    <a href="#p-1.2-2" class="pilcrow">&para;</a>
  </p>
  <cite>-- <a href="http://...">Abraham Lincoln</a></cite>
</blockquote>
```

### 9.11. `<boilerplate>`

The IPR boilerplate for the document appears directly after the Abstract. The children of the input `<boilerplate>` element are treated similarly to sections.

```
<section id="status-of-this-memo">
  <h2 id="s-boilerplate-1">
    <a href="#status-of-this-memo" class="selfRef">
      Status of this Memo</a>
    </h2>
    <p id="p-boilerplate-1-1">This Internet-Draft is submitted in full
      conformance with the provisions of BCP 78 and BCP 79.
      <a href="#p-boilerplate-1-1" class="pilcrow">&para;</a>
    </p>
    ...
```

## 9.12. &lt;br&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.13. &lt;city&gt;

This element is rendered as a <span> element with CSS class "locality".

```
<span class="locality">Guilford</span>
```

## 9.14. &lt;code&gt;

This element is rendered as a <span> element with CSS class "postal-code".

```
<span class="postal-code">GU16 7HF</span>
```

## 9.15. &lt;country&gt;

This element is rendered as a <div> element with CSS class "country-name".

```
<div class="country-name">England</div>
```

## 9.16. &lt;cref&gt;

This element is rendered as a <span> element with CSS class "cref". Any anchor is copied to the id attribute. If there is a source given, it is contained inside the cref span with another span of class "crefSource".

```
<span class="cref" id="crefAnchor">Just a brief comment
about something that we need to remember later.
<span class="crefSource">--life</span></span>
```

## 9.17. &lt;date&gt;

This element is rendered as the HTML <time> element. If the "year", "month", or "day" attribute is included on the XML element, an appropriate "datetime" element will be generated in HTML.

If this date is a child of the document's <front> element, it gets the CSS class "published".

If this date is inside a <reference> element, it gets the CSS class "refDate".

```
<time datetime="2014-10" class="published">October 2014</time>
```

## 9.18. &lt;dd&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.19. &lt;displayreference&gt;

This element is not rendered into HTML.

## 9.20. &lt;dl&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

If the hanging attribute is "false", add the "dlParallel" class, else add the "dlHanging" class.

If the spacing attribute is "compact", add the "dlCompact" class.

## 9.21. &lt;dt&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.22. &lt;em&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.23. &lt;email&gt;

As shown in Section 8.2 this element is rendered as an HTML <div> containing the string "Email:" and an HTML <a> element, with "href" attribute set to the equivalent "mailto:" URI, CSS class of "email", and the contents set to the email address.

If the email contains an ascii attribute, a span of class ascii is also contained in the div.

```
<div>
  <span>Email:</span>
  <a href="mailto:joe@example.net" class="email">joe@example.net</a>
  <span class="ascii">joe@example.net</span>
</div>
```

#### 9.24. <eref>

This element is rendered as HTML <a> element, with the "href" attribute set to the value of the "target" attribute, and the CSS class of "eref".

```
<a href="https://..." class="eref">the text</a>
```

#### 9.25. <figure>

This element renders as the HTML <figure> element, containing the artwork or sourcecode indicated and an HTML <figcaption> element. The <figcaption> will contain an <a> element with CSS class "selfRef" around the figure number. It will also contain another <a> element with CSS class "selfRef" around the figure name, if a name was given.

```
<figure id="f-1">
  ...
  <figcaption>
    <a href="#f-1" class="selfRef">Figure 1.</a>
    <a href="#n-it-figures" class="selfRef">It figures</a>
  </figcaption>
</figure>
```

#### 9.26. <front>

This element does not add any direct output to HTML.

#### 9.27. <iref>

This element is rendered as an empty <> tag of class iref, with an id consisting of the <iref> element's irefid:

```
<span class="iref" id="s-Paragraphs-first-1"/>
```

#### 9.28. <keyword>

Each of these elements renders its text into the <meta> keywords in the document's header, separated by commas.

```
<meta name="keywords" content="html,css,rfc">
```

## 9.29. &lt;li&gt;

This element is rendered as its HTML counterpart, however if there is no contained element that had a pilcrow (Section 5.2) attached, a pilcrow is added.

```
<li id="p-2-7">Item <a href="#p-2-7" class="pilcrow">&para;</a></li>
```

## 9.30. &lt;link&gt;

This element is rendered as its HTML counterpart, in the HTML header.

## 9.31. &lt;middle&gt;

This element does not add any direct output to HTML.

## 9.32. &lt;name&gt;

This element is never rendered directly, but instead when considering its parent element, such as <section>.

## 9.33. &lt;note&gt;

This element is rendered similarly to a <section>, but without a section number, and with the CSS class of "note". If the "removeInRFC" attribute is set to "yes", the generated <div> will also include the CSS class "rfcEditorRemove".

```
<section id="s-note-1" class="note rfceditor-remove">
  <h2>
    <a href="#n-editorial-note" class="selfRef">Editorial Note</a>
  </h2>
  <p id="p-note-1-1">
    Discussion of this draft takes place...
    <a href="#p-note-1-1" class="pilcrow">&para;</a>
  </p>
</section>
```

## 9.34. &lt;ol&gt;

The output created from an <ol> element depends upon the style attribute.

If the spacing attribute has the value "compact", a CSS class of "olCompact" will be added.

The group attribute is not copied; the input XML should have start values added by a prep tool for all grouped <ol> elements.

#### 9.34.1. Percent styles

If the style attribute includes the character "%", the output is a `<dl>` tag with the class "olPercent". Each contained li is emitted as a `<dt>/<dd>` pair, with the generated label in the `<dt>` and the contents of the li in the `<dd>`.

```
<dl class="olPercent">
  <dt>Requirement xviii:</dt>
  <dd>Wheels on a big rig</dd>
</dl>
```

#### 9.34.2. Standard styles

For all other styles, an `<ol>` tag is emitted, with any style attribute turned into the equivalent HTML type attribute.

```
<ol class="compact" type="I" start="18">
  <li>Wheels on a big rig</li>
</ol>
```

#### 9.35. `<organization>`

As shown in Section 8.2 this element is rendered as an HTML `<div>` tag with CSS class "org".

```
<div class="org">Cisco Systems, Inc.</div>
```

#### 9.36. `<phone>`

As shown in Section 8.2 this element is rendered as an HTML `<div>` containing the string "Phone:" (wrapped in a span), an HTML `<span>` with CSS class "tel" containing the phone number and an HTML `<span>` with CSS class "type" containing the string "VOICE". Note, the "type" span will be hidden by CSS styling.

```
<div>
  <span>Phone:</span>
  <span class="tel">+1-720-555-1212</span>
  <span class="type">VOICE</span>
</div>
```

#### 9.37. `<postal>`

This element renders as an HTML `<div>` with CSS class "adr", unless it contains a `<postalLine>` child element; in which case it adds no HTML markup.

When there is no `<postalLine>` child, the following child elements are rendered into the HTML:

- o Each `<street>` is rendered
- o A `<div>` that includes:
  - \* The rendering of all `<city>` elements
  - \* A comma (wrapped in a span of class "comma")
  - \* The rendering of all `<region>` elements
  - \* Whitespace
  - \* The rendering of all `<code>` elements
- o The rendering of all `<country>` elements

```
<div class="adr">
  <div class="street-address">1 Main Street</div>
  <div class="street-address">Suite 1</div>
  <div>
    <span class="city">Denver</span>
    <span class="comma">,</span>
    <span class="region">CO</span>
    <span class="postal-code">80212</span>
  </div>
  <div class="country-name">US</div>
</div>
```

#### 9.38. `<postalLine>`

All of these elements in a give `<postal>` elements render as a single HTML `<pre>` with CSS class "label", with each `<postalLine>` separated by a newline. Note: this `<pre>` element is not enclosed in a `<div class="adr">`.

```
<pre class="label">In care of:
Computer Sciences Division</pre>
```

#### 9.39. `<refcontent>`

This element renders as an HTML `<span>` with CSS class "refcontent".

```
<span class="refContent">Self-published pamphlet</span>
```

## 9.40. &lt;reference&gt;

This element will render as a <dt> <dd> pair, with the defined term being the reference "anchor" attribute surrounded by square brackets, and the definition including the correct set of bibliographic information as specified by [RFC7322]. The <dt> element will have an "id" attribute of the reference anchor.

```
<dl class="reference">
  <dt id="RFC5646">[RFC5646]</dt>
  <dd>
    <span class="refAuthor">Phillips, A.</span>
    <span>and</span>
    <span class="refAuthor">M. Davis</span>
    <span class="refTitle">"Tags for Identifying Languages"</span>
    <span class="comma">,</span>
    ...
    <span class="fullStop">.</span>
  </dd>
</dl>
```

## 9.41. &lt;referencegroup&gt;

A <referencegroup> is translated into a <span> of class "referenceGroup" which contains the references. <span> is used here to ensure that the reference lists remain as undisturbed as possible.

```
<span class="referencegroup">
  <dl class="reference">...</dl>
</span>
```

## 9.42. &lt;references&gt;

If there is at least one <references> element, a "References" section is added to the document, continuing with the next major section number after the last <section>.

Each references element will be added to that "References" section as if it were a section itself.

```

<section id="n-references">
  <h2 id="s-3">
    <a href="#s-3" class="selfRef">3.</a>
    <a href="#n-references" class="selfRef">References</a>
  </h2>
  <section id="n-informative-references">
    <h3 id="s-3.1">
      <a href="#s-3.1" class="selfRef">3.1.</a>
      <a href="#n-informative-references" class="selfRef">
        Informative References</a></h3>
      <dl class="reference">...
    </dl>
  </section>
</section>

```

#### 9.43. <region>

This element is rendered as a <span> element with CSS class "region".

```
<span class="region">Colorado</span>
```

#### 9.44. <relref>

This element is rendered as one or more HTML <a> elements containing appropriate external links as their "href" attributes as well as (potentially) some connective text. All of the <a> elements generated will have class "relref". The contents of the <a> element(s) are determined by the values of the "derivedRemoteContent" and "displayFormat" attributes.

##### 9.44.1. displayFormat='of'

The output is an <a> element with "href" attribute whose value is the value of the "derivedLink" attribute, and whose contents are the value of the "derivedRemoteContent" attribute. This is followed by the word "of" (surrounded by whitespace). This is followed by a second <a> element, surrounded by square brackets, whose href attribute is the value of the "target" attribute prepended with "#", and whose content is the value of the "target" attribute.

For example, if Section 2.3 of RFC 7878 has the title "Protocol Overview", with an input of:

```

See <relref section="2.3" target="RFC7878" displayFormat="of"
derivedLink="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3"
derivedContent="Section 2.3"/> for an overview.

```

The HTML generated will be:

See `<a class="relref" href="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3">Section 2.3</a>` of [`<a class="relref" href="#RFC7878">RFC7878</a>`] for an overview.

#### 9.44.2. `displayFormat='comma'`

The output is an `<a>` element with `"href"` attribute whose value is the value of the `"target"` attribute prepended by `"#"`, and whose content is the value of the `"target"` attribute; the entire element is wrapped in square brackets. This is followed by a comma (`","`), followed by whitespace. This is followed by an `<a>` element whose `"href"` attribute is the value of the `"derivedLink"` attribute and whose content is the value of the `"derivedContent"` attribute.

For example, if Section 2.3 of RFC 7878 has the title "Protocol Overview", for an input of:

```
See <relref section="2.3" target="RFC7878" displayFormat="comma"
derivedLink="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3"
derivedContent="Section 2.3"/>, for an overview.
```

The HTML generated will be:

```
See [<a class="relref" href="#RFC7878">RFC7878</a>],
<a class="relref" href="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3">Section
2.3</a>, for an overview.
```

#### 9.44.3. `displayFormat='parens'`

The output is an `<a>` element with `"href"` attribute whose value is the value of the `"target"` attribute prepended by `"#"`, and whose content is the value of the `"target"` attribute; the entire element is wrapped in square brackets. This is followed by whitespace. This is followed by an `<a>` element whose `"href"` attribute is the value of the `"derivedLink"` attribute and whose content is the value of the `"derivedContent"` attribute; the entire element is wrapped in parentheses.

For example, if Section 2.3 of RFC 7878 has the title "Protocol Overview", for an input of:

```
See <relref section="2.3" target="RFC7878" displayFormat="parens"
derivedLink="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3"
derivedContent="Section 2.3"/> for an overview.
```

The HTML generated will be:

See [[RFC7878](#RFC7878)]  
(<http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3>)>Section  
2.3</a>) for an overview.

#### 9.44.4. `displayFormat='bare'`

The output is an `<a>` element whose "href" attribute is the value of the "derivedLink" attribute and whose content is the value of the "derivedContent" attribute.

For this input:

```
See <relref section="2.3" target="RFC7878" displayFormat="bare"
derivedLink="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3"
derivedContent="Section 2.3"/> and ...
```

The HTML generated will be:

```
See <a class="relref"
href="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3">Section
2.3</a> and ...
```

#### 9.45. `<rfc>`

Various attributes of this element are represented in different parts of the HTML document.

#### 9.46. `<section>`

This element is rendered as an HTML `<section>` element, containing an appropriate level HTML heading element (`<h2>`–`<h6>`). That heading element contains a `<a>` element around the part number (pn), if applicable (for instance, `<abstract>` does not get a section number). Another `<a>` element is included with the section's name.

```
<section id="intro">
  <h2 id="s-1">
    <a href="#s-1" class="selfRef">1.</a>
    <a href="#intro" class="selfRef">Introduction</a>
  </h2>
  <p id="p-1-1">Paragraph <a href="#p-1-1" class="pilcrow">&para;</a>
  </p>
</section>
```

## 9.47. &lt;seriesInfo&gt;

This element is rendered in an HTML <span> element with CSS name "seriesInfo".

```
<span class="seriesInfo">RFC 5646</span>
```

## 9.48. &lt;sourcecode&gt;

This element is rendered in an HTML <pre> with a CSS class of "sourcecode". Note that CDATA blocks do not work consistently in HTML, so all <, >, and & must be escaped as &lt;, &gt;, and &amp;, respectively. If the input XML has a "type" attribute, another CSS class of "lang-" and the type is added.

If the sourcecode is not inside a <figure> element, a pilcrow (Section 5.2) is included. Inside a <figure> element, the figure title serves the purpose of the pilcrow.

```
<pre class="sourcecode lang-c">
#include &lt;stdio.h&gt;

int main(void)
{
    printf(&quot;hello, world\n&quot;);
    return 0;
}
</pre>
```

## 9.49. &lt;street&gt;

This element renders as an HTML <div> with CSS class "street-address".

```
<div class="street-address">1899 Wynkoop St, Suite 600</div>
```

## 9.50. &lt;strong&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.51. &lt;sub&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.52. &lt;sup&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.53. &lt;svg&gt;

This element is rendered as part of the <artwork> element.

## 9.54. &lt;t&gt;

This element is rendered as an HTML <p> element. A pilcrow (Section 5.2) is included.

```
<p id="p-1-1">A paragraph.  
  <a href="#p-1-1" class="pilcrow">&para;</a></p>
```

## 9.55. &lt;table&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.56. &lt;tbody&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.57. &lt;td&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.58. &lt;tfoot&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.59. &lt;th&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.60. &lt;thead&gt;

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

## 9.61. &lt;title&gt;

The title of the document appears in an <title> element in the <head> element, as shown in Section 6.3.2.

The title also appears in an <h1> element, and follows directly after the Document Information. The <h1> element has an id attribute with value "title".

```
<h1 id="title">HyperText Markup Language Request For  
  Comments Format</h1>
```

Inside a reference, the title is rendered as an HTML `<span>` tag with CSS class "refTitle". The text is surrounded by quotes inside the `<span>`.

```
<span class="refTitle">"Tags for Identifying Languages"</span>
```

#### 9.62. `<tr>`

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

#### 9.63. `<tt>`

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart.

#### 9.64. `<ul>`

This element is directly rendered as its HTML counterpart. If the "spacing" attribute has the value "compact", a CSS class of "ulCompact" will be added. If the "empty" attribute has the value "true", as CSS class of "ulEmpty" will be added.

#### 9.65. `<uri>`

As shown in Section 8.2 this element is rendered as an HTML `<div>` containing the string "URI:" and an HTML `<a>` element, with "href" attribute set to the linked URI, CSS class of "url" [sic], and the contents set to the linked URI.

```
<div>URI:  
  <a href="http://www.example.com"  
    class="url">http://www.example.com</a>  
</div>
```

#### 9.66. `<workgroup>`

This element does not add any direct output to HTML.

#### 9.67. `<xref>`

This element is rendered as an HTML `<a>` element containing an appropriate local link as the "href" attribute. The value of the "href" attribute is taken from the "target" attribute, prepended by "#". The `<a>` element generated will have class "xref". The contents of the `<a>` element are the value of the "derivedContent" attribute. If the "format" attribute has the value "default", and the "target"

attribute points to a <reference> or <referencegroup> element, then the generated <a> element is surrounded by square brackets in the output.

```
<a class="xref" href="#target">Table 2</a>
```

or

```
[<a class="xref" href="#RFC1234">RFC1234</a>]
```

## 10. IANA Considerations

This document contains no actions for IANA

## 11. Security Considerations

Since RFCs are sometimes exchanged outside the normal Web sandboxing mechanism (such as using the "rsync" program to a mirror site) then loaded from a local file, more care must be taken with the HTML than is ordinary on the web.

## 12. Acknowledgments

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Internet-Draft  
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The 'XML2RFC' version 3 Vocabulary  
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Abstract

This document defines the "XML2RFC" version 3 vocabulary; an XML-based language used for writing RFCs and Internet-Drafts. It is heavily derived from the version 2 vocabulary that is also under discussion. This document obsoletes the v2 grammar described in RFC 2629 and its expected followup, draft-iab-xml2rfc.

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## Table of Contents

1. Introduction	5
1.1. Design Criteria for the Changes in v3	5
1.2. Differences from v2 to v3	6
1.2.1. New Elements in v3	6
1.2.2. New Attributes for Existing Elements	7
1.2.3. Elements and Attributes Deprecated from v2	8
1.2.4. Additional Changes from v2	9
1.3. Syntax Notation	10
2. Elements	10
2.1. <abstract>	11
2.2. <address>	11
2.3. <annotation>	12
2.4. <area>	12
2.5. <artwork>	13
2.6. <aside>	16
2.7. <author>	17
2.8. <back>	18
2.9. <bcp14>	19
2.10. <blockquote>	19
2.11. <boilerplate>	21
2.12.  	21
2.13. <city>	21
2.14. <code>	21
2.15. <country>	22
2.16. <cref>	22
2.17. <date>	23
2.18. <dd>	24
2.19. <displayreference>	26
2.20. <dl>	26
2.21. <dt>	27
2.22. <em>	28
2.23. <email>	29
2.24. <eref>	29
2.25. <figure>	30
2.26. <front>	32
2.27. <iref>	33
2.28. <keyword>	34
2.29. <li>	34

2.30.	<link>	36
2.31.	<middle>	37
2.32.	<name>	37
2.33.	<note>	37
2.34.	<ol>	38
2.35.	<organization>	40
2.36.	<phone>	41
2.37.	<postal>	41
2.38.	<postalLine>	42
2.39.	<refcontent>	42
2.40.	<reference>	43
2.41.	<referencegroup>	44
2.42.	<references>	44
2.43.	<region>	45
2.44.	<relref>	45
2.45.	<rfc>	49
2.46.	<section>	53
2.47.	<seriesInfo>	55
2.48.	<sourcecode>	57
2.49.	<street>	59
2.50.	<strong>	59
2.51.	<sub>	60
2.52.	<sup>	61
2.53.	<t>	62
2.54.	<table>	64
2.55.	<tbody>	64
2.56.	<td>	65
2.57.	<tfoot>	67
2.58.	<th>	67
2.59.	<thead>	69
2.60.	<title>	69
2.61.	<tr>	70
2.62.	<tt>	70
2.63.	<ul>	71
2.64.	<uri>	72
2.65.	<workgroup>	72
2.66.	<xref>	72
2.67.	<svg> (in namespace <a href="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg">http://www.w3.org/2000/svg</a> )	75
3.	Elements from v2 That Have Been Deprecated	75
3.1.	<c>	75
3.2.	<facsimile>	76
3.3.	<format>	76
3.4.	<list>	76
3.5.	<postamble>	77
3.6.	<preamble>	78
3.7.	<spanx>	78
3.8.	<texttable>	79
3.9.	<ttable>	80

3.10. <vspace> . . . . .	81
4. Internationalization Considerations . . . . .	81
5. Security Considerations . . . . .	81
6. IANA Considerations . . . . .	82
6.1. Internet Media Type Registration . . . . .	82
6.2. Link Relation Registration . . . . .	83
7. Acknowledgments . . . . .	84
8. References . . . . .	84
8.1. Normative References . . . . .	84
8.2. Informative References . . . . .	84
Appendix A. Front Page ('Boilerplate') Generation . . . . .	88
A.1. The /rfc/@ipr Attribute . . . . .	88
A.1.1. Current Values: '*trust200902' . . . . .	88
A.1.2. Historic Values . . . . .	90
A.2. The /rfc/@submissionType Attribute . . . . .	90
A.3. The /rfc/@consensus Attribute . . . . .	91
Appendix B. The v3 Format and Processing Tools . . . . .	91
B.1. Including External Text with XInclude . . . . .	93
B.2. Anchors and IDs . . . . .	94
B.2.1. Overlapping Values . . . . .	94
B.3. Attributes Controlled by the Prep Tool . . . . .	95
Appendix C. Relax NG Schema . . . . .	97
Appendix D. Schema Differences from v2 . . . . .	118
Index . . . . .	138

## 1. Introduction

This document describes version 3 ("v3") of the "XML2RFC" vocabulary; an XML-based language ('Extensible Markup Language', [XML]) used for writing RFCs ([RFC7322]) and Internet-Drafts ([IDGUIDE]).

This document obsoletes the version 2 vocabulary ("v2") [XML2RFCv2], which contains the extended language definition. That document in turn obsoletes the original version ("v1") [RFC2629]. This document directly copies the material from [XML2RFCv2] where possible; as that document makes its way toward RFC publication, this document will incorporate as many of the changes as possible.

The v3 format will be used as part of the new RFC series described in [RFC6949]. The new format will be handled by one or more new tools for preparing the XML and converting it to other representations. Features of the expected tools are described in Appendix B. That section defines some terms used throughout this document, such as "prep tool" and "formatter".

Note that the vocabulary contains certain constructs that might not be used when generating of the final text; however, they can provide useful data for other uses (such as index generation, populating a keyword database, or syntax checks).

In this document, the term "format" is used when describing types of documents, primarily XML and HTML. The term "representation" is used when talking about a specific instantiation of a format, such as an XML document or an HTML document that was created by an XML document.

The details (particularly any vocabularies) described in this document are expected to change based on experience gained in implementing the RFC production center's toolset. Revised documents will be published capturing those changes as the toolset is completed. Other implementers must not expect those changes to remain backwards-compatible with the details described in this document.

The following two sections are a hopefully-complete list of all the technical changes between [XML2RFCv2] and this document, as well as the design criteria for those changes.

### 1.1. Design Criteria for the Changes in v3

The design criteria of the changes from v2 to v3 are:

- o The intention is that starting and editing a v3 document will be easier than for a v2 document.

- o There will be good v2-to-v3 conversion tools for when an author wants to change versions.
- o There are no current plans to make v3 XML the required submission representation for drafts or RFCs. That might happen eventually, but it is likely to be years away.

There is a desire to keep as much of the v2 grammar as makes sense within the above design criteria and not to make gratuitous changes to the v2 grammar. Another way to say this is "we would rather encourage backward compatibility but not be constrained by it". Still, the goal of starting and editing a v3 document being easier than for a v2 document is more important than backwards compatibility with v2, given the latter two design criteria.

v3 is upwards compatible with v2, meaning that a v2 document is meant to be a valid v3 document as well. However, some features of v2 are deprecated in v3 in favor of new elements. Deprecated features are listed in Section 1.2.3, and are described in [XML2RFCv2].

## 1.2. Differences from v2 to v3

The format changes in v3 are listed in the following subsections.

### 1.2.1. New Elements in v3

- o Add <dl>, <ul>, and <ol> as new ways to make lists. This is a significant change from v2 in that the child under these elements is <li>, not <t>. <li> has a model of either containing one or more <t> elements, or containing the flowing text normally found in <t>. These lists are children of <section>s and other lists instead of <t>.
- o Add <strong>, <em>, <tt>, <sub>, and <sup> for character formatting.
- o Add <aside> for incidental text that will be indented when displayed.
- o Add <sourcecode> to differentiate from <artwork>.
- o Add <table>, <thead>, <tbody>, <tfoot>, <tr>, <td>, and <th> to give table functionality like that in HTML.
- o Add <boilerplate> to hold the automatically-generated boilerplate text.

- o Add <blockquote> to indicate a quotation as in a paragraph-like format.
- o Add <name> to sections, notes, figures, and texttables to allow character formatting (fixed-width font) in their titles, and to allow references in the names.
- o Add <postalLine>, free text that represents one line of the address.
- o Add <displayreference> to allow display of more mnemonic anchor names for automatically-included references.
- o Add <refcontent> to allow better control of text in a reference.
- o Add <referencegroup> to allow referencing multi-RFC documents such as STDs and BCPs.
- o Add <relref> to allow referncing specific sections or anchors in references.
- o Add <link> to point to a resource related to the RFC.
- o Add <br> to allow line breaks (but not blank lines) in the generated output for table cells.
- o Add <svg> to allow easy inclusion of SVG drawings in <artwork>.

#### 1.2.2. New Attributes for Existing Elements

- o Add "sortRefs", "symRefs", "tocDepth", and "tocInclude" attributes to <rfc> to cover processor instructions (PIs) that were in v2 that are still needed in the grammar. Add "prepTime" to indicate the time that the XML went through a preparation step. Add "version" to indicate the version of XML2RFC vocabulary used in the document. Add "scripts" to indicate which scripts are needed to render the document. Add "expiresDate" when an Internet Draft expires.
- o Add "ascii" attributes to <email>, <organization>, <street>, <city>, <region>, <country>, and <code>. Also add "asciiFullname", "asciiInitials", and "asciiSurname" to <author>. This allows an author to specify their information in their native scripts as the primary entry and still allow the ASCII-equivalent values to appear in the processed documents.
- o Add "anchor" attributes to many block elements to allow them to be linked with <relref> and <xref>.

- o Add the "section", "relative", and "sectionFormat" attributes to <xref>.
- o Add the "numbered" and "removeInRFC" attributes to <section>.
- o Add the "removeInRFC" attribute to <note>.
- o Add "pn" to <artwork>, <aside>, <blockquote>, <boilerplate>, <dt>, <figure>, <li>, <section> <sourcecode>, <t>, and <table> to hold automatically generated numbers for items in a section that don't have their own numbering (namely figures and tables).
- o Add "display" to <cref> to indicate to tools whether or not to display the comment.
- o Add "keepWithNext" and "keepWithPrevious" to <t> as a hint to tools that do pagination that they should try to keep the paragraph with the next/previous element.

### 1.2.3. Elements and Attributes Deprecated from v2

Deprecated elements and attributes are legacy vocabulary from v2 that are supported for input to v3 tools. They are likely to be removed from those tools in the future. Instead of being listed in Section 2, they are listed in in Section 3. See Appendix B for more information on tools and how they will handle deprecated features.

- o Deprecate <list> in favor of <dl>, <ul>, and <ol>.
- o Deprecate <spanx>; replace it with <strong>, <em>, and <tt>.
- o Deprecate <vspace> because the major use for it, creating pseudo-paragraph-breaks in lists, is now handled properly.
- o Deprecate <texttable>, <ttcol>, and <c>; replace them with the new table elements (<table> and the elements that can be contained within it).
- o Deprecate <facsimile> because it is rarely used and is not actually useful; <email> is a much more useful way to get in touch with authors.
- o Deprecate <format> because it is not useful and has caused surprise for authors in the past. If the goal is to provide a single URI (Uniform Resource Identifier) for a reference, use the "target" attribute on <reference> instead.

- o Deprecate <preamble> and <postamble> in favor of simply using <t> before or after the figure. This also deprecates the "align" attribute in <figure>.
- o Deprecate the "title" attribute in <section>, <note>, <figure>, <references>, and <texttable> in favor of the new <name>.
- o Deprecate the "alt", and "src" attributes in <figure> because they overlap with the attributes in <artwork>.
- o Deprecate the "xml:space" attribute in <artwork> because there was only one useful value. Deprecate "height" and "width" attribute in both <artwork> and <figure> because they are not needed for the new output formats.
- o Deprecate the "pageno" attribute in <xref> because it was unused in v2. Deprecate the "none" values for the "format" attribute in <xref> because it makes no sense semantically.

#### 1.2.4. Additional Changes from v2

- o Allow non-ASCII characters in the format; the characters that are actually allowed will be determined by the RFC Editor.
- o Allow <artwork> and <sourcecode> to be used on their own in <section> (no longer confine them to a figure).
- o Give more specifics of handling the "type" attribute in <artwork>.
- o Allow <strong>, <em>, <tt>, <eref>, and <xref> in <cref>.
- o Allow the sub-elements inside a <reference> to be in any order.
- o Turned off the auto-generation of anchors in <cref> because there is no use case for them that cannot be achieved in other ways.
- o Allow more than one <artwork>, or more than one <sourcecode>, in <figure>.
- o In <front>, make <date> optional.
- o In <postal>, allow the sub-elements to be in any order. Also allow the inclusion of the new <postalLine> instead of the older elements.
- o In <section>, restricted the names of the anchors that can be used on some types of sections.

- o Made <seriesInfo> a child of <front>, and deprecated it as a child of <reference>. This also deprecates some of the attributes from <rfc> and moves them into <seriesInfo>.
- o <t> now only contains non-block elements, so it no longer contains <figure> elements.
- o Do not generate the grammar from a DTD, but instead get it directly from the Relax Next Generation (RNG) grammar [RNG].

### 1.3. Syntax Notation

The XML vocabulary here is defined in prose, based on the Relax NG schema ([RNC]) contained in Appendix C (specified in Relax NG Compact Notation, "RNC").

Note that the schema can be used for automated validity checks, but certain constraints are only described in prose (example: the conditionally required presence of the "abbrev" attribute).

## 2. Elements

The sections below describe all elements and their attributes.

Note that attributes not labeled "mandatory" are optional.

Many elements have an optional "anchor" attribute. In all cases, the value of the "anchor" attribute needs to be a valid XML "Name" (Section 2.3 of [XML]), additionally constrained to US-ASCII characters ([USASCII]). Thus, the character repertoire consists of "A-Z", "a-z", "0-9", "\_", "-", ".", and ":", where "0-9", ".", and "-" are disallowed as start character. Anchors are described in more detail in Appendix B.2.

Tools interpreting the XML described here will collapse horizontal whitespace and linebreaks to a single whitespace (except inside <artwork> and <sourcecode>), and will trim leading and trailing whitespace.

Some of the elements have attributes that are not described in this section because those elements are specific to the prep tool. People writing tools to process this format should read all of the appendices for a complete description of these attributes.

Every element in the v3 vocabulary can have an "xml:lang" attribute, an "xml:base" attribute, or both. The xml:lang attribute specifies the language used in the element. This is sometimes useful for renderers which display different fonts for ideographic characters

used in China and Japan. The `xml:base` attribute is sometimes added to an XML file when doing XML-to-XML conversion where the base file has `XInclude` attributes (see Appendix B.1).

## 2.1. <abstract>

Contains the abstract of the document. See [RFC7322] for more information on restrictions for the abstract.

This element appears as a child element of: <front> (Section 2.26).

Content model:

In any order, but at least one of:

- o <dl> elements (Section 2.20)
- o <ol> elements (Section 2.34)
- o <t> elements (Section 2.53)
- o <ul> elements (Section 2.63)

### 2.1.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for the abstract.

## 2.2. <address>

Provides address information for the author.

This element appears as a child element of: <author> (Section 2.7).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One optional <postal> element (Section 2.37)
2. One optional <phone> element (Section 2.36)
3. One optional <facsimile> element (Section 3.2)
4. One optional <email> element (Section 2.23)
5. One optional <uri> element (Section 2.64)

### 2.3. <annotation>

Provides additional prose augmenting a bibliographical reference. This text is intended to be shown after the rest of the generated reference text.

This element appears as a child element of: <reference> (Section 2.40).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o <bcp14> elements (Section 2.9)
- o <cref> elements (Section 2.16)
- o <em> elements (Section 2.22)
- o <eref> elements (Section 2.24)
- o <iref> elements (Section 2.27)
- o <relref> elements (Section 2.44)
- o <spanx> elements (Section 3.7)
- o <strong> elements (Section 2.50)
- o <sub> elements (Section 2.51)
- o <sup> elements (Section 2.52)
- o <tt> elements (Section 2.62)
- o <xref> elements (Section 2.66)

### 2.4. <area>

Provides information about the IETF area to which this document relates (currently not used when generating documents).

The value ought to be either the full name or the abbreviation of one of the IETF areas as listed on <<http://www.ietf.org/iesg/area.html>>. The list will be kept by the RFC Editor.

This element appears as a child element of: <front> (Section 2.26).

Content model: only text content.

## 2.5. <artwork>

This element allows the inclusion of "artwork" into the document. <artwork> provides full control of horizontal whitespace and line breaks, and thus is used for a variety of things, such as diagrams ("line art") and protocol unit diagrams.

Alternatively, the "src" attribute allows referencing an external graphics file, such as a vector drawing in SVG or a bitmap graphic file, using a URI. In this case, the textual content acts as fallback for output representations that do not support graphics, and thus ought to contain either a "line art" variant of the graphics, or otherwise prose that describes the included image in sufficient detail.

If the artwork includes either "&" or "<" characters, or the string "]]>" those characters need to be encoded using escaping or CDATA block(s); see <sourcecode> for a fuller description of these solutions.

In [XML2RFCv2], the <artwork> element was also used for source code and formal languages; in v3, this is now done with <sourcecode>.

There are at least five ways to include SVG in artwork in Internet Drafts:

- o Inline, by including all of the SVG in the content of the element, such as: <artwork type="svg"><svg xmlns...">
- o Inline, but using XInclude (see Appendix B.1), such as: <artwork type="svg"><xi:include href=...>
- o As a data: URI, such as: <artwork type="svg" src="data:image/svg+xml,%3Csvg%20xmlns%3D%22http%3A%2F%2Fwww.w3...">
- o As a URI to an external entity, such as: <artwork type="svg" src="http://www.example.com/...">
- o As a local file, such as: <artwork type="svg" src="diagram12.svg">

The use of SVG in Internet Drafts and RFCs is covered in much more detail in [SVGforRFCs].

The above methods for inclusion of SVG art can also be used for

including text artwork, but using a data: URI is probably confusing for text artwork.

Formatters that do pagination should attempt to keep artwork on a single page. This is to prevent artwork that is split across pages from looking like two separate pieces of artwork.

This element appears as a child element of: <aside> (Section 2.6), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <dd> (Section 2.18), <figure> (Section 2.25), <li> (Section 2.29), <section> (Section 2.46), <td> (Section 2.56), and <th> (Section 2.58).

Content model:

Either:

Text

Or:

<svg> elements (Section 2.67)

#### 2.5.1. 'align' attribute

Controls whether the artwork appears left justified (default), centered, or right justified.

Allowed values:

- o "left" (default)
- o "center"
- o "right"

#### 2.5.2. 'alt' attribute

Alternative text description of the artwork (which is more than just a summary or caption). When the art comes from the "src" attribute, and the format of that artwork supports alternate text, the alternative text comes from the text of the artwork itself, not from this attribute. The contents of this attribute are important to readers who are visually impaired, as well as those reading on devices that cannot show the artwork well, or at all.

#### 2.5.3. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this artwork.

#### 2.5.4. 'height' attribute

Deprecated.

#### 2.5.5. 'name' attribute

A filename suitable for the contents (such as for extraction to a local file). This attribute can be helpful for other kinds of tools (such as automated syntax checkers which work by extracting the artwork). Note that the "name" attribute does not need to be unique for artwork elements in a document. If multiple artwork elements have the same name attribute, a processing tool might assume that the elements are all fragments of a single file, and the tool can collect those fragments for later processing. See Section 5 for a discussion of possible problems with the value of this attribute.

#### 2.5.6. 'src' attribute

The URI reference of a graphics file ([RFC3986]), or the name of a file on the local disk. This can be a "data" URI ([RFC2397]) that contains the contents of the graphics file. Note that the inclusion of art with the "src" attribute depends on the capabilities of the processing tool reading the XML document. Tools need to be able to handle the file: URI, and should be able to handle http: and https: URIs as well. The prep tool will be able to handle reading the "src" attribute.

If no URI scheme is given in the attribute, the attribute is considered to be a local file name. Processing tools must be careful to not accept dangerous values for the filename, particularly those that contain absolute references outside the current directory.

In some cases, the prep tool may remove the "src" attribute after processing its value. See [PREPTOOL] for a description of this.

It is an error to have both a "src" attribute and content in the <artwork> element.

#### 2.5.7. 'type' attribute

Specifies the type of the artwork. The value of this attribute is free text with certain values designated as preferred.

The preferred values for <artwork> types are:

- o ascii-art
- o binary-art
- o call-flow
- o hex-dump
- o svg

The RFC Editor will maintain a complete list of the preferred values on its web site, and that list is expected to be updated over time. Thus, a consumer of v3 XML should not cause a failure when it encounters an unexpected type.

#### 2.5.8. 'width' attribute

Deprecated.

#### 2.5.9. 'xml:space' attribute

Deprecated.

#### 2.6. <aside>

This element is a container for content that is semantically less important or tangential to the content that surrounds it.

This element appears as a child element of: <section> (Section 2.46).

Content model:

In any order:

- o <artwork> elements (Section 2.5)
- o <dl> elements (Section 2.20)
- o <figure> elements (Section 2.25)
- o <ieref> elements (Section 2.27)
- o <list> elements (Section 3.4)
- o <ol> elements (Section 2.34)
- o <t> elements (Section 2.53)

- o `<table>` elements (Section 2.54)
- o `<ul>` elements (Section 2.63)

#### 2.6.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this aside.

#### 2.7. `<author>`

Provides information about a document's author. This is used both for the document itself (at the beginning of the document) and for referenced documents.

The `<author>` elements contained within the document's `<front>` element are used to fill the boilerplate, and also to generate the "Author's Address" section (see [RFC7322]).

Note that an "author" can also be just an organization (by not specifying any of the name attributes, but adding the `<organization>` child element).

Furthermore, the "role" attribute can be used to mark an author as "editor". This is reflected both on the front page and in bibliographical references. Note that this specification does not define a precise meaning for the term "editor".

See Section "Authors vs. Contributors" of [RFCPOLICY] for more information.

This element appears as a child element of: `<front>` (Section 2.26).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One optional `<organization>` element (Section 2.35)
2. One optional `<address>` element (Section 2.2)

##### 2.7.1. 'asciiFullname' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the author's full name.

##### 2.7.2. 'asciiInitials' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the author's initials.

#### 2.7.3. 'asciiSurname' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the author's surname.

#### 2.7.4. 'fullname' attribute

The full name (used in the automatically generated "Author's Address" section).

#### 2.7.5. 'initials' attribute

Author initials (used on the front page and in references).

The value contains one or more initials, each followed by a period. Initials should be provided as a whitespace separated list of pairs of a letter and a dot.

#### 2.7.6. 'role' attribute

Specifies the role the author had in creating the document.

Allowed values:

- o "editor"

#### 2.7.7. 'surname' attribute

The author's surname (used on the front page and in references).

#### 2.8. <back>

Contains the "back" part of the document: the references and appendices. In <back>, <section> elements indicate appendices.

This element appears as a child element of: <rfc> (Section 2.45).

Content model:

In this order:

1. Optional <displayreference> elements (Section 2.19)
2. Optional <references> elements (Section 2.42)
3. Optional <section> elements (Section 2.46)

## 2.9. <bcp14>

Marks text that are phrases defined in BCP 14 such as "MUST", "SHOULD NOT", and so on. When shown in some of the output representations, the text in this element might be highlighted. The use of this element is optional.

This element is only to be used around the actual phrase from BCP 14, not the full definition of a requirement. For example, it is correct to say "The packet <bcp14>MUST</bcp14> be dropped.", but it is not correct to say "<bcp14>The packet MUST be dropped.</bcp14>".

This element appears as a child element of: <annotation> (Section 2.3), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <dd> (Section 2.18), <dt> (Section 2.21), <em> (Section 2.22), <li> (Section 2.29), <preamble> (Section 3.6), <refcontent> (Section 2.39), <strong> (Section 2.50), <sub> (Section 2.51), <sup> (Section 2.52), <t> (Section 2.53), <td> (Section 2.56), <th> (Section 2.58), and <tt> (Section 2.62).

Content model: only text content.

## 2.10. <blockquote>

Specifies a block of text is a quotation.

This element appears as a child element of: <section> (Section 2.46).

Content model:

Either:

In any order, but at least one of:

- \* <artwork> elements (Section 2.5)
- \* <dl> elements (Section 2.20)
- \* <figure> elements (Section 2.25)
- \* <ol> elements (Section 2.34)
- \* <sourcecode> elements (Section 2.48)
- \* <t> elements (Section 2.53)
- \* <ul> elements (Section 2.63)

Or:

In any order, but at least one of:

- \* Text
- \* <bcp14> elements (Section 2.9)
- \* <cref> elements (Section 2.16)
- \* <em> elements (Section 2.22)
- \* <eref> elements (Section 2.24)
- \* <iref> elements (Section 2.27)
- \* <relref> elements (Section 2.44)
- \* <strong> elements (Section 2.50)
- \* <sub> elements (Section 2.51)
- \* <sup> elements (Section 2.52)
- \* <tt> elements (Section 2.62)
- \* <xref> elements (Section 2.66)

#### 2.10.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this quotation.

#### 2.10.2. 'cite' attribute

The source of the citation. This must be a URI. If the `quotedFrom` attribute is given, this URI will be used by processing tools as the link for the text of that attribute.

#### 2.10.3. 'quotedFrom' attribute

Name of person or document the text in this element is quoted from. A formatter should render this as visible text at the end of the quotation.

### 2.11. <boilerplate>

Holds the boilerplate text for the document. This section is filled in by the prep tool.

This element appears as a child element of: <front> (Section 2.26).

Content model:

One or more <section> elements (Section 2.46)

### 2.12. <br>

Indicates that a line break should be inserted in the generated output by a formatting tool. Multiple successive instances of this element do not cause blank lines to appear in the output, and is thus not useful.

This element appears as a child element of: <td> (Section 2.56), and <th> (Section 2.58).

Content model: this element does not have any contents.

### 2.13. <city>

Gives the city name in a postal address.

This element appears as a child element of: <postal> (Section 2.37).

Content model: only text content.

#### 2.13.1. 'ascii' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the city name.

### 2.14. <code>

Gives the postal region code.

This element appears as a child element of: <postal> (Section 2.37).

Content model: only text content.

#### 2.14.1. 'ascii' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the postal code.

## 2.15. <country>

Gives the country name or code in a postal address.

This element appears as a child element of: <postal> (Section 2.37).

Content model: only text content.

### 2.15.1. 'ascii' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the country name.

## 2.16. <cref>

Represents a comment.

Comments can be used in a document while it is work-in-progress. They might appear either inline and visually highlighted, at the end of the document, or not at all, depending on the formatting tool.

This element appears as a child element of: <annotation> (Section 2.3), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <c> (Section 3.1), <dd> (Section 2.18), <dt> (Section 2.21), <em> (Section 2.22), <li> (Section 2.29), <name> (Section 2.32), <postamble> (Section 3.5), <preamble> (Section 3.6), <strong> (Section 2.50), <sub> (Section 2.51), <sup> (Section 2.52), <t> (Section 2.53), <td> (Section 2.56), <th> (Section 2.58), <tt> (Section 2.62), and <ttcol> (Section 3.9).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o <em> elements (Section 2.22)
- o <eref> elements (Section 2.24)
- o <relref> elements (Section 2.44)
- o <strong> elements (Section 2.50)
- o <sub> elements (Section 2.51)
- o <sup> elements (Section 2.52)

- o `<tt>` elements (Section 2.62)
- o `<xref>` elements (Section 2.66)

#### 2.16.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this comment.

#### 2.16.2. 'display' attribute

Suggests whether or not the the comment should be displayed by formatting tools. This might be set to "false" if you want to keep a comment in a document after the contents of the comment have already been dealt with.

Allowed values:

- o "true" (default)
- o "false"

#### 2.16.3. 'source' attribute

Holds the "source" of a comment, such as the name or the initials of the person who made the comment.

#### 2.17. `<date>`

Provides information about the publication date.

Note that this element is used both for the boilerplate of the document being produced, and also inside bibliographic references that use the `<front>` element.

In the boilerplate case, it defines the date of publication for the current document (Internet Draft or RFC). When producing Internet-Drafts, the prep tool uses this date to compute the expiration date (see [IDGUIDE]). When one or more of "year", "month", or "day" are left out, the prep tool will attempt to use the current system date if the attributes that are present are consistent with that date.

Also in the first case, that month names, if given, need to match the full English month name: "January", "February", "March", "April", "May", "June", "July", "August", "September", "October", "November", or "December".

When the prep tool is used to create Internet Drafts, it will reject a submitted Internet Draft that has a `<date>` element in the

boilerplate for itself that is anything other than today. That is, the tool will not allow a submitter to specify a date other than the day of submission. To avoid this problem, authors might simply not include a <date> element in the boilerplate.

In the case of bibliographic references, the date information can have prose text for the month or year. For example, vague dates (year="ca. 2000"), date ranges (year="2012-2013"), non-specific months (month="Second quarter") and so on, are allowed.

This element appears as a child element of: <front> (Section 2.26).

Content model: this element does not have any contents.

#### 2.17.1. 'day' attribute

In the "boilerplate" case: the day of publication; this is a number. Otherwise: an indication of the publication day, with the format not being restricted.

#### 2.17.2. 'month' attribute

In the "boilerplate" case: the month of publication; this is the English name of the month. Otherwise: an indication of the publication month, with the format not being restricted.

#### 2.17.3. 'year' attribute

In the "boilerplate" case: the year of publication; this is a number (usually four-digit). Otherwise: an indication of the publication year, with the format not being restricted.

### 2.18. <dd>

The definition part of an entry in a definition list.

This element appears as a child element of: <dl> (Section 2.20).

Content model:

Either:

In any order, but at least one of:

\* <artwork> elements (Section 2.5)

- \* <dl> elements (Section 2.20)
- \* <figure> elements (Section 2.25)
- \* <ol> elements (Section 2.34)
- \* <sourcecode> elements (Section 2.48)
- \* <t> elements (Section 2.53)
- \* <ul> elements (Section 2.63)

Or:

In any order, but at least one of:

- \* Text
- \* <bcp14> elements (Section 2.9)
- \* <cref> elements (Section 2.16)
- \* <em> elements (Section 2.22)
- \* <eref> elements (Section 2.24)
- \* <iref> elements (Section 2.27)
- \* <relref> elements (Section 2.44)
- \* <strong> elements (Section 2.50)
- \* <sub> elements (Section 2.51)
- \* <sup> elements (Section 2.52)
- \* <tt> elements (Section 2.62)
- \* <xref> elements (Section 2.66)

#### 2.18.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this definition.

## 2.19. <displayreference>

This element gives a mapping between the anchor of a reference and a name that will be displayed instead. This allows authors to display more mnemonic anchor names for automatically-included references. For example, if the reference uses the anchor "RFC6949", the following would cause that anchor in the body of displayed documents to be "RFC-dev":

```
<displayreference target="RFC6449" to="RFC-dev"/>
```

If a reference section is sorted, this element changes the sort order.

This element appears as a child element of: <back> (Section 2.8).

Content model: this element does not have any contents.

### 2.19.1. 'target' attribute (mandatory)

This attribute must be the name of an anchor in a <reference> element.

### 2.19.2. 'to' attribute (mandatory)

This attribute is a name that will be displayed as the anchor instead of the anchor that is given in the <reference> element. The string given must start with one of the following characters: 0-9, a-z, A-Z. The other characters in the string must be 0-9, a-z, A-Z, "-", ".", and "\_".

## 2.20. <dl>

A definition list. Each entry has a pair of elements: a term (<dt>) and a definition (<dd>). (This is slightly different than the model used in HTML, which allows for multiple terms for a single definition.)

This element appears as a child element of: <abstract> (Section 2.1), <aside> (Section 2.6), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <dd> (Section 2.18), <li> (Section 2.29), <note> (Section 2.33), <section> (Section 2.46), <td> (Section 2.56), and <th> (Section 2.58).

Content model:

One or more sequences of:

1. One <dt> element

2. One <dd> element

#### 2.20.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for the list.

#### 2.20.2. 'hanging' attribute

The hanging attribute defines whether or not the term appears on the same line as the definition. hanging="true" indicates that the term is to the left of the definition, while hanging="false" indicates that the term will be on a separate line.

Allowed values:

- o "false"
- o "true" (default)

#### 2.20.3. 'spacing' attribute

Defines whether or not there is a blank line between entries. spacing="normal" indicates a single blank line, while spacing="compact" indicates no space between.

Allowed values:

- o "normal" (default)
- o "compact"

#### 2.21. <dt>

The term being defined in a definition list.

This element appears as a child element of: <dl> (Section 2.20).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o <bcp14> elements (Section 2.9)

- o `<cref>` elements (Section 2.16)
- o `<em>` elements (Section 2.22)
- o `<eref>` elements (Section 2.24)
- o `<iref>` elements (Section 2.27)
- o `<relref>` elements (Section 2.44)
- o `<strong>` elements (Section 2.50)
- o `<sub>` elements (Section 2.51)
- o `<sup>` elements (Section 2.52)
- o `<tt>` elements (Section 2.62)
- o `<xref>` elements (Section 2.66)

#### 2.21.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this term.

#### 2.22. `<em>`

Indicates text that is semantically emphasized. This element will be displayed as italic after processing. This element can be combined with other character formatting elements, and the formatting will be additive.

This element appears as a child element of: `<annotation>` (Section 2.3), `<blockquote>` (Section 2.10), `<cref>` (Section 2.16), `<dd>` (Section 2.18), `<dt>` (Section 2.21), `<li>` (Section 2.29), `<preamble>` (Section 3.6), `<refcontent>` (Section 2.39), `<strong>` (Section 2.50), `<sub>` (Section 2.51), `<sup>` (Section 2.52), `<t>` (Section 2.53), `<td>` (Section 2.56), `<th>` (Section 2.58), and `<tt>` (Section 2.62).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o `<bcp14>` elements (Section 2.9)

- o `<cref>` elements (Section 2.16)
- o `<eref>` elements (Section 2.24)
- o `<iref>` elements (Section 2.27)
- o `<relref>` elements (Section 2.44)
- o `<strong>` elements (Section 2.50)
- o `<sub>` elements (Section 2.51)
- o `<sup>` elements (Section 2.52)
- o `<tt>` elements (Section 2.62)
- o `<xref>` elements (Section 2.66)

### 2.23. `<email>`

Provides an email address.

The value is expected to be the `addr-spec` defined in Section 2 of [RFC6068].

This element appears as a child element of: `<address>` (Section 2.2).

Content model: only text content.

#### 2.23.1. 'ascii' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the author's email address. This is only used if the email address has one or two internationalized components.

### 2.24. `<eref>`

Represents an "external" link (as specified in the "target" attribute). This is useful for embedding URIs in the body of a document.

If the `<eref>` element has non-empty text content, formatters should use the content as the displayed text that is linked. Otherwise the formatter should use the value of the "target" attribute as the displayed text. Formatters will link the displayed text to the value of the "target" attribute in a manner appropriate for the output format.

For example, with an input of:

```
This is described at
<eref target="http://www.example.com/reports/r12.html"/>.
```

An HTML formatter might generate

```
This is described at
<a href="http://www.example.com/reports/r12.html">
http://www.example.com/reports/r12.html</a>.
```

With an input of:

```
This is described
<eref target="http://www.example.com/reports/r12.html">
in this interesting report</eref>.
```

An HTML formatter might generate

```
This is described
<a href="http://www.example.com/reports/r12.html">
in this interesting report</a>.
```

This element appears as a child element of: <annotation> (Section 2.3), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <c> (Section 3.1), <cref> (Section 2.16), <dd> (Section 2.18), <dt> (Section 2.21), <em> (Section 2.22), <li> (Section 2.29), <name> (Section 2.32), <postamble> (Section 3.5), <preamble> (Section 3.6), <strong> (Section 2.50), <sub> (Section 2.51), <sup> (Section 2.52), <t> (Section 2.53), <td> (Section 2.56), <th> (Section 2.58), <tt> (Section 2.62), and <ttdcol> (Section 3.9).

Content model: only text content.

#### 2.24.1. 'target' attribute (mandatory)

URI of the link target (see Section 3 of [RFC3986]). This must begin with a scheme name (such as "https://") and thus not be relative to the URL of the current document.

#### 2.25. <figure>

Contains a figure with a caption with the figure number. If the element contains a <name> element, the caption will also show that name.

This element appears as a child element of: <aside> (Section 2.6), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <dd> (Section 2.18), <li>

(Section 2.29), <section> (Section 2.46), <td> (Section 2.56), and <th> (Section 2.58).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One optional <name> element (Section 2.32)
2. Optional <iref> elements (Section 2.27)
3. One optional <preamble> element (Section 3.6)
4. In any order, but at least one of:

- \* <artwork> elements (Section 2.5)
- \* <sourcecode> elements (Section 2.48)

5. One optional <postamble> element (Section 3.5)

#### 2.25.1. 'align' attribute

Deprecated.

Note: does not affect title or <artwork> alignment.

Allowed values:

- o "left" (default)
- o "center"
- o "right"

#### 2.25.2. 'alt' attribute

Deprecated. If the goal is to provide a single URI for a reference, use the "target" attribute on <reference> instead.

#### 2.25.3. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this figure.

## 2.25.4. 'height' attribute

Deprecated.

## 2.25.5. 'src' attribute

Deprecated.

## 2.25.6. 'suppress-title' attribute

Deprecated. Figures always now get captions.

Allowed values:

- o "true"
- o "false" (default)

## 2.25.7. 'title' attribute

Deprecated. Use <name> instead.

## 2.25.8. 'width' attribute

Deprecated.

## 2.26. &lt;front&gt;

Represent the "front matter": metadata (such as author information), abstract, and additional notes.

A <front> element may have more than one <seriesInfo> elements. A <seriesInfo> element determines the document number (for RFCs) or name (for Internet-Drafts). Another <seriesInfo> element determines the "maturity level" (see Section 4 of [RFC2026]), using values of "std" for "Standards Track", "bcp" for "BCP", "info" for "Informational", "exp" for "Experimental", and "historic" for "Historic". The "name" attributes of those multiple <seriesInfo> elements interact as described in the section on <seriesInfo>.

This element appears as a child element of: <reference> (Section 2.40), and <rfc> (Section 2.45).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One <title> element (Section 2.60)
2. One or more <author> elements (Section 2.7)
3. One optional <date> element (Section 2.17)
4. Optional <area> elements (Section 2.4)
5. Optional <workgroup> elements (Section 2.65)
6. Optional <keyword> elements (Section 2.28)
7. One optional <abstract> element (Section 2.1)
8. Optional <seriesInfo> elements (Section 2.47)
9. Optional <note> elements (Section 2.33)
10. One optional <boilerplate> element (Section 2.11)

## 2.27. <iref>

Provides terms for the document's index.

Index entries can be either be regular entries (when just the "item" attribute is given) or nested entries (by specifying "subitem" as well), grouped under a regular entry.

Index entries generally refer to the exact place where the <iref> element occurred. An exception is the occurrence as a child element of <section>, in which case the whole section is considered to be relevant for that index entry. In some formats, index entries of this type might be displayed as range.

When the prep tool is creating index content, it collects the items in a case-sensitive fashion for both the item and subitem level.

This element appears as a child element of: <annotation> (Section 2.3), <aside> (Section 2.6), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <c> (Section 3.1), <dd> (Section 2.18), <dt> (Section 2.21), <em> (Section 2.22), <figure> (Section 2.25), <li> (Section 2.29), <postamble> (Section 3.5), <preamble> (Section 3.6), <section> (Section 2.46), <strong> (Section 2.50), <sub> (Section 2.51), <sup> (Section 2.52), <t> (Section 2.53), <table> (Section 2.54), <td> (Section 2.56), <th> (Section 2.58), <tt> (Section 2.62), and <ttcol> (Section 3.9).

Content model: this element does not have any contents.

#### 2.27.1. 'item' attribute (mandatory)

The item to include.

#### 2.27.2. 'primary' attribute

Setting this to "true" declares the occurrence as "primary", which might cause it to be highlighted in the index.

Allowed values:

- o "true"
- o "false" (default)

#### 2.27.3. 'subitem' attribute

The subitem to include.

#### 2.28. <keyword>

Specifies a keyword applicable to the document.

Note that each element should only contain a single keyword; for multiple keywords, the element can simply be repeated.

Keywords are used both in the RFC Index and in the metadata of generated document representations.

This element appears as a child element of: <front> (Section 2.26).

Content model: only text content.

#### 2.29. <li>

A list element, used in <ol> and <ul>.

This element appears as a child element of: <ol> (Section 2.34), and <ul> (Section 2.63).

Content model:

Either:

In any order, but at least one of:

- \* <artwork> elements (Section 2.5)
- \* <dl> elements (Section 2.20)
- \* <figure> elements (Section 2.25)
- \* <ol> elements (Section 2.34)
- \* <sourcecode> elements (Section 2.48)
- \* <t> elements (Section 2.53)
- \* <ul> elements (Section 2.63)

Or:

In any order, but at least one of:

- \* Text
- \* <bcp14> elements (Section 2.9)
- \* <cref> elements (Section 2.16)
- \* <em> elements (Section 2.22)
- \* <eref> elements (Section 2.24)
- \* <iref> elements (Section 2.27)
- \* <relref> elements (Section 2.44)
- \* <strong> elements (Section 2.50)
- \* <sub> elements (Section 2.51)
- \* <sup> elements (Section 2.52)
- \* <tt> elements (Section 2.62)
- \* <xref> elements (Section 2.66)

### 2.29.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this list item.

### 2.30. <link>

A link to an external document that is related to the RFC.

The following are the supported types of external documents that can be pointed to in a <link> element:

- o The current ISSN for the RFC Series. The value for the "rel" attribute is "item". The link should use the form "urn:issn:".
- o The DOI for this document. The value for the "rel" attribute is "describedBy". The link should use the form specified in [DOI].
- o The Internet Draft that was submitted to the RFC Editor to become the published RFC. The value for the "rel" attribute is "derivedFrom". The link should be to an IETF-controlled web site that retains copies of Internet Drafts.
- o A representation of the document offered by the document author. The value for the "rel" attribute is "alternate". The link can be to a personally-run web site.

In RFC production mode, the prep tool needs to check the values for <link> before an RFC is published. In draft production mode, the prep tool might remove some <link> elements during the draft submission process.

This element appears as a child element of: <rfc> (Section 2.45).

Content model: this element does not have any contents.

#### 2.30.1. 'href' attribute (mandatory)

The URI of the external document.

#### 2.30.2. 'rel' attribute

The relationship of the external document to this one. The relationships are taken from Link Relations registry maintained by IANA [LINKRELATIONS].

## 2.31. &lt;middle&gt;

Represents the main content of the document.

This element appears as a child element of: <rfc> (Section 2.45).

Content model:

One or more <section> elements (Section 2.46)

## 2.32. &lt;name&gt;

The name of the section, note, figure, or texttable. This name can have flow markup such as to make some characters use a fixed-width font, or to include references.

This element appears as a child element of: <figure> (Section 2.25), <note> (Section 2.33), <references> (Section 2.42), <section> (Section 2.46), <table> (Section 2.54), and <texttable> (Section 3.8).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o <cref> elements (Section 2.16)
- o <eref> elements (Section 2.24)
- o <relref> elements (Section 2.44)
- o <tt> elements (Section 2.62)
- o <xref> elements (Section 2.66)

## 2.33. &lt;note&gt;

Creates an unnumbered section that appears after the abstract.

It is usually used for additional information to reviewers (working group information, mailing list, ...), or for additional publication information such as "IESG Notes".

This element appears as a child element of: <front> (Section 2.26).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One optional <name> element (Section 2.32)
2. In any order, but at least one of:

- \* <dl> elements (Section 2.20)
- \* <ol> elements (Section 2.34)
- \* <t> elements (Section 2.53)
- \* <ul> elements (Section 2.63)

#### 2.33.1. 'removeInRFC' attribute

If set to "true", this note is marked in the prep tool with text indicating that it should be removed before the document is published as an RFC.

Allowed values:

- o "true"
- o "false" (default)

#### 2.33.2. 'title' attribute

Deprecated. Use <name> instead.

#### 2.34. <ol>

An ordered list. The labels on the items will be either a number or a letter, depending on the value of the style attribute.

This element appears as a child element of: <abstract> (Section 2.1), <aside> (Section 2.6), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <dd> (Section 2.18), <li> (Section 2.29), <note> (Section 2.33), <section> (Section 2.46), <td> (Section 2.56), and <th> (Section 2.58).

Content model:

One or more <li> elements (Section 2.29)

#### 2.34.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for the list.

#### 2.34.2. 'group' attribute

When the prep tool sees an <ol> element with a "group" attribute that has already been seen, it continues the numbering of the list from where the previous list with the same group name left off. If an <ol> element has both a "group" and "start" attribute, the group's numbering is reset to the given start value.

#### 2.34.3. 'spacing' attribute

Defines whether or not there is a blank line between entries. spacing="normal" indicates a single blank line, while spacing="compact" indicates no space between.

Allowed values:

- o "normal" (default)
- o "compact"

#### 2.34.4. 'start' attribute

The ordinal value to start the list at. This defaults to "1", and must be an integer of 0 or greater.

#### 2.34.5. 'type' attribute

The type of the labels on list items. If the length of the type value is 1, the meaning is the same as it is for HTML:

- a Lowercase letters (a, b, c, ...)
- A Uppercase letters (A, B, C, ...)
- 1 Decimal numbers (1, 2, 3, ...)
- i Lowercase Roman numerals (i, ii, iii, ...)
- I Uppercase Roman numerals (I, II, III, ...)

For type "a" and "A", after the 26th entry, the numbering starts at "aa"/"AA", then "ab"/"AB", and so on.

If the length of the type value is greater than 1, the value must

contain a percent-encoded indicator and other text. The value is a free-form text that allows counter values to be inserted using a "percent-letter" format. For instance, "[REQ%d]" generates labels of the form "[REQ1]", where "%d" inserts the item number as decimal number.

The following formats are supported:

%c Lowercase letters (a, b, c, ...)

%C Uppercase letters (A, B, C, ...)

%d Decimal numbers (1, 2, 3, ...)

%i Lowercase Roman numerals (i, ii, iii, ...)

%I Uppercase Roman numerals (I, II, III, ...)

%% Represents a percent sign

Other formats are reserved for future use. Only one percent encoding other than "%" is allowed in a type string.

It is an error for the type string to be empty. For bulleted lists, you use the <ul> element. For lists that have neither bullets nor numbers, use the <ul> element with the 'empty="true"' attribute.

If no type attribute is given, the default type is the same as "type='%d.'".

## 2.35. <organization>

Specifies the affiliation of an author.

This information appears in both the "Author's Address" section and on the front page (see [RFC7322] for more information). If the value is long, an abbreviated variant can be specified in the "abbrev" attribute.

This element appears as a child element of: <author> (Section 2.7).

Content model: only text content.

### 2.35.1. 'abbrev' attribute

Abbreviated variant.

## 2.35.2. 'ascii' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the organization's name.

## 2.36. &lt;phone&gt;

Represents a phone number.

The value is expected to be the scheme-specific part of a "tel" URI (so does not include the prefix "tel:"), using the "global numbers" syntax. See Section 3 of [RFC3966] for details.

This element appears as a child element of: <address> (Section 2.2).

Content model: only text content.

## 2.37. &lt;postal&gt;

Contains optional child elements providing postal information. These elements will be displayed in an order that is specific to formatters. A postal address can contain only a set of <street>, <city>, <region>, <code>, and <country> elements, or only an ordered set of <postalLine> elements, but not both.

This element appears as a child element of: <address> (Section 2.2).

Content model:

Either:

In any order:

- \* <city> elements (Section 2.13)
- \* <code> elements (Section 2.14)
- \* <country> elements (Section 2.15)
- \* <region> elements (Section 2.43)
- \* <street> elements (Section 2.49)

Or:

One or more `<postalLine>` elements (Section 2.38)

#### 2.38. `<postalLine>`

Represents one line of a postal address. When more than one `<postalLine>` is given, the prep tool emits them in the order given.

This element appears as a child element of: `<postal>` (Section 2.37).

Content model: only text content.

##### 2.38.1. 'ascii' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the text in the address line.

#### 2.39. `<refcontent>`

Text that should appear between the title and the date of a reference. The purpose of this element is to prevent the need to abuse `<seriesInfo>` to get such text in a reference.

For example:

```
<reference anchor="April1">
  <front>
    <title>On Being A Fool</title>
    <author initials="K." surname="Phunny" fullname="Knot Phunny"/>
    <date year="2000" month="April"/>
  </front>
  <refcontent>Self-published pamphlet</refcontent>
</reference>
```

would render as:

```
[April1]      Phunny, K., "On Being A Fool", Self-published
               pamphlet, April 2000.
```

This element appears as a child element of: `<reference>` (Section 2.40).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o `<bcp14>` elements (Section 2.9)

- o `<em>` elements (Section 2.22)
- o `<strong>` elements (Section 2.50)
- o `<sub>` elements (Section 2.51)
- o `<sup>` elements (Section 2.52)
- o `<tt>` elements (Section 2.62)

#### 2.40. `<reference>`

Represents a bibliographical reference.

This element appears as a child element of: `<referencegroup>` (Section 2.41), and `<references>` (Section 2.42).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One `<front>` element (Section 2.26)
2. In any order:

- \* `<annotation>` elements (Section 2.3)
- \* `<format>` elements (Section 3.3)
- \* `<refcontent>` elements (Section 2.39)
- \* `<seriesInfo>` elements (Section 2.47; deprecated in this context)

##### 2.40.1. 'anchor' attribute (mandatory)

Document-wide unique identifier for this reference. Usually, this will be used both to "label" the reference in the references section, and as an identifier in links to this reference entry.

##### 2.40.2. 'quoteTitle' attribute

Specifies whether or not the title in the reference should be quoted. This can be used to prevent quoting, such as on errata.

Allowed values:

- o "true" (default)
- o "false"

#### 2.40.3. 'target' attribute

Holds the URI for the reference.

#### 2.41. <referencegroup>

Represents a list of bibliographic references that will be represented as a single reference. This is most often used for references in the STD and BCP series, where a single reference (such as "BCP 9") encompasses more than one RFC.

This element appears as a child element of: <references> (Section 2.42).

Content model:

One or more <reference> elements (Section 2.40)

##### 2.41.1. 'anchor' attribute (mandatory)

Document-wide unique identifier for this reference group. Usually, this will be used both to "label" the reference group in the references section, and as an identifier in links to this reference entry.

#### 2.42. <references>

Contains a set of bibliographical references.

In the early days of the RFC series, there was only one "References" section per RFC. This convention was later changed to group references into two sets, "Normative" and "Informative" as described in [RFC7322]). This vocabulary supports the split with the <name> child element. In general, the title should be either "Normative References" or "Informative References".

By default, the order of references is significant. Some formatters, however, might be able to be requested to sort them based on their anchor names.

This element appears as a child element of: <back> (Section 2.8).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One optional `<name>` element (Section 2.32)

2. In any order:

- \* `<reference>` elements (Section 2.40)

- \* `<referencegroup>` elements (Section 2.41)

#### 2.42.1. 'anchor' attribute

An optional user-supplied for this section.

#### 2.42.2. 'title' attribute

Deprecated. Use `<name>` instead.

#### 2.43. `<region>`

Provides the region name in a postal address.

This element appears as a child element of: `<postal>` (Section 2.37).

Content model: only text content.

##### 2.43.1. 'ascii' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the region name.

#### 2.44. `<relref>`

A relative link to a reference from the References section. Formatters that have links (such as HTML and PDF) are likely to render `<relref>` elements as external hyperlinks to the specified part of the reference, creating the link target by combining the base URI from the `<reference>` element with the "relative" attribute from this element. The "target" attribute is required, and it must be the anchor of a `<reference>` element.

Either the "relative" or the "section" attribute must be present, but both cannot be given for a `<relref>` element. If a reference is an RFC or Internet-Draft that is in the v3 format and the desired relative reference is to a section of that reference, the "section" attribute is easier to use than the "relative" attribute because the value of "section" is just a section string such as "2.3".

An example of the <relref> element with text content might be:

```
See <relref section="2.3" target="RFC7878">
the protocol overview</relref>
for more information.
```

An HTML formatter might generate:

```
See
<a href="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3">
the protocol overview</a>
for more information.
```

This element appears as a child element of: <annotation> (Section 2.3), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <cref> (Section 2.16), <dd> (Section 2.18), <dt> (Section 2.21), <em> (Section 2.22), <li> (Section 2.29), <name> (Section 2.32), <preamble> (Section 3.6), <strong> (Section 2.50), <sub> (Section 2.51), <sup> (Section 2.52), <t> (Section 2.53), <td> (Section 2.56), <th> (Section 2.58), and <tt> (Section 2.62).

Content model: only text content.

#### 2.44.1. 'displayFormat' attribute

This attribute is used to signal formatters what the desired format of the relative reference should be. Formatters for document types that have linking capability should wrap each part of the displayed text in hyperlinks. If there is content in the <relref> element, formatters will ignore the value of this attribute.

"of"

A formatter should display the relative reference as the contents of the "derivedRemoteContent" attribute followed by a space, the word "of", another space, and the value from the "target" attribute enclosed in square brackets.

For example, if Section 2.3 of RFC 7878 has the title "Protocol Overview", with an input of:

```
See
<relref section="2.3" target="RFC7878" displayFormat="of"/>
for an overview.
```

An HTML formatter might generate:

See  
<a href="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3">  
Section 2.3</a> of  
[<a href="#RFC7878">RFC7878</a>]  
for an overview.

Note that "displayFormat='of'" is the default for <relref> so it does not need to be given in a <relref> element if that format is desired.

#### "comma"

A formatter should display the relative reference as the value from the "target" attribute enclosed in square brackets, a comma, a space, and the "derivedRemoteContent" attribute.

For example, if Section 2.3 of RFC 7878 has the title "Protocol Overview", with an input of:

See  
<relref section="2.3" target="RFC7878" displayFormat="comma"/>,  
for an overview.

An HTML formatter might generate:

See  
[<a href="#RFC7878">RFC7878</a>],  
<a href="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3">  
Section 2.3</a>, for an overview.

#### "parens"

A formatter should display the relative reference as the value from the "target" attribute enclosed in square brackets, a space, a left parenthesis, the "derivedRemoteContent" attribute, and a right parenthesis.

For example, if Section 2.3 of RFC 7878 has the title "Protocol Overview", with an input of:

See  
<relref section="2.3" target="RFC7878" displayFormat="parens"/>  
for an overview.

An HTML formatter might generate

See  
[<a href="#RFC7878">RFC7878</a>]  
(<a href="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3">  
Section 2.3</a>)  
for an overview.

#### "bare"

A formatter should display the relative reference as the contents of the "derivedRemoteContent" attribute and nothing else. This is useful when there are multiple relative references to a single base reference.

For example:

See  
<relref section="2.3" target="RFC7878" displayFormat="bare"/>  
and  
<relref section="2.4" target="RFC7878" displayFormat="of"/>  
for an overview.

An HTML formatter might generate:

See  
<a href="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.3">  
Section 2.3</a>  
and  
<a href="http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7878#s-2.4">  
Section 2.4</a> of  
[<a href="#RFC7878">RFC7878</a>]  
for an overview.

Allowed values:

- o "of" (default)
- o "comma"
- o "parens"
- o "bare"

#### 2.44.2. 'relative' attribute

Specifies a relative reference from the URI in the target reference. This value must include whatever leading character is needed to create the relative reference; typically, this is "#" for HTML documents.

#### 2.44.3. 'section' attribute

Specifies a section of the target reference. If the reference is not an RFC or Internet-Draft, it is an error.

#### 2.44.4. 'target' attribute (mandatory)

The anchor of the reference for this element. If this value is not an anchor to a <reference> or <referencegroup> element, it is an error. If the reference at the target has no URI, it is an error.

#### 2.45. <rfc>

This is the root element of the xml2rfc vocabulary.

Content model:

In this order:

1. Optional <link> elements (Section 2.30)
2. One <front> element (Section 2.26)
3. One <middle> element (Section 2.31)
4. One optional <back> element (Section 2.8)

##### 2.45.1. 'category' attribute

Deprecated; instead, use the "name" attribute in <seriesInfo>.

##### 2.45.2. 'consensus' attribute

Affects the generated boilerplate. Note that the values of "no" and "yes" are deprecated and are replaced by "false" (the default) and "true".

See [RFC5741] for more information.

Allowed values:

- o "no"
- o "yes"
- o "false" (default)

- o "true"

#### 2.45.3. 'docName' attribute

Deprecated; instead, use the "value" attribute in <seriesInfo>.

#### 2.45.4. 'indexInclude' attribute

Specifies whether or not a formatter is requested to include an index in generated files. If the source file has no <ieref> elements, an index is never generated. This option is useful for generating documents where the source document has <ieref> elements but the author no longer wants an index.

Allowed values:

- o "true" (default)
- o "false"

#### 2.45.5. 'ipr' attribute

Represents the Intellectual Property status of the document. See Appendix A.1 for details.

Allowed values:

- o "full2026"
- o "noDerivativeWorks2026"
- o "none"
- o "full3667"
- o "noModification3667"
- o "noDerivatives3667"
- o "full3978"
- o "noModification3978"
- o "noDerivatives3978"
- o "trust200811"

- o "noModificationTrust200811"
- o "noDerivativesTrust200811"
- o "trust200902"
- o "noModificationTrust200902"
- o "noDerivativesTrust200902"
- o "pre5378Trust200902"

#### 2.45.6. 'iprExtract' attribute

Identifies a single section within the document for which extraction "as-is" is explicitly allowed (only relevant for historic values of the "ipr" attribute).

#### 2.45.7. 'number' attribute

Deprecated; instead, use the "value" attribute in <seriesInfo>.

#### 2.45.8. 'obsoletes' attribute

A comma-separated list of RFC numbers or Internet-Draft names.

The prep tool will parse the attribute value so that incorrect references can be detected.

#### 2.45.9. 'prepTime' attribute

The date that the XML was processed by a preparation tool. This is included in the XML file just before it is saved to disk. The value is formatted using the format from [RFC3339].

#### 2.45.10. 'seriesNo' attribute

Deprecated; instead, use the "value" attribute in <seriesInfo>.

#### 2.45.11. 'sortRefs' attribute

Specifies whether or not the prep tool will sort the references in each reference section.

Allowed values:

- o "true"
- o "false" (default)

#### 2.45.12. 'submissionType' attribute

The document stream.

See Section 2 of [RFC5741] for details.

Allowed values:

- o "IETF" (default)
- o "IAB"
- o "IRTF"
- o "independent"

#### 2.45.13. 'symRefs' attribute

Specifies whether or not a formatter is requested to use symbolic references (such as "[RFC2119]"). If the value for this is "false", the references come out as numbers (such as "[3]").

Allowed values:

- o "true" (default)
- o "false"

#### 2.45.14. 'tocDepth' attribute

Specifies number of levels of heading that formatter is requested to include in the table of contents; the default is "3".

#### 2.45.15. 'tocInclude' attribute

Specifies whether or not a formatter is requested to include a table of contents in generated files.

Allowed values:

- o "true" (default)
- o "false"

#### 2.45.16. 'updates' attribute

A comma-separated list of RFC numbers or Internet-Draft names.

The prep tool will parse the attribute value so that incorrect references can be detected.

#### 2.45.17. 'version' attribute

Specifies the version of xml2rfc syntax used in this document. The only expected value (for now) is "3".

#### 2.46. <section>

Represents a section (when inside a <middle> element) or an appendix (when inside a <back> element).

Sub-sections are created by nesting <section> elements inside <section> elements. Sections are allowed to be empty.

This element appears as a child element of: <back> (Section 2.8), <boilerplate> (Section 2.11), <middle> (Section 2.31), and <section> (Section 2.46).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One optional <name> element (Section 2.32)

2. In any order:

- \* <artwork> elements (Section 2.5)
- \* <aside> elements (Section 2.6)
- \* <blockquote> elements (Section 2.10)
- \* <dl> elements (Section 2.20)
- \* <figure> elements (Section 2.25)
- \* <ieref> elements (Section 2.27)
- \* <ol> elements (Section 2.34)

- \* `<sourcecode>` elements (Section 2.48)
- \* `<t>` elements (Section 2.53)
- \* `<table>` elements (Section 2.54)
- \* `<texttable>` elements (Section 3.8)
- \* `<ul>` elements (Section 2.63)

### 3. Optional `<section>` elements (Section 2.46)

#### 2.46.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this section.

#### 2.46.2. 'numbered' attribute

If set to "false", the formatter is requested to not display a section number. The prep tool will verify that such a section is not followed by a numbered section in a part, and will verify that the section is a top-level section.

Allowed values:

- o "true" (default)
- o "false"

#### 2.46.3. 'removeInRFC' attribute

If set to "true", the formatter is requested to mark this section with a paragraph at the beginning of the section indicating that it should be removed before the document is published as an RFC.

Allowed values:

- o "true"
- o "false" (default)

#### 2.46.4. 'title' attribute

Deprecated. Use `<name>` instead.

#### 2.46.5. 'toc' attribute

Indicates to a formatter whether or not the section is to be included in a table of contents, if such a table of contents is produced. This only takes effect if the level of the section would have appeared in the table of contents based on the "tocDepth" attribute of the <rfc> element, and of course only if the table of contents is being created based on the "tocInclude" attribute of the <rfc> element. If this is set to "exclude", any section below this one will be excluded as well. The "default" value indicates to include the section if it would be included by the tocDepth attribute of the <rfc> element.

Allowed values:

- o "include"
- o "exclude"
- o "default" (default)

#### 2.47. <seriesInfo>

Specifies the document series in which this document appears, and also specifies an identifier within that series.

A processing tool determines if it is working on an RFC or an Internet-Draft by inspecting the "name" attribute of a <seriesInfo> element inside the <front> element inside the <rfc> element, looking for "rfc" or "Internet-Draft". (Specifying neither value in any of the <seriesInfo> elements can be useful for producing other types of documents, but is out-of-scope for this specification.)

It is invalid to have multiple <seriesInfo> elements inside the <front> element inside the <rfc> element that have "name" values of "rfc", or that have "name" values of "Internet-Draft", or that have both "rfc" and "Internet-Draft".

This element appears as a child element of: <front> (Section 2.26), and <reference> (Section 2.40; deprecated in this context).

Content model: this element does not have any contents.

##### 2.47.1. 'asciiName' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the name field.

#### 2.47.2. 'asciiValue' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the value field.

#### 2.47.3. 'name' attribute (mandatory)

The name of the series.

Some of the values for "name" interact as follows:

- o If a <front> element contains a <seriesInfo> element with a name of "Internet-Draft", it can also have at most one additional <seriesInfo> element with a name of "std", "bcp", "fyi", "exp", or "historic" to indicate the intended status of this Internet Draft, if it were to be later published as an RFC. If such an additional <seriesInfo> element has one of those names, the value attribute for that name MUST be "".
- o If a <front> element contains a <seriesInfo> element with a name of "rfc", it can also have at most one additional <seriesInfo> element with a name of "std", "bcp", or "fyi" to indicate the current status of this RFC. If such an additional <seriesInfo> element has one of those names, the value attribute for that name MUST be the number within that series. That <front> element might also contain an additional <seriesInfo> with the name "exp" or "historic" and a value of "" to indicate the status of the RFC.
- o A <front> element that has a <seriesInfo> element that has the name "Internet-Draft" MUST NOT also have a <seriesInfo> element that has the name "rfc".
- o The DOI for the referenced document. This MUST NOT be used when <seriesInfo> element is an eventual child element of a <rfc> element, only as an eventual child of a <reference> element. The value attribute should use the form specified in [DOI].

Other values might be added at a later time by the RFC Editor.

#### 2.47.4. 'value' attribute (mandatory)

The identifier within the series specified by the "name" attribute.

For BCPs, FYIs, RFCs, and STDs this is the number within the series. For Internet-Drafts, it is the full draft name (ending with the two-digit version number). For DOIs, the value is given such as "10.123456/rfc1149", (the actual value will be specified later in [DOI]).

The name in the value should be the document name without any file extension. For Internet Drafts, the value for this attribute should be "draft-ietf-somewg-someprotocol-07", not "draft-ietf-somewg-someprotocol-07.txt".

#### 2.48. <sourcecode>

This element allows the inclusion of sourcecode into the document.

<sourcecode> provides full control of horizontal whitespace and line breaks. It is thus useful for source code and formal languages (such as ABNF or the RNC notation used in this document). When rendered, sourcecode is always shown in a monospace font.

For artwork such as character-based art, diagrams of message layouts, and so on, use the <artwork> element instead.

A common problem authors have with <sourcecode> is that the XML processor returns errors if the text in the artwork contains either the "&" or "<" character, or the string "]]>". To avoid these problems, the "&" and "<" characters may be escaped using the strings "&amp;" and "&lt;", respectively; the "]]>" string can be represented as "]]&gt;". Alternatively, they may be surrounded in a CDATA structure: "<![CDATA[]]>". For example:

Desired output:

```
allowed-chars = "." | "," | "&" | "<" | ">" | "|" | "
```

Using escaping:

```
<sourcecode>
```

```
  allowed-chars = "." | "," | "&amp;" | "&lt;" | "&gt;" | "|" | "
```

```
</sourcecode>
```

Using CDATA:

```
<sourcecode>
```

```
<![CDATA[  allowed-chars = "." | "," | "&" | "<" | ">" | "|" | "]]>
```

```
</sourcecode>
```

Using CDATA is not a panacea, but it does help prevent having to use escapes in places where using escapes can cause other problems, such as difficulty of inclusion from other documents.

Output formatters that do pagination should attempt to keep source code on a single page. This is to prevent source code that is split across pages from looking like two separate pieces of code.

This element appears as a child element of: <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <dd> (Section 2.18), <figure> (Section 2.25), <li>

(Section 2.29), `<section>` (Section 2.46), `<td>` (Section 2.56), and `<th>` (Section 2.58).

Content model: only text content.

#### 2.48.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this sourcecode.

#### 2.48.2. 'name' attribute

A filename suitable for the contents (such as for extraction to a local file). This attribute can be helpful for other kinds of tools (such as automated syntax checkers which work by extracting the source code). Note that the "name" attribute does not need to be unique for artwork elements in a document. If multiple sourcecode elements have the same name attribute, a formatter might assume that the elements are all fragments of a single file, and such a formatter can collect those fragments for later processing.

#### 2.48.3. 'src' attribute

The URI reference of a source file ([RFC3986]).

It is an error to have both a "src" attribute and content in the `<sourcecode>` element.

#### 2.48.4. 'type' attribute

Specifies the type of the sourcecode. The value of this attribute is free text with certain values designated as preferred.

The preferred values for `<sourcecode>` types are:

- o abnf
- o asn.1
- o bash
- o c++
- o c
- o cbor
- o dtd

- o java
- o javascript
- o json
- o mib
- o perl
- o pseudocode
- o python
- o rnc
- o xml

The RFC Editor will maintain a complete list of the preferred values on its web site, and that list is expected to be updated over time. Thus, a consumer of v3 XML should not cause a failure when it encounters an unexpected type.

#### 2.49. <street>

Provides a street address.

This element appears as a child element of: <postal> (Section 2.37).

Content model: only text content.

##### 2.49.1. 'ascii' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the street address.

#### 2.50. <strong>

Indicates text that is semantically strong. This element will be displayed as bold after processing. This element can be combined with other character formatting elements, and the formatting will be additive.

This element appears as a child element of: <annotation> (Section 2.3), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <cref> (Section 2.16), <dd> (Section 2.18), <dt> (Section 2.21), <em> (Section 2.22), <li> (Section 2.29), <preamble> (Section 3.6), <refcontent> (Section 2.39), <sub> (Section 2.51), <sup> (Section 2.52), <t> (Section 2.53), <td> (Section 2.56), <th> (Section 2.58), and <tt>

(Section 2.62).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o `<bcp14>` elements (Section 2.9)
- o `<cref>` elements (Section 2.16)
- o `<em>` elements (Section 2.22)
- o `<eref>` elements (Section 2.24)
- o `<iref>` elements (Section 2.27)
- o `<relref>` elements (Section 2.44)
- o `<sub>` elements (Section 2.51)
- o `<sup>` elements (Section 2.52)
- o `<tt>` elements (Section 2.62)
- o `<xref>` elements (Section 2.66)

#### 2.51. `<sub>`

Causes the text to be displayed as subscript, approximately half a letter-height lower than normal text. This element can be combined with other character formatting elements, and the formatting will be additive.

This element appears as a child element of: `<annotation>` (Section 2.3), `<blockquote>` (Section 2.10), `<cref>` (Section 2.16), `<dd>` (Section 2.18), `<dt>` (Section 2.21), `<em>` (Section 2.22), `<li>` (Section 2.29), `<preamble>` (Section 3.6), `<refcontent>` (Section 2.39), `<strong>` (Section 2.50), `<t>` (Section 2.53), `<td>` (Section 2.56), `<th>` (Section 2.58), and `<tt>` (Section 2.62).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o `<bcp14>` elements (Section 2.9)
- o `<cref>` elements (Section 2.16)
- o `<em>` elements (Section 2.22)
- o `<eref>` elements (Section 2.24)
- o `<iref>` elements (Section 2.27)
- o `<relref>` elements (Section 2.44)
- o `<strong>` elements (Section 2.50)
- o `<tt>` elements (Section 2.62)
- o `<xref>` elements (Section 2.66)

#### 2.52. `<sup>`

Causes the text to be displayed as superscript, approximately half a letter-height higher than normal text. This element can be combined with other character formatting elements, and the formatting will be additive.

This element appears as a child element of: `<annotation>` (Section 2.3), `<blockquote>` (Section 2.10), `<cref>` (Section 2.16), `<dd>` (Section 2.18), `<dt>` (Section 2.21), `<em>` (Section 2.22), `<li>` (Section 2.29), `<preamble>` (Section 3.6), `<refcontent>` (Section 2.39), `<strong>` (Section 2.50), `<t>` (Section 2.53), `<td>` (Section 2.56), `<th>` (Section 2.58), and `<tt>` (Section 2.62).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o `<bcp14>` elements (Section 2.9)
- o `<cref>` elements (Section 2.16)
- o `<em>` elements (Section 2.22)
- o `<eref>` elements (Section 2.24)

- o `<ieref>` elements (Section 2.27)
- o `<relref>` elements (Section 2.44)
- o `<strong>` elements (Section 2.50)
- o `<tt>` elements (Section 2.62)
- o `<xref>` elements (Section 2.66)

#### 2.53. `<t>`

Contains a paragraph of text.

This element appears as a child element of: `<abstract>` (Section 2.1), `<aside>` (Section 2.6), `<blockquote>` (Section 2.10), `<dd>` (Section 2.18), `<li>` (Section 2.29), `<list>` (Section 3.4), `<note>` (Section 2.33), `<section>` (Section 2.46), `<td>` (Section 2.56), and `<th>` (Section 2.58).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o `<bcp14>` elements (Section 2.9)
- o `<cref>` elements (Section 2.16)
- o `<em>` elements (Section 2.22)
- o `<eref>` elements (Section 2.24)
- o `<ieref>` elements (Section 2.27)
- o `<list>` elements (Section 3.4)
- o `<relref>` elements (Section 2.44)
- o `<spanx>` elements (Section 3.7)
- o `<strong>` elements (Section 2.50)
- o `<sub>` elements (Section 2.51)
- o `<sup>` elements (Section 2.52)

- o `<tt>` elements (Section 2.62)
- o `<vspace>` elements (Section 3.10)
- o `<xref>` elements (Section 2.66)

#### 2.53.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this paragraph.

#### 2.53.2. 'hangText' attribute

Deprecated. Instead use `<dd>` inside of a definition list (`<dl>`).

#### 2.53.3. 'keepWithNext' attribute

Acts as a hint to the output formatters that do pagination to do a best effort attempt to keep the paragraph with the next element, whatever that happens to be. For example, the HTML output @media print CSS might translate this to page-break-after: avoid. For PDF, the paginator could attempt to keep the paragraph with the next element. Note: this attribute is strictly a hint and not always actionable.

Allowed values:

- o "false" (default)
- o "true"

#### 2.53.4. 'keepWithPrevious' attribute

Acts as a hint to the output formatters that do pagination to do a best effort attempt to keep the paragraph with the previous element, whatever that happens to be. For example, the HTML output @media print CSS might translate this to page-break-before: avoid. For PDF, the paginator could attempt to keep the paragraph with the previous element. Note: this attribute is strictly a hint and not always actionable.

Allowed values:

- o "false" (default)
- o "true"

## 2.54. <table>

Contains a table with a caption with the table number. If the element contains a <name> element, the caption will also show that name.

Inside the <table> element is optionally a <thead> element to contain the rows that will be the table's heading and optionally a <tfoot> element to contain the rows of the table's footer. If the XML is converted to a representation that has page breaks (such as PDFs, or printed HTML), the header and footer are meant to appear on each page.

This element appears as a child element of: <aside> (Section 2.6), and <section> (Section 2.46).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One optional <name> element (Section 2.32)
2. Optional <iref> elements (Section 2.27)
3. One optional <thead> element (Section 2.59)
4. One or more <tbody> elements (Section 2.55)
5. One optional <tfoot> element (Section 2.57)

### 2.54.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this table.

## 2.55. <tbody>

A container for a set of body rows for a table.

This element appears as a child element of: <table> (Section 2.54).

Content model:

One or more <tr> elements (Section 2.61)

### 2.55.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for the tbody.

## 2.56. &lt;td&gt;

A cell in a table row.

This element appears as a child element of: <tr> (Section 2.61).

Content model:

Either:

One or more <t> elements (Section 2.53)

Or:

In any order, but at least one of:

- \* Text
- \* <artwork> elements (Section 2.5)
- \* <bcp14> elements (Section 2.9)
- \* <br> elements (Section 2.12)
- \* <cref> elements (Section 2.16)
- \* <dl> elements (Section 2.20)
- \* <em> elements (Section 2.22)
- \* <eref> elements (Section 2.24)
- \* <figure> elements (Section 2.25)
- \* <ieref> elements (Section 2.27)
- \* <ol> elements (Section 2.34)
- \* <relref> elements (Section 2.44)
- \* <sourcecode> elements (Section 2.48)
- \* <strong> elements (Section 2.50)
- \* <sub> elements (Section 2.51)

- \* <sup> elements (Section 2.52)
- \* <tt> elements (Section 2.62)
- \* <ul> elements (Section 2.63)
- \* <xref> elements (Section 2.66)

#### 2.56.1. 'align' attribute

Controls whether the content of the cell appears left justified (default), centered, or right justified. Note that "center" or "right" probably only work well in cells with plain text; any other elements might make the contents render badly.

Allowed values:

- o "left" (default)
- o "center"
- o "right"

#### 2.56.2. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for the cell.

#### 2.56.3. 'border' attribute

The width of the border for this cell. The default is 0, meaning no border.

#### 2.56.4. 'colspan' attribute

The number of columns that the cell to span. For example, setting "colspan='3'" indicates that the cell occupies the same horizontal space as three cells in the row above or below this one.

#### 2.56.5. 'rowspan' attribute

The number of rows that the cell to span. For example, setting "rowspan='3'" indicates that the cell occupies the same vertical space as three rows.

## 2.57. <tfoot>

A container for a set of footer rows for a table.

This element appears as a child element of: <table> (Section 2.54).

Content model:

One or more <tr> elements (Section 2.61)

### 2.57.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for the tfoot.

## 2.58. <th>

A cell in a table row. When rendered, this will normally come out in boldface; other than that, there is no difference between this and the <td> element.

This element appears as a child element of: <tr> (Section 2.61).

Content model:

Either:

One or more <t> elements (Section 2.53)

Or:

In any order, but at least one of:

- \* Text
- \* <artwork> elements (Section 2.5)
- \* <bcp14> elements (Section 2.9)
- \* <br> elements (Section 2.12)
- \* <cref> elements (Section 2.16)
- \* <dl> elements (Section 2.20)
- \* <em> elements (Section 2.22)

- \* <eref> elements (Section 2.24)
- \* <figure> elements (Section 2.25)
- \* <iref> elements (Section 2.27)
- \* <ol> elements (Section 2.34)
- \* <relref> elements (Section 2.44)
- \* <sourcecode> elements (Section 2.48)
- \* <strong> elements (Section 2.50)
- \* <sub> elements (Section 2.51)
- \* <sup> elements (Section 2.52)
- \* <tt> elements (Section 2.62)
- \* <ul> elements (Section 2.63)
- \* <xref> elements (Section 2.66)

#### 2.58.1. 'align' attribute

Controls whether the content of the cell appears left justified (default), centered, or right justified. Note that "center" or "right" probably only work well in cells with plain text; any other elements might make the contents render badly.

Allowed values:

- o "left" (default)
- o "center"
- o "right"

#### 2.58.2. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for the row.

#### 2.58.3. 'border' attribute

The width of the border for this cell. The default is 0, meaning no border.

#### 2.58.4. 'colspan' attribute

The number of columns that the cell to span. For example, setting "colspan='3'" indicates that the cell occupies the same horizontal space as three cells in the row above or below this one.

#### 2.58.5. 'rowspan' attribute

The number of rows that the cell to span. For example, setting "rowspan='3'" indicates that the cell occupies the same vertical space as three rows.

### 2.59. <thead>

A container for a set of header rows for a table.

This element appears as a child element of: <table> (Section 2.54).

Content model:

One or more <tr> elements (Section 2.61)

#### 2.59.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for the thead.

### 2.60. <title>

Represents the document title.

When this element appears in the <front> element of the current document, the title might also appear in page headers or footers. If it is long (~40 characters), the "abbrev" attribute can be used to specify an abbreviated variant.

This element appears as a child element of: <front> (Section 2.26).

Content model: only text content.

#### 2.60.1. 'abbrev' attribute

Specifies an abbreviated variant of the document title.

#### 2.60.2. 'ascii' attribute

The ASCII equivalent of the title.

## 2.61. <tr>

A row of a table.

This element appears as a child element of: <tbody> (Section 2.55), <tfoot> (Section 2.57), and <thead> (Section 2.59).

Content model:

In any order, but at least one of:

- o <td> elements (Section 2.56)
- o <th> elements (Section 2.58)

### 2.61.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for the row.

### 2.61.2. 'border' attribute

The width of the border for this row. The default is 0, meaning no border. If the cells in this row also have "border" attributes, those values override this value for those cells.

## 2.62. <tt>

Causes the text to be displayed in a constant-width font. This element can be combined with other character formatting elements, and the formatting will be additive.

This element appears as a child element of: <annotation> (Section 2.3), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <cref> (Section 2.16), <dd> (Section 2.18), <dt> (Section 2.21), <em> (Section 2.22), <li> (Section 2.29), <name> (Section 2.32), <preamble> (Section 3.6), <refcontent> (Section 2.39), <strong> (Section 2.50), <sub> (Section 2.51), <sup> (Section 2.52), <t> (Section 2.53), <td> (Section 2.56), and <th> (Section 2.58).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o <bcpl4> elements (Section 2.9)

- o `<cref>` elements (Section 2.16)
- o `<em>` elements (Section 2.22)
- o `<eref>` elements (Section 2.24)
- o `<iref>` elements (Section 2.27)
- o `<relref>` elements (Section 2.44)
- o `<strong>` elements (Section 2.50)
- o `<sub>` elements (Section 2.51)
- o `<sup>` elements (Section 2.52)
- o `<xref>` elements (Section 2.66)

#### 2.63. `<ul>`

An unordered list. The labels on the items will be symbols picked by the formatter.

This element appears as a child element of: `<abstract>` (Section 2.1), `<aside>` (Section 2.6), `<blockquote>` (Section 2.10), `<dd>` (Section 2.18), `<li>` (Section 2.29), `<note>` (Section 2.33), `<section>` (Section 2.46), `<td>` (Section 2.56), and `<th>` (Section 2.58).

Content model:

One or more `<li>` elements (Section 2.29)

##### 2.63.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for the list.

##### 2.63.2. 'empty' attribute

Defines whether or not the label is empty. `empty="true"` indicates that no label be shown.

Allowed values:

- o `"false"` (default)
- o `"true"`

### 2.63.3. 'spacing' attribute

Defines whether or not there is a blank line between entries.  
spacing="normal" indicates a single blank line, while  
spacing="compact" indicates no space between.

Allowed values:

- o "normal" (default)
- o "compact"

### 2.64. <uri>

Contains a web address associated with the author.

The contents should be a valid URI (see Section 3 of [RFC3986]).

This element appears as a child element of: <address> (Section 2.2).

Content model: only text content.

### 2.65. <workgroup>

This element is used to specify the Working Group (IETF) or Research Group (IRTF) from which the document originates, if any. The recommended format is the official name of the Working Group (with some capitalization).

In Internet-Drafts, this is used in the upper left corner of the boilerplate, replacing the "Network Working Group" string. Formatting software can append the words "Working Group" or "Research Group", depending on the "submissionType" property on the <rfc> element (Section 2.45.12).

This element appears as a child element of: <front> (Section 2.26).

Content model: only text content.

### 2.66. <xref>

A reference to an anchor in this document. Formatters that have links (such as HTML and PDF) are likely to render <xref> elements as internal hyperlinks. This element is useful for referring to references in the References section, to specific sections of this document, to specific figures, and so on. The "target" attribute is required.

This element appears as a child element of: <annotation> (Section 2.3), <blockquote> (Section 2.10), <c> (Section 3.1), <cref> (Section 2.16), <dd> (Section 2.18), <dt> (Section 2.21), <em> (Section 2.22), <li> (Section 2.29), <name> (Section 2.32), <postamble> (Section 3.5), <preamble> (Section 3.6), <strong> (Section 2.50), <sub> (Section 2.51), <sup> (Section 2.52), <t> (Section 2.53), <td> (Section 2.56), <th> (Section 2.58), <tt> (Section 2.62), and <ttcol> (Section 3.9).

Content model: only text content.

#### 2.66.1. 'format' attribute

This attribute signals to formatters what the desired format of the reference should be. Formatters for document types that have linking capability should wrap the displayed text in hyperlinks.

##### "counter"

The "derivedContent" attribute will contain just a counter. This is used for targets that are <section>, <figure>, <table>, or item in an ordered list. Using "format='counter'" where the target is any other type of element is an error.

For example, with an input of:

```
<section anchor="overview">Protocol Overview</section>
. . .
See Section <xref target="overview" format="counter"/>
for an overview.
```

An HTML formatter might generate "See Section <a href="#overview">1.7</a> for an overview."

##### "default"

The "derivedContent" attribute will contain a text fragment that describes the referenced part completely, such as "XML" for a target that is a <reference>, or "Section 2" or "Table 4" for a target to a non-reference.

For example, with an input of:

```
<section anchor="overview">Protocol Overview</section>
. . .
See <xref target="overview"/> for an overview.
```

An HTML formatter might generate "See <a href="#overview">Section 1.7</a> for an overview."

"none"

Deprecated.

"title"

If the target is a <reference> element, the "derivedContent" attribute will contain the name of the reference, extracted from the <title> child of the <front> child of the reference. Or, if the target element has a <name> child element, the "derivedContent" attribute will contain the text content of that <name> element concatenated with the text content of each descendant node of <name> (that is, stripping out all of the XML markup, leaving only the text). Or, if the target element does not contain a <name> child element, the "derivedContent" attribute will contain the name of the "anchor" attribute of that element with no other adornment.

Allowed values:

- o "default" (default)
- o "title"
- o "counter"
- o "none"

#### 2.66.2. 'pageno' attribute

Deprecated.

Allowed values:

- o "true"
- o "false" (default)

#### 2.66.3. 'target' attribute (mandatory)

Identifies the document component being referenced. The value needs to match the value of the "anchor" attribute of an element in the document, otherwise it is an error.

## 2.67. <svg> (in namespace <http://www.w3.org/2000/svg>)

This element holds SVG art. The use of SVG in Internet Drafts and RFCs is covered in much more detail in [SVGforRFCs].

This element appears as a child element of: <artwork> (Section 2.5).

Content model: this element does not have any contents.

### 2.67.1. 'TheRealDefinition' attribute (mandatory)

(This is just a placeholder until [SVGforRFCs] has complete RNG that can be incorporated by reference in this draft.)

## 3. Elements from v2 That Have Been Deprecated

This section lists the elements from v2 that have been deprecated. Note that some elements in v3 have attributes from v2 that are deprecated; those are not listed here.

### 3.1. <c>

Deprecated. Instead, use <tr>, <td>, and <th>.

This element appears as a child element of: <texttable> (Section 3.8).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o <bcp14> elements (Section 2.9)
- o <cref> elements (Section 2.16)
- o <em> elements (Section 2.22)
- o <eref> elements (Section 2.24)
- o <iref> elements (Section 2.27)
- o <spanx> elements (Section 3.7)
- o <strong> elements (Section 2.50)

- o <sub> elements (Section 2.51)
- o <sup> elements (Section 2.52)
- o <tt> elements (Section 2.62)
- o <xref> elements (Section 2.66)

### 3.2. <facsimile>

Deprecated. The <email> element is a much more useful way to get in touch with authors.

This element appears as a child element of: <address> (Section 2.2).

Content model: only text content.

### 3.3. <format>

Deprecated. If the goal is to provide a single URI for a reference, use the "target" attribute on <reference> instead.

This element appears as a child element of: <reference> (Section 2.40).

Content model: this element does not have any contents.

#### 3.3.1. 'octets' attribute

Deprecated.

#### 3.3.2. 'target' attribute

Deprecated.

#### 3.3.3. 'type' attribute (mandatory)

Deprecated.

### 3.4. <list>

Deprecated. Instead, use <dl> for list/@style "hanging"; <ul> for list/@style "empty" or "symbols"; and <ol> for list/@style "letters", "numbers", "counter", or "format".

This element appears as a child element of: <t> (Section 2.53).

Content model:

One or more <t> elements (Section 2.53)

#### 3.4.1. 'counter' attribute

Deprecated. The functionality of this attribute has been replaced with <ol>/@start.

#### 3.4.2. 'hangIndent' attribute

Deprecated. Use <dl> instead.

#### 3.4.3. 'style' attribute

Deprecated.

#### 3.5. <postamble>

Deprecated. Instead, use a regular paragraph after the figure or table.

This element appears as a child element of: <figure> (Section 2.25), and <texttable> (Section 3.8).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o <bcp14> elements (Section 2.9)
- o <cref> elements (Section 2.16)
- o <em> elements (Section 2.22)
- o <eref> elements (Section 2.24)
- o <iref> elements (Section 2.27)
- o <spanx> elements (Section 3.7)
- o <strong> elements (Section 2.50)
- o <sub> elements (Section 2.51)
- o <sup> elements (Section 2.52)

- o `<tt>` elements (Section 2.62)
- o `<xref>` elements (Section 2.66)

### 3.6. `<preamble>`

Deprecated. Instead, use a regular paragraph before the figure or table.

This element appears as a child element of: `<figure>` (Section 2.25), and `<texttable>` (Section 3.8).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o `<bcp14>` elements (Section 2.9)
- o `<cref>` elements (Section 2.16)
- o `<em>` elements (Section 2.22)
- o `<eref>` elements (Section 2.24)
- o `<iref>` elements (Section 2.27)
- o `<spanx>` elements (Section 3.7)
- o `<strong>` elements (Section 2.50)
- o `<sub>` elements (Section 2.51)
- o `<sup>` elements (Section 2.52)
- o `<tt>` elements (Section 2.62)
- o `<xref>` elements (Section 2.66)

### 3.7. `<spanx>`

Deprecated.

This element appears as a child element of: `<annotation>` (Section 2.3), `<c>` (Section 3.1), `<postamble>` (Section 3.5), `<preamble>` (Section 3.6), and `<t>` (Section 2.53).

Content model: only text content.

#### 3.7.1. 'style' attribute

Deprecated. Instead of `<spanx style="emph">`, use `<em>`; instead of `<spanx style="strong">`, use `<strong>`; instead of `<spanx style="verb">`, use `<tt>`.

#### 3.7.2. 'xml:space' attribute

Deprecated.

Allowed values:

- o "default"
- o "preserve" (default)

### 3.8. <texttable>

Deprecated. Use `<table>` instead.

This element appears as a child element of: `<aside>` (Section 2.6), and `<section>` (Section 2.46).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One optional `<name>` element (Section 2.32)
2. One optional `<preamble>` element (Section 3.6)
3. One or more `<ttcol>` elements (Section 3.9)
4. Optional `<c>` elements (Section 3.1)
5. One optional `<postamble>` element (Section 3.5)

#### 3.8.1. 'align' attribute

Deprecated

Allowed values:

- o "left"

- o "center" (default)
- o "right"

#### 3.8.2. 'anchor' attribute

Deprecated

#### 3.8.3. 'style' attribute

Deprecated.

#### 3.8.4. 'suppress-title' attribute

Deprecated.

Allowed values:

- o "true"
- o "false" (default)

#### 3.8.5. 'title' attribute

Deprecated.

#### 3.9. <ttcol>

Deprecated. Instead, use <tr>, <td>, and <th>.

This element appears as a child element of: <texttable>  
(Section 3.8).

Content model:

In any order:

- o <cref> elements (Section 2.16)
- o <eref> elements (Section 2.24)
- o <iref> elements (Section 2.27)
- o <xref> elements (Section 2.66)
- o Text

### 3.9.1. 'align' attribute

Deprecated.

Allowed values:

- o "left" (default)
- o "center"
- o "right"

### 3.9.2. 'width' attribute

Deprecated.

### 3.10. <vspace>

Deprecated. In earlier versions of this format, <vspace> was often used to get an extra blank line in a list element; in the v3 vocabulary, that can be done instead by using multiple <t> elements inside the <li> element. Other uses have no direct replacement.

This element appears as a child element of: <t> (Section 2.53).

Content model: this element does not have any contents.

### 3.10.1. 'blankLines' attribute

Deprecated.

## 4. Internationalization Considerations

This format is based on [XML], thus does not have any issues representing arbitrary Unicode [UNICODE] characters in text content. The RFC Editor may restrict some of the characters that can be used in a particular RFC; the rules for such restrictions are covered in [NONASCII].

## 5. Security Considerations

The "name" attribute on the <artwork> element (Section 2.5.5) can be used to derive a filename for saving to a local file system. Trusting this kind of information without pre-processing is a known security risk; see Section 4.3 of [RFC6266] for more information.

The "src" attribute on the <artwork> element can be used to read files from the local system. Processing tools must be careful to not

accept dangerous values for the filename, particularly those that contain absolute references outside the current directory.

The "type" attribute of the <artwork> and <sourcecode> elements is meant to encourage formatters to automatically extract known types of content from an RFC or Internet Draft. While extraction is probably safe, those tools might also think that they could further process the extracted content such as by rendering artwork or executing code. Doing so without first sanity-checking the extracted content is clearly a terrible idea from a security perspective. More generally, a tool that is reading XML input needs to be suspicious of any content that it intends to post-process.

All security considerations related to XML processing are relevant as well (see Section 7 of [RFC3470]).

## 6. IANA Considerations

### 6.1. Internet Media Type Registration

IANA maintains the registry of Internet media types [BCP13] at <<https://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types>>.

This document updates the specification for the Internet media type "application/rfc+xml" from the one in [XML2RFCv2]. The following is to be registered with IANA.

Type name: application

Subtype name: rfc+xml

Required parameters: There are no required parameters.

Optional parameters: "charset": This parameter has identical semantics as the charset parameter of the "application/xml" media type specified in Section 9.1 of [RFC7303].

Encoding considerations: Identical to those of "application/xml" as described in Section 9.1 of [RFC7303].

Security considerations: As defined in Section 5. In addition, as this media type uses the "+xml" convention, it inherits the security considerations described in Section 10 of [RFC7303].

Interoperability considerations: Different implementations of this format have had interoperability issues. It is not expected that publication of this application will cause those implementations to be fixed.

Published specification: This specification.

Applications that use this media type: Applications that transform xml2rfc to output representations such as plain text or HTML, plus additional analysis tools.

Fragment identifier considerations: The "anchor" attribute is used for assigning document-wide unique identifiers that can be used as shorthand pointers, as described in Section 2.8 of [XPOINTER].

Additional information:

Deprecated alias names for this type: None.

Magic number(s): As specified for "application/xml" in Section 9.1 of [RFC7303].

File extension(s): .xml or .rfcxml when disambiguation from other XML files is needed

Macintosh file type code(s): TEXT

Person & email address to contact for further information: See Authors Section.

Intended usage: COMMON

Restrictions on usage: None

Author: See Authors Section.

Change controller: RFC Series Editor (rse@rfc-editor.org)

## 6.2. Link Relation Registration

The following is a proposed addition to [LINKRELATIONS].

Relation Name: convertedFrom

Description: The document linked to was later converted to the document that contains this link relation. For example, an RFC can have a link to the Internet Draft that became the RFC; in that case, the link relation would be "convertedFrom".

Reference: This document.

Notes: This relation is different than "predecessor-version" in that "predecessor-version" is for items in a version control system. It

is also different that "previous" in that this relation is used for converted resources, not those that are part of a sequence of resources.

Application Data: none

## 7. Acknowledgments

Thanks to everybody who reviewed this document and provided feedback and/or specification text. Thanks especially go to Julian Reschke for editing [XML2RFCv2] and those who provided feedback on that document.

We also thank Marshall T. Rose for both the original design and the reference implementation of the "xml2rfc" processor.

## 8. References

### 8.1. Normative References

- [XML] Maler, E., Yergeau, F., Paoli, J., Sperberg-McQueen, M., and T. Bray, "Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Fifth Edition)", W3C Recommendation REC-xml-20081126, November 2008, <<https://www.w3.org/TR/2008/REC-xml-20081126/>>.
- Latest version available at <<http://www.w3.org/TR/xml>>.
- [XML2RFCv2] Reschke, J., "The 'XML2RFC' version 2 Vocabulary", draft-iab-xml2rfc (work in progress), 2014.

### 8.2. Informative References

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RFCs, except for subtle differences in Copyright notices. Nowadays (as of [RFC5741]), the stream name appears in the first line of the front page, and it also affects the text in the "Status Of This Memo" section.

For current documents, setting `submissionType` attribute will have the following effect:

- o For RFCs, the stream name appears in the upper left corner of the first page (in Internet Drafts, this is either "Network Working Group", or the value of the `<workgroup>` element).
- o For RFCs, it affects the whole "Status Of This Memo" section (see Section 3.2.2 of [RFC5741]).
- o For all RFCs and Internet Drafts, it determines whether the "Copyright Notice" mentions the Copyright on Code Components (see TLP, Section "Text To Be Included in IETF Documents").

#### A.3. The `/rfc/@consensus` Attribute

For some of the publication streams (see Appendix A.2), the "Status Of This Memo" section depends on whether there was a consensus to publish (again, see Section 3.2.2 of [RFC5741]).

The consensus attribute can be used to supply this information. The acceptable values are "true" (the default) and "false"; "yes" and "no" from v2 are deprecated. For documents in the IRTF stream, this value must be "false".

The effect of this value for the various streams is:

- o "independent" and "IAB": none.
- o "IETF": mention that there was an IETF consensus.
- o "IRTF": the text needs to describe the consensus/review as described in Section 2.1 of [RFC5743].

#### Appendix B. The v3 Format and Processing Tools

This section describes topics that are specific to v3 processing tools. Note that there is some discussion of tools in the main body of the document as well. For example, some elements have descriptions of how a processing tool might create output from the element.

The expected design of the tools that will be used with v3 documents

includes:

- o A "prep tool" that takes a v3 document, makes many checks, adds and changes many attribute values, and creates a file that is a "prepared document". The prepared document is a valid v3 document. The prep tool is described in [PREPTOOL].
- o The prep tool is expected to have many modes:
  - \* RFC mode -- The mode used by the RFC Editor to process the input from one of the RFC streams, and to process XML produced during the RFC editing process. The restrictions on the canonical XML for RFCs, as well as how the non-canonical formats will look, are described at <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/rse/wiki/doku.php?id=design:format-and-content-rfcs>>.
  - \* Draft mode -- The mode used by the Internet Draft submission tool. The restrictions for the XML from this mode will be described later.
  - \* Diagnostic mode -- A mode that can be used by document authors to look for errors or warnings before they submit their documents for publication.
  - \* Consolidation mode -- Produces output where no external resources are required to render the file output. This includes expanding the XInclude entities and DTD entities in place, and changing all elements that have "src" attributes with external links into either "data:" URI or content for the element, as specified in [PREPTOOL].
- o Formatting tools that will create HTML, PDF, plain text, and possibly other output formats. These formatters will be created by the IETF, but others can create such tools as well. The IETF tools are expected to take prepared documents as input.

There may also be processing tools that are meant to run on the computers of authors. These tools may be used to produce interim versions of the non-canonical representations so that authors can see how their XML might later be rendered; to create documents in representations different than those supported by the RFC Editor; to possibly create documents that are not meant to be Internet Drafts or RFCs; and to convert XML that has external information into XML that has that external information included.

The prep tool is expected to have clear error reporting, giving more context than just a line number. For example, the error messages





"s-boilerplate-nnn", where "nnn" is a sequential value.

- o "pn" for <figure> elements always has the format "f-nnn", where "nnn" is the figure number. For example, this would be "f-5" for Figure 5.
- o "pn" for <table> elements always has the format "t-nnn", where "nnn" is the table number. For example, this would be "t-5" for Table 5.
- o "pn" for all elements not listed above always has the format "p-nnn-mmm", where "nnn" is the section number and "mmm" is the relative position in the section. For example, this would be "p-2.1.3-7" for the seventh part number in Section 2.1.3.
- o "slugifiedName" always has the format "n-ttt", where "ttt" is the text of the name after slugification. For example, this would be "n-protocol-overview" for the name "Protocol Overview". The actual conversions done in slugification will be specified at a later time.
- o Anchors must never overlap with any of the above. The easiest way to assure that is to not pick an anchor name that starts with a single letter followed by a hyphen. If an anchor does overlap with one of the types of names above, the processing tool will reject the document.

### B.3. Attributes Controlled by the Prep Tool

Many elements in the v3 vocabulary have new attributes whose role is to hold values generated by the prep tool. These attributes can exist in documents that are input to the prep tool; however, any of these attributes might be added, removed, or changed by the prep tool. Thus, it is explicitly unsafe for a document author to include these attributes and expect that their values will survive processing by the prep tool.

The attributes that are controlled by the prep tool are:

- o The "pn" attribute in any element -- The number for this item within the section. The numbering is shared with other elements of a section. The "pn" attribute is added to many block-level elements inside sections.
- o <artwork> originalSrc -- This attribute is filled with the original value of the "src" attribute if that attribute is removed by the prep tool.

- o `<iref>` "irefid" attribute -- This attribute is filled with an identifier used when creating indexes.
- o `<name>` "slugifiedName" attribute -- This attribute is filled with a "slugified" version of the text in the element. This attribute can be used in the output formats for elements that have both names and numbers.
- o `<relref>` "derivedLink" attribute -- This attribute is filled with the link that is derived from combining the URI from the reference and the relative part that is either a copy of the "relative" attribute or a section number derived from the "section" attribute.
- o `<relref>` "derivedRemoteContent" attribute -- If the `<relref>` element has text content, this attribute is filled with that content; the "displayFormat" attribute is set to "bare" if that attribute is not already set. If the `<relref>` element has no text content, this attribute is filled with the text for the remote link, such as "Section 2.3" or "Table 5". The prep tool might determine this text by reading the target reference and, if it is a RFC or Internet-Draft in the v3 format, finding the anchor given in the "relative" attribute or derived from the "section" attribute, and using the title of that element. If the reference is not an RFC or Internet-Draft in the v3 format, the text fragment is simply the value of the "relative" or "section" attribute. This will rarely produce a good result in formatted output so, for these documents, the `<relref>` element should contain text content.
- o `<rfc>` "expiresDate" attribute -- This attribute is filled with the date that an Internet Draft expires. The date is in the format yyyy-mm-dd.
- o `<rfc>` "mode" attribute -- This attribute is filled with a string that indicates what mode the prep tool was in when it processed the XML, such as whether it was processing a file to become an Internet-Draft or an RFC.
- o `<rfc>` "scripts" attribute -- This attribute is filled with a list of scripts needed to render this document. The list is comma-separated, with no spaces allowed. The order is unimportant. The names come from [UAX24]. For example, if the document has Chinese characters in it, the value might be "Common, Latin, Han".
- o `<sourcecode>` "originalSrc" attribute -- This attribute is filled with the original value of the "src" attribute if that attribute is removed by the prep tool.

- o <xref> "derivedContent" attribute -- This attribute is filled in if there is no content in the <xref> element. The value for this attribute based on the value in the "displayFormat" attribute. Examples of how this value is filled can be found at Section 2.66.1.

In addition, note that the contents of the <boilerplate> element is controlled by the prep tool.

#### Appendix C. Relax NG Schema

The following is the RelaxNG schema for the v3 format.

```
namespace a = "http://relaxng.org/ns/compatibility/annotations/1.0"
namespace ns1 = "http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"

# xml2rfc Version 3 grammar

rfc =
  element rfc {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute number { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute obsoletes { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute updates { text }?,
    attribute category { text }?,
    attribute mode { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute consensus { "no" | "yes" | "false" | "true" }?,
    attribute seriesNo { text }?,
    attribute ipr {
      "full2026"
      | "noDerivativeWorks2026"
      | "none"
      | "full3667"
      | "noModification3667"
      | "noDerivatives3667"
      | "full3978"
      | "noModification3978"
      | "noDerivatives3978"
      | "trust200811"
      | "noModificationTrust200811"
      | "noDerivativesTrust200811"
      | "trust200902"
      | "noModificationTrust200902"
      | "noDerivativesTrust200902"
      | "pre5378Trust200902"
```

```
    }?,
    attribute iprExtract { xsd:IDREF }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "IETF" ]
    attribute submissionType {
      "IETF" | "IAB" | "IRTF" | "independent"
    }?,
    attribute docName { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute sortRefs { "true" | "false" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
    attribute symRefs { "true" | "false" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
    attribute tocInclude { "true" | "false" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "3" ] attribute tocDepth { text }?,
    attribute prepTime { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
    attribute indexInclude { "true" | "false" }?,
    attribute version { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "Common, Latin" ] attribute scripts { text }?,
    attribute expiresDate { text }?,
    link*,
    front,
    middle,
    back?
  }

link =
  element link {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute href { text },
    attribute rel { text }?
  }

front =
  element front {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    title,
    author+,
    date?,
    area*,
    workgroup*,
    keyword*,
    abstract?,
    seriesInfo*,
    note*,
    boilerplate?
```

```
    }

    title =
      element title {
        attribute xml:base { text }?,
        attribute xml:lang { text }?,
        attribute abbrev { text }?,
        attribute ascii { text }?,
        text
      }

    author =
      element author {
        attribute xml:base { text }?,
        attribute xml:lang { text }?,
        attribute initials { text }?,
        attribute asciiInitials { text }?,
        attribute surname { text }?,
        attribute asciiSurname { text }?,
        attribute fullname { text }?,
        attribute role { "editor" }?,
        attribute asciiFullname { text }?,
        organization?,
        address?
      }

    organization =
      element organization {
        attribute xml:base { text }?,
        attribute xml:lang { text }?,
        attribute abbrev { text }?,
        attribute ascii { text }?,
        text
      }

    address =
      element address {
        attribute xml:base { text }?,
        attribute xml:lang { text }?,
        postal?,
        phone?,
        facsimile?,
        email?,
        uri?
      }

    postal =
      element postal {
```

```
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    ((city | code | country | region | street)* | postalLine+)
  }

street =
  element street {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute ascii { text }?,
    text
  }

city =
  element city {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute ascii { text }?,
    text
  }

region =
  element region {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute ascii { text }?,
    text
  }

code =
  element code {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute ascii { text }?,
    text
  }

country =
  element country {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute ascii { text }?,
    text
  }

postalLine =
  element postalLine {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
```

```
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute ascii { text }?,
    text
  }

phone =
  element phone {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    text
  }

facsimile =
  element facsimile {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    text
  }

email =
  element email {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute ascii { text }?,
    text
  }

uri =
  element uri {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    text
  }

date =
  element date {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute day { text }?,
    attribute month { text }?,
    attribute year { text }?,
    empty
  }

area =
  element area {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
```

```
    text
  }

workgroup =
  element workgroup {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    text
  }

keyword =
  element keyword {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    text
  }

abstract =
  element abstract {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    (dl | ol | t | ul)+
  }

note =
  element note {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute title { text }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute removeInRFC { "true" | "false" }?,
    name?,
    (dl | ol | t | ul)+
  }

boilerplate =
  element boilerplate {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    section+
  }

middle =
  element middle {
```

```

    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    section+
  }

section =
  element section {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    attribute title { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
    attribute numbered { "true" | "false" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "default" ]
    attribute toc { "include" | "exclude" | "default" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute removeInRFC { "true" | "false" }?,
    name?,
    (artwork
    | aside
    | blockquote
    | dl
    | figure
    | iref
    | ol
    | sourcecode
    | t
    | table
    | texttable
    | ul)*,
    section*
  }

name =
  element name {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute slugifiedName { text }?,
    (text | cref | eref | relref | tt | xref)*
  }

t =
  element t {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,

```

```
    attribute hangText { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute keepWithNext { "false" | "true" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute keepWithPrevious { "false" | "true" }?,
    (text
      | bcp14
      | cref
      | em
      | eref
      | iref
      | \list
      | relref
      | spanx
      | strong
      | sub
      | sup
      | tt
      | vspace
      | xref)*
  }

aside =
  element aside {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    (artwork | dl | figure | iref | \list | ol | t | table | ul)*
  }

blockquote =
  element blockquote {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    attribute cite { text }?,
    attribute quotedFrom { text }?,
    ((artwork | dl | figure | ol | sourcecode | t | ul)+
      | (text
        | bcp14
        | cref
        | em
        | eref
        | iref
        | relref
        | strong
```

```

    | sub
    | sup
    | tt
    | xref)+)
}

\list =
  element list {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "empty" ] attribute style { text }?,
    attribute hangIndent { text }?,
    attribute counter { text }?,
    t+
  }

ol =
  element ol {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "1" ] attribute type { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "1" ] attribute start { text }?,
    attribute group { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "normal" ]
    attribute spacing { "normal" | "compact" }?,
    li+
  }

ul =
  element ul {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "normal" ]
    attribute spacing { "normal" | "compact" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute empty { "false" | "true" }?,
    li+
  }

li =
  element li {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,

```

```

    attribute pn { text }?,
    ((artwork | dl | figure | ol | sourcecode | t | ul)+
    | (text
      | bcp14
      | cref
      | em
      | eref
      | iref
      | relref
      | strong
      | sub
      | sup
      | tt
      | xref)+)
  }

dl =
  element dl {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "normal" ]
    attribute spacing { "normal" | "compact" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
    attribute hanging { "false" | "true" }?,
    (dt, dd)+
  }

dt =
  element dt {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    (text
      | bcp14
      | cref
      | em
      | eref
      | iref
      | relref
      | strong
      | sub
      | sup
      | tt
      | xref)*
  }

```

```
dd =
  element dd {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    ((artwork | dl | figure | ol | sourcecode | t | ul)+
    | (text
      | bcp14
      | cref
      | em
      | eref
      | iref
      | relref
      | strong
      | sub
      | sup
      | tt
      | xref)+)
  }

xref =
  element xref {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute target { xsd:IDREF },
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute pageno { "true" | "false" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "default" ]
    attribute format { "default" | "title" | "counter" | "none" }?,
    attribute derivedContent { text }?,
    text
  }

relref =
  element relref {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute target { xsd:IDREF },
    [ a:defaultValue = "of" ]
    attribute displayFormat { "of" | "comma" | "parens" | "bare" }?,
    (attribute section { text },
    attribute relative { text }?)?,
    attribute derivedRemoteContent { text }?,
    attribute derivedLink { text }?,
    text
  }
```

```

eref =
  element eref {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute target { text },
    text
  }

iref =
  element iref {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute item { text },
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute subitem { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute primary { "true" | "false" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute irefid { text }?,
    empty
  }

cref =
  element cref {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute source { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
    attribute display { "true" | "false" }?,
    (text | em | eref | relref | strong | sub | sup | tt | xref)*
  }

tt =
  element tt {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    (text
      | bcp14
      | cref
      | em
      | eref
      | iref
      | relref
      | strong
      | sub
      | sup
      | xref)*
  }

```

```
strong =  
  element strong {  
    attribute xml:base { text }?,  
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,  
    (text  
      | bcp14  
      | cref  
      | em  
      | eref  
      | iref  
      | relref  
      | sub  
      | sup  
      | tt  
      | xref)*  
  }
```

```
em =  
  element em {  
    attribute xml:base { text }?,  
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,  
    (text  
      | bcp14  
      | cref  
      | eref  
      | iref  
      | relref  
      | strong  
      | sub  
      | sup  
      | tt  
      | xref)*  
  }
```

```
sub =  
  element sub {  
    attribute xml:base { text }?,  
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,  
    (text  
      | bcp14  
      | cref  
      | em  
      | eref  
      | iref  
      | relref  
      | strong  
      | tt  
      | xref)*  
  }
```

```
    }

sup =
  element sup {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    (text
      | bcp14
      | cref
      | em
      | eref
      | iref
      | relref
      | strong
      | tt
      | xref)*
  }

spanx =
  element spanx {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "preserve" ]
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "emph" ] attribute style { text }?,
    text
  }

vspace =
  element vspace {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute blankLines { text }?,
    empty
  }

figure =
  element figure {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute title { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute suppress-title { "true" | "false" }?,
    attribute src { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
    attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
```

```
[ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute alt { text }?,
[ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute width { text }?,
[ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute height { text }?,
name?,
iref*,
preamble?,
(artwork | sourcecode)+,
postamble?
}

table =
  element table {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    name?,
    iref*,
    thead?,
    tbody+,
    tfoot?
  }

preamble =
  element preamble {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    (text
      | bcp14
      | cref
      | em
      | eref
      | iref
      | relref
      | spanx
      | strong
      | sub
      | sup
      | tt
      | xref)*
  }

artwork =
  element artwork {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
```

```
    attribute xml:space { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute name { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute type { text }?,
    attribute src { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
    attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute alt { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute width { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute height { text }?,
    attribute originalSrc { text }?,
    (text* | svg)
  }

svg =
  element ns1:svg {
    [ a:defaultValue = "can be found in draft-brownlee-svg-rfc" ]
    attribute TheRealDefinition { text }*
  }

sourcecode =
  element sourcecode {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute name { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute type { text }?,
    attribute src { text }?,
    attribute originalSrc { text }?,
    text
  }

thead =
  element thead {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    tr+
  }

tbody =
  element tbody {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    tr+
```

```
    }

tfoot =
  element tfoot {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    tr+
  }

tr =
  element tr {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute pn { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute border { text }?,
    (td | th)+
  }

td =
  element td {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute border { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute colspan { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute rowspan { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
    attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
    (t+
    | (text
      | artwork
      | bcpl4
      | br
      | cref
      | dl
      | em
      | eref
      | figure
      | iref
      | ol
      | relref
      | sourcecode
      | strong
      | sub
      | sup
    )
  )
  }
```

```

        | tt
        | ul
        | xref)+)
    }

th =
element th {
  attribute xml:base { text }?,
  attribute xml:lang { text }?,
  attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
  attribute pn { text }?,
  [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute border { text }?,
  [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute colspan { text }?,
  [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute rowspan { text }?,
  [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
  attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
  (t+
  | (text
    | artwork
    | bcp14
    | br
    | cref
    | dl
    | em
    | eref
    | figure
    | iref
    | ol
    | relref
    | sourcecode
    | strong
    | sub
    | sup
    | tt
    | ul
    | xref)+)
  )
}

postamble =
element postamble {
  attribute xml:base { text }?,
  attribute xml:lang { text }?,
  (text | cref | eref | iref | spanx | xref)*
}

texttable =
element texttable {
  attribute xml:base { text }?,

```

```
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute title { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute suppress-title { "true" | "false" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "center" ]
    attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "full" ]
    attribute style { "all" | "none" | "headers" | "full" }?,
    name?,
    preamble?,
    ttcoll+,
    c*,
    postamble?
  }

ttcol =
  element ttcoll {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute width { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
    attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
    (cref | eref | iref | xref | text)*
  }

c =
  element c {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    (text | cref | eref | iref | spanx | xref)*
  }

bcp14 =
  element bcp14 {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    text
  }

br =
  element br {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    empty
  }

back =
```

```
    element back {
      attribute xml:base { text }?,
      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
      displayreference*,
      references*,
      section*
    }

displayreference =
  element displayreference {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute target { xsd:IDREF },
    attribute to { text }
  }

references =
  element references {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute title { text }?,
    name?,
    (reference | referencegroup)*
  }

reference =
  element reference {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID },
    attribute target { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
    attribute quoteTitle { "true" | "false" }?,
    front,
    (annotation | format | refcontent | seriesInfo)*
  }

referencegroup =
  element referencegroup {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID },
    reference+
  }

seriesInfo =
  element seriesInfo {
```

```
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute name { text },
    attribute value { text },
    attribute asciiName { text }?,
    attribute asciiValue { text }?,
    empty
  }

format =
  element format {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute target { text }?,
    attribute type { text },
    attribute octets { text }?,
    empty
  }

annotation =
  element annotation {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    (text
      | bcp14
      | cref
      | em
      | eref
      | iref
      | relref
      | spanx
      | strong
      | sub
      | sup
      | tt
      | xref)*
  }

refcontent =
  element refcontent {
    attribute xml:base { text }?,
    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    (text | bcp14 | em | strong | sub | sup | tt)*
  }

start = rfc
```

## Appendix D. Schema Differences from v2

The following is a non-normative comparison of the v3 format to the v2 format. A "-" indicates lines removed from the v2 schema, and a "+" indicates lines added to the v3 schema.

```
namespace a =
"http://relaxng.org/ns/compatibility/annotations/1.0"
+ namespace ns1 = "http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"

+ # xml2rfc Version 3 grammar
rfc =
  element rfc {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
    attribute number { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute obsoletes { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute updates { text }?,
-   attribute category { "std" | "bcp" | "info" | "exp" |
- "historic" }?,
-   attribute consensus { "no" | "yes" }?,
+   attribute category { text }?,
+   attribute mode { text }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
+   attribute consensus { "no" | "yes" | "false" | "true" }?,
    attribute seriesNo { text }?,
    attribute ipr {
      "full2026"
      | "noDerivativeWorks2026"
      | "none"
      | "full3667"
      | "noModification3667"
      | "noDerivatives3667"
      | "full3978"
      | "noModification3978"
      | "noDerivatives3978"
      | "trust200811"
      | "noModificationTrust200811"
      | "noDerivativesTrust200811"
      | "trust200902"
      | "noModificationTrust200902"
      | "noDerivativesTrust200902"
      | "pre5378Trust200902"
    }?,
    attribute iprExtract { xsd:IDREF }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "IETF" ]
    attribute submissionType {
```

```

        "IETF" | "IAB" | "IRTF" | "independent"
    }?,
    attribute docName { text }?,
-   [ a:defaultValue = "en" ] attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
+   attribute sortRefs { "true" | "false" }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
+   attribute symRefs { "true" | "false" }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
+   attribute tocInclude { "true" | "false" }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "3" ] attribute tocDepth { text }?,
+   attribute prepTime { text }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
+   attribute indexInclude { "true" | "false" }?,
+   attribute version { text }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "Common, Latin" ] attribute scripts { text
+ }?,
+   attribute expiresDate { text }?,
+   link*,
+   front,
+   middle,
+   back?
    }
+ link =
+   element link {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute href { text },
+     attribute rel { text }?
+   }
+   front =
+     element front {
-     title, author+, date, area*, workgroup*, keyword*, abstract?,
-     note*
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     title,
+     author+,
+     date?,
+     area*,
+     workgroup*,
+     keyword*,
+     abstract?,
+     seriesInfo*,
+     note*,
+     boilerplate?
    }
+   title =

```

```
    element title {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   attribute abbrev { text }?,
+   attribute ascii { text }?,
+   text
    }
    author =
    element author {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   attribute initials { text }?,
+   attribute asciiInitials { text }?,
+   attribute surname { text }?,
+   attribute asciiSurname { text }?,
+   attribute fullname { text }?,
+   attribute role { "editor" }?,
+   attribute asciiFullname { text }?,
+   organization?,
+   address?
    }
    organization =
    element organization {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   attribute abbrev { text }?,
+   attribute ascii { text }?,
+   text
    }
+   address =
+   element address {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   postal?,
+   phone?,
+   facsimile?,
+   email?,
+   uri?
+   }
+   postal =
+   element postal {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   ((city | code | country | region | street)* | postalLine+)
+   }
+   street =
+   element street {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
```

```
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   attribute ascii { text }?,
+   text
+ }
+ city =
+   element city {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute ascii { text }?,
+     text
+   }
+ region =
+   element region {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute ascii { text }?,
+     text
+   }
+ code =
+   element code {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute ascii { text }?,
+     text
+   }
+ country =
+   element country {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute ascii { text }?,
+     text
+   }
+ postalLine =
+   element postalLine {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute ascii { text }?,
+     text
+   }
+ phone =
+   element phone {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     text
+   }
+ facsimile =
+   element facsimile {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
```

```
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   text
+ }
+ email =
+   element email {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute ascii { text }?,
+     text
+   }
+ uri =
+   element uri {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     text
+   }
- address = element address { postal?, phone?, facsimile?, email?,
- uri? }
- postal = element postal { street+, (city | region | code |
- country)* }
- street = element street { text }
- city = element city { text }
- region = element region { text }
- code = element code { text }
- country = element country { text }
- phone = element phone { text }
- facsimile = element facsimile { text }
- email = element email { text }
- uri = element uri { text }
  date =
    element date {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute day { text }?,
+     attribute month { text }?,
+     attribute year { text }?,
+     empty
    }
- area = element area { text }
- workgroup = element workgroup { text }
- keyword = element keyword { text }
- abstract = element abstract { t+ }
+ area =
+   element area {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     text
+   }
```

```
+ workgroup =
+   element workgroup {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     text
+   }
+ keyword =
+   element keyword {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     text
+   }
+ abstract =
+   element abstract {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+     attribute pn { text }?,
+     (dl | ol | t | ul)+
+   }
+   note =
+     element note {
-       attribute title { text },
-       t+
+       attribute xml:base { text }?,
+       attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+       attribute title { text }?,
+       attribute pn { text }?,
+       [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
+       attribute removeInRFC { "true" | "false" }?,
+       name?,
+       (dl | ol | t | ul)+
+     }
+ boilerplate =
+   element boilerplate {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute pn { text }?,
+     section+
+   }
+ middle =
+   element middle {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     section+
+   }
- middle = element middle { section+ }
  section =
```

```

    element section {
+       attribute xml:base { text }?,
+       attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+       attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
-       attribute title { text },
+       attribute pn { text }?,
+       attribute title { text }?,
+       [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
+       attribute numbered { "true" | "false" }?,
+       [ a:defaultValue = "default" ]
+       attribute toc { "include" | "exclude" | "default" }?,
-       (t | figure | texttable | iref)*,
+       [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
+       attribute removeInRFC { "true" | "false" }?,
+       name?,
+       (artwork
+         | aside
+         | blockquote
+         | dl
+         | figure
+         | iref
+         | ol
+         | sourcecode
+         | t
+         | table
+         | texttable
+         | ul)*,
+       section*
    }
+   name =
+   element name {
+       attribute xml:base { text }?,
+       attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+       attribute slugifiedName { text }?,
+       (text | cref | eref | relref | tt | xref)*
+   }
+   t =
+   element t {
+       attribute xml:base { text }?,
+       attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+       attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+       attribute pn { text }?,
+       attribute hangText { text }?,
+       [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
+       attribute keepWithNext { "false" | "true" }?,
+       [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
+       attribute keepWithPrevious { "false" | "true" }?,
+       (text

```

```

-      \list
-      figure
-      xref
+      bcp14
+      cref
+      em
+      eref
+      iref
-      cref
+      \list
+      relref
+      spanx
-      vspace)*
+      strong
+      sub
+      sup
+      tt
+      vspace
+      xref)*
+    }
+  aside =
+    element aside {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+      attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+      attribute pn { text }?,
+      (artwork | dl | figure | iref | \list | ol | t | table | ul)*
+    }
+  blockquote =
+    element blockquote {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+      attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+      attribute pn { text }?,
+      attribute cite { text }?,
+      attribute quotedFrom { text }?,
+      ((artwork | dl | figure | ol | sourcecode | t | ul)+
+      | (text
+      | bcp14
+      | cref
+      | em
+      | eref
+      | iref
+      | relref
+      | strong
+      | sub
+      | sup
+      | tt

```

```

+         | xref)+)
+     }
+ \list =
+     element list {
+         attribute style { text }?,
+         attribute xml:base { text }?,
+         attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+         [ a:defaultValue = "empty" ] attribute style { text }?,
+         attribute hangIndent { text }?,
+         attribute counter { text }?,
+         t+
+     }
+ ol =
+     element ol {
+         attribute xml:base { text }?,
+         attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+         attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+         attribute pn { text }?,
+         [ a:defaultValue = "1" ] attribute type { text }?,
+         [ a:defaultValue = "1" ] attribute start { text }?,
+         attribute group { text }?,
+         [ a:defaultValue = "normal" ]
+         attribute spacing { "normal" | "compact" }?,
+         li+
+     }
+ ul =
+     element ul {
+         attribute xml:base { text }?,
+         attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+         attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+         attribute pn { text }?,
+         [ a:defaultValue = "normal" ]
+         attribute spacing { "normal" | "compact" }?,
+         [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
+         attribute empty { "false" | "true" }?,
+         li+
+     }
+ li =
+     element li {
+         attribute xml:base { text }?,
+         attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+         attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+         attribute pn { text }?,
+         ((artwork | dl | figure | ol | sourcecode | t | ul)+
+         | (text
+         | bcp14
+         | cref
+         | em

```

```

+         |   eref
+         |   iref
+         |   relref
+         |   strong
+         |   sub
+         |   sup
+         |   tt
+         |   xref)+)
+     }
+ dl =
+   element dl {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+     attribute pn { text }?,
+     [ a:defaultValue = "normal" ]
+     attribute spacing { "normal" | "compact" }?,
+     [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
+     attribute hanging { "false" | "true" }?,
+     (dt, dd)+
+   }
+ dt =
+   element dt {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+     attribute pn { text }?,
+     (text
+       | bcp14
+       | cref
+       | em
+       | eref
+       | iref
+       | relref
+       | strong
+       | sub
+       | sup
+       | tt
+       | xref)*
+     )
+   }
+ dd =
+   element dd {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+     attribute pn { text }?,
+     ((artwork | dl | figure | ol | sourcecode | t | ul)+
+      | (text

```

```

+      | bcp14
+      | cref
+      | em
+      | eref
+      | iref
+      | relref
+      | strong
+      | sub
+      | sup
+      | tt
+      | xref)+)
+    }
+    xref =
+      element xref {
+        attribute xml:base { text }?,
+        attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+        attribute target { xsd:IDREF },
+        [ a:defaultValue = "false" ] attribute pageno { "true" |
- "false" }?,
+        [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
+        attribute pageno { "true" | "false" }?,
+        [ a:defaultValue = "default" ]
-        attribute format { "counter" | "title" | "none" | "default"
+        attribute format { "default" | "title" | "counter" | "none"
+ }?,
+        attribute derivedContent { text }?,
+        text
+      }
+    relref =
+      element relref {
+        attribute xml:base { text }?,
+        attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+        attribute target { xsd:IDREF },
+        [ a:defaultValue = "of" ]
+        attribute displayFormat { "of" | "comma" | "parens" | "bare"
+ }?,
+        (attribute section { text },
+        attribute relative { text }?)?,
+        attribute derivedRemoteContent { text }?,
+        attribute derivedLink { text }?,
+        text
+      }
+    eref =
+      element eref {
+        attribute xml:base { text }?,
+        attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+        attribute target { text },
+        text

```

```

    }
    iref =
      element iref {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
        attribute item { text },
        [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute subitem { text }?,
        [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
        attribute primary { "true" | "false" }?,
+      [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute irefid { text }?,
        empty
      }
    cref =
      element cref {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
        attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
        attribute source { text }?,
-      text
+      [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
+      attribute display { "true" | "false" }?,
+      (text | em | eref | relref | strong | sub | sup | tt | xref)*
+    }
+  tt =
+    element tt {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+      (text
+      | bcp14
+      | cref
+      | em
+      | eref
+      | iref
+      | relref
+      | strong
+      | sub
+      | sup
+      | xref)*
+    }
+  strong =
+    element strong {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+      (text
+      | bcp14
+      | cref
+      | em
+      | eref

```

```
+      | iref
+      | relref
+      | sub
+      | sup
+      | tt
+      | xref)*
+    }
+ em =
+   element em {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     (text
+       | bcp14
+       | cref
+       | eref
+       | iref
+       | relref
+       | strong
+       | sub
+       | sup
+       | tt
+       | xref)*
+     )
+   }
+ sub =
+   element sub {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     (text
+       | bcp14
+       | cref
+       | em
+       | eref
+       | iref
+       | relref
+       | strong
+       | tt
+       | xref)*
+     )
+   }
+ sup =
+   element sup {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     (text
+       | bcp14
+       | cref
+       | em
+       | eref
+       | iref
```

```

+      | relref
+      | strong
+      | tt
+      | xref)*
    }
    spanx =
      element spanx {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
        [ a:defaultValue = "preserve" ]
        attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
        [ a:defaultValue = "emph" ] attribute style { text }?,
        text
      }
    vspace =
      element vspace {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
        [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute blankLines { text }?,
        empty
      }
    figure =
      element figure {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
        attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+      attribute pn { text }?,
        [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute title { text }?,
        [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
        attribute suppress-title { "true" | "false" }?,
        attribute src { text }?,
        [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
        attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
        [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute alt { text }?,
        [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute width { text }?,
        [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute height { text }?,
+      name?,
+      iref*,
+      preamble?,
-      artwork,
+      (artwork | sourcecode)+,
+      postamble?
    }
+ table =
+   element table {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,

```

```

+   attribute pn { text }?,
+   name?,
+   iref*,
+   thead?,
+   tbody+,
+   tfoot?
+ }
+ preamble =
- element preamble { (text | xref | eref | iref | cref | spanx)* }
+ element preamble {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   (text
+   | bcp14
+   | cref
+   | em
+   | eref
+   | iref
+   | relref
+   | spanx
+   | strong
+   | sub
+   | sup
+   | tt
+   | xref)*
+ }
+ artwork =
- element artwork {
+   [ a:defaultValue = "preserve" ]
-   attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+   attribute pn { text }?,
+   attribute xml:space { text }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute name { text }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute type { text }?,
+   attribute src { text }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
+   attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute alt { text }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute width { text }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute height { text }?,
-   text*
+   attribute originalSrc { text }?,
+   (text* | svg)
+ }
+ svg =

```

```
+   element ns1:svg {
+     [ a:defaultValue = "can be found in draft-brownlee-svg-rfc" ]
+     attribute TheRealDefinition { text }*
+   }
+   sourcecode =
+     element sourcecode {
+       attribute xml:base { text }?,
+       attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+       attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+       attribute pn { text }?,
+       [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute name { text }?,
+       [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute type { text }?,
+       attribute src { text }?,
+       attribute originalSrc { text }?,
+       text
+     }
+   thead =
+     element thead {
+       attribute xml:base { text }?,
+       attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+       attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+       attribute pn { text }?,
+       tr+
+     }
+   tbody =
+     element tbody {
+       attribute xml:base { text }?,
+       attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+       attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+       attribute pn { text }?,
+       tr+
+     }
+   tfoot =
+     element tfoot {
+       attribute xml:base { text }?,
+       attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+       attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+       attribute pn { text }?,
+       tr+
+     }
+   tr =
+     element tr {
+       attribute xml:base { text }?,
+       attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+       attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+       attribute pn { text }?,
+       [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute border { text }?,
+       (td | th)+
+     }
```

```

+   }
+ td =
+   element td {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+     [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute border { text }?,
+     [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute colspan { text }?,
+     [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute rowspan { text }?,
+     [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
+     attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
+     (t+
+     | (text
+       | artwork
+       | bcp14
+       | br
+       | cref
+       | dl
+       | em
+       | eref
+       | figure
+       | iref
+       | ol
+       | relref
+       | sourcecode
+       | strong
+       | sub
+       | sup
+       | tt
+       | ul
+       | xref)+)
+   }
+ th =
+   element th {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+     attribute pn { text }?,
+     [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute border { text }?,
+     [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute colspan { text }?,
+     [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute rowspan { text }?,
+     [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
+     attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
+     (t+
+     | (text
+       | artwork
+       | bcp14
+       | br

```

```

+         | cref
+         | dl
+         | em
+         | eref
+         | figure
+         | iref
+         | ol
+         | relref
+         | sourcecode
+         | strong
+         | sub
+         | sup
+         | tt
+         | ul
+         | xref)+)
    }
    postamble =
-   element postamble { (text | xref | eref | iref | cref | spanx)*
+   element postamble {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+     (text | cref | eref | iref | spanx | xref)*
+   }
    texttable =
      element texttable {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
      attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
      [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute title { text }?,
      [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
      attribute suppress-title { "true" | "false" }?,
      [ a:defaultValue = "center" ]
      attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
      [ a:defaultValue = "full" ]
      attribute style { "all" | "none" | "headers" | "full" }?,
+     name?,
      preamble?,
      ttcol+,
      c*,
      postamble?
    }
    ttcol =
      element ttcol {
+     attribute xml:base { text }?,
+     attribute xml:lang { text }?,
      attribute width { text }?,
      [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
      attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,

```

```

+      (cref | eref | iref | xref | text)*
+    }
+  c =
+    element c {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+      (text | cref | eref | iref | spanx | xref)*
+    }
+  bcpl4 =
+    element bcpl4 {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+      text
+    }
-  c = element c { (text | xref | eref | iref | cref | spanx)* }
-  back = element back { references*, section* }
+  br =
+    element br {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+      empty
+    }
+  back =
+    element back {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+      displayreference*,
+      references*,
+      section*
+    }
+  displayreference =
+    element displayreference {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+      attribute target { xsd:IDREF },
+      attribute to { text }
+    }
+  references =
+    element references {
-    [ a:defaultValue = "References" ] attribute title { text }?,
-    reference+
+    attribute xml:base { text }?,
+    attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
+    attribute title { text }?,
+    name?,
+    (reference | referencegroup)*
+  }

```

```

reference =
  element reference {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   attribute anchor { xsd:ID },
+   attribute target { text }?,
+   [ a:defaultValue = "true" ]
+   attribute quoteTitle { "true" | "false" }?,
+   front,
-   seriesInfo*,
-   format*,
-   annotation*
+   (annotation | format | refcontent | seriesInfo)*
+ }
+ referencegroup =
+   element referencegroup {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   attribute anchor { xsd:ID },
+   reference+
+ }
seriesInfo =
  element seriesInfo {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   attribute name { text },
+   attribute value { text },
+   attribute asciiName { text }?,
+   attribute asciiValue { text }?,
+   empty
  }
format =
  element format {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   attribute target { text }?,
+   attribute type { text },
+   attribute octets { text }?,
+   empty
  }
annotation =
-   element annotation { (text | xref | eref | iref | cref |
-   spanx)* }
+   element annotation {
+   attribute xml:base { text }?,
+   attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+   (text
+   | bcp14

```

```
+      | cref
+      | em
+      | eref
+      | iref
+      | relref
+      | spanx
+      | strong
+      | sub
+      | sup
+      | tt
+      | xref)*
+    }
+  refcontent =
+    element refcontent {
+      attribute xml:base { text }?,
+      attribute xml:lang { text }?,
+      (text | bcp14 | em | strong | sub | sup | tt)*
+    }
+  start = rfc
```

## Index

### A

- abbrev attribute
  - in organization element 40
  - in title element 69
- abstract element 11, 97
  - anchor attribute 11
  - inside front 33
- address element 11, 97
  - inside author 17
- align attribute
  - in artwork element 14
  - in figure element 31
  - in td element 66
  - in texttable element 79
  - in th element 68
  - in ttd element 81
- alt attribute
  - in artwork element 14
  - in figure element 31
- anchor attribute
  - in abstract element 11
  - in artwork element 15
  - in aside element 17
  - in blockquote element 20
  - in cref element 23

- in dd element 25
- in dl element 27
- in dt element 28
- in figure element 31
- in li element 36
- in ol element 39
- in reference element 43
- in referencegroup element 44
- in references element 45
- in section element 54
- in sourcecode element 58
- in t element 63
- in table element 64
- in tbody element 64
- in td element 66
- in texttable element 80
- in tfoot element 67
- in th element 68
- in thead element 69
- in tr element 70
- in ul element 71
- annotation element 12, 97
  - inside reference 43
- application/rfc+xml Media Type 82
- area element 12, 97
  - inside front 33
- artwork element 13, 97
  - align attribute 14
  - alt attribute 14
  - anchor attribute 15
  - height attribute 15
  - inside aside 16
  - inside blockquote 19
  - inside dd 24
  - inside figure 31
  - inside li 35
  - inside section 53
  - inside td 65
  - inside th 67
  - name attribute 15
  - src attribute 15
  - type attribute 15
  - width attribute 16
  - xml:space attribute 16
- ascii attribute
  - in city element 21
  - in code element 21
  - in country element 22

- in email element 29
- in organization element 41
- in postalLine element 42
- in region element 45
- in street element 59
- in title element 69
- asciiFullname attribute
  - in author element 17
- asciiInitials attribute
  - in author element 17
- asciiName attribute
  - in seriesInfo element 55
- asciiSurname attribute
  - in author element 18
- asciiValue attribute
  - in seriesInfo element 56
- aside element 16, 97
  - anchor attribute 17
  - inside section 53
- Attributes
  - abbrev 40, 69
  - align 14, 31, 66, 68, 79, 81
  - alt 14, 31
  - anchor 11, 15, 17, 20, 23, 25, 27-28, 31, 36, 39, 43-45, 54, 58, 63-64, 66-71, 80
  - ascii 21-22, 29, 41-42, 45, 59, 69
  - asciiFullname 17
  - asciiInitials 17
  - asciiName 55
  - asciiSurname 18
  - asciiValue 56
  - blankLines 81
  - border 66, 68, 70
  - category 49
  - cite 20
  - colspan 66, 69
  - consensus 49
  - counter 77
  - day 24
  - display 23
  - displayFormat 46
  - docName 50
  - empty 71
  - format 73
  - fullname 18
  - group 39
  - hangIndent 77
  - hanging 27

hangText 63  
height 15, 32  
href 36  
indexInclude 50  
initials 18  
ipr 50  
iprExtract 51  
item 34  
keepWithNext 63  
keepWithPrevious 63  
month 24  
name 15, 56, 58  
number 51  
numbered 54  
obsoletes 51  
octets 76  
pageno 74  
prepTime 51  
primary 34  
quotedFrom 20  
quoteTitle 43  
rel 36  
relative 48  
removeInRFC 38, 54  
role 18  
rowspan 66, 69  
section 49  
seriesNo 51  
sortRefs 51  
source 23  
spacing 27, 39, 72  
src 15, 32, 58  
start 39  
style 77, 79-80  
subitem 34  
submissionType 52  
suppress-title 32, 80  
surname 18  
symRefs 52  
target 26, 30, 44, 49, 74, 76  
TheRealDefinition 75  
title 32, 38, 45, 54, 80  
to 26  
toc 55  
tocDepth 52  
tocInclude 52  
type 15, 39, 58, 76  
updates 53

- value 56
- version 53
- width 16, 32, 81
- xml:space 16, 79
- year 24
- author element 17, 97
  - asciiFullname attribute 17
  - asciiInitials attribute 17
  - asciiSurname attribute 18
  - fullname attribute 18
  - initials attribute 18
  - inside front 33
  - role attribute 18
  - surname attribute 18

## B

- back element 18, 97
  - inside rfc 49
- bcpl4 element 19, 97
  - inside annotation 12
  - inside blockquote 20
  - inside c 75
  - inside dd 25
  - inside dt 27
  - inside em 28
  - inside li 35
  - inside postamble 77
  - inside preamble 78
  - inside refcontent 42
  - inside strong 60
  - inside sub 61
  - inside sup 61
  - inside t 62
  - inside td 65
  - inside th 67
  - inside tt 70
- blankLines attribute
  - in vspace element 81
- blockquote element 19, 97
  - anchor attribute 20
  - cite attribute 20
  - inside section 53
  - quotedFrom attribute 20
- boilerplate element 21, 97
  - inside front 33
- border attribute
  - in td element 66
  - in th element 68

- in tr element 70
- br element 21, 97
  - inside td 65
  - inside th 67

## C

- c element 75, 97
  - inside texttable 79
- category attribute
  - in rfc element 49
- cite attribute
  - in blockquote element 20
- city element 21, 97
  - ascii attribute 21
  - inside postal 41
- code element 21, 97
  - ascii attribute 21
  - inside postal 41
- colspan attribute
  - in td element 66
  - in th element 69
- consensus attribute
  - in rfc element 49
- counter attribute
  - in list element 77
- country element 22, 97
  - ascii attribute 22
  - inside postal 41
- cref element 22, 97
  - anchor attribute 23
  - display attribute 23
  - inside annotation 12
  - inside blockquote 20
  - inside c 75
  - inside dd 25
  - inside dt 28
  - inside em 29
  - inside li 35
  - inside name 37
  - inside postamble 77
  - inside preamble 78
  - inside strong 60
  - inside sub 61
  - inside sup 61
  - inside t 62
  - inside td 65
  - inside th 67
  - inside tt 71

inside ttrcol 80  
source attribute 23

## D

date element 23, 97  
  day attribute 24  
  inside front 33  
  month attribute 24  
  year attribute 24  
day attribute  
  in date element 24  
dd element 24, 97  
  anchor attribute 25  
  inside dl 27  
display attribute  
  in cref element 23  
displayFormat attribute  
  in relref element 46  
displayreference element 26, 97  
  inside back 18  
  target attribute 26  
  to attribute 26  
dl element 26, 97  
  anchor attribute 27  
  hanging attribute 27  
  inside abstract 11  
  inside aside 16  
  inside blockquote 19  
  inside dd 25  
  inside li 35  
  inside note 38  
  inside section 53  
  inside td 65  
  inside th 67  
  spacing attribute 27  
docName attribute  
  in rfc element 50  
dt element 27, 97  
  anchor attribute 28  
  inside dl 27

## E

## Elements

abstract 11, 33  
address 11, 17  
annotation 12, 43  
area 12, 33  
artwork 13, 16, 19, 24, 31, 35, 53, 65, 67

aside 16, 53  
author 17, 33  
back 18, 49  
bcp14 12, 19-20, 25, 27-28, 35, 42, 60-62, 65, 67, 70, 75, 77-78  
blockquote 19, 53  
boilerplate 21, 33  
br 21, 65, 67  
c 75, 79  
city 21, 41  
code 21, 41  
country 22, 41  
cref 12, 20, 22, 25, 28-29, 35, 37, 60-62, 65, 67, 71, 75, 77-78, 80  
date 23, 33  
dd 24, 27  
displayreference 18, 26  
dl 11, 16, 19, 25-26, 35, 38, 53, 65, 67  
dt 27  
em 12, 20, 22, 25, 28, 35, 43, 60-62, 65, 67, 71, 75, 77-78  
email 11, 29  
eref 12, 20, 22, 25, 28-29, 35, 37, 60-62, 65, 68, 71, 75, 77-78, 80  
facsimile 11, 76  
figure 16, 19, 25, 30, 35, 53, 65, 68  
format 43, 76  
front 32, 43, 49  
iref 12, 16, 20, 25, 28-29, 31, 33, 35, 53, 60-62, 64-65, 68, 71, 75, 77-78, 80  
keyword 33-34  
li 34, 38, 71  
link 36, 49  
list 16, 62, 76  
middle 37, 49  
name 31, 37-38, 45, 53, 64, 79  
note 33, 37  
ol 11, 16, 19, 25, 35, 38, 53, 65, 68  
organization 17, 40  
phone 11, 41  
postal 11, 41  
postalLine 42  
postamble 31, 77, 79  
preamble 31, 78-79  
refcontent 42-43  
reference 43-45  
referencegroup 44-45  
references 18, 44  
region 41, 45

relref 12, 20, 22, 25, 28-29, 35, 37, 45, 60-62, 65, 68, 71  
rfc 49  
section 18, 21, 37, 53-54  
seriesInfo 33, 43, 55  
sourcecode 19, 25, 31, 35, 54, 57, 65, 68  
spanx 12, 62, 75, 77-78  
street 41, 59  
strong 12, 20, 22, 25, 28-29, 35, 43, 59, 61-62, 65, 68, 71,  
75, 77-78  
sub 12, 20, 22, 25, 28-29, 35, 43, 60, 62, 65, 68, 71, 76-78  
sup 12, 20, 22, 25, 28-29, 35, 43, 60-62, 66, 68, 71, 76-78  
svg 14, 75  
t 11, 16, 19, 25, 35, 38, 54, 62, 65, 67, 77  
table 17, 54, 64  
tbody 64  
td 65, 70  
texttable 54, 79  
tfoot 64, 67  
th 67, 70  
thead 64, 69  
title 33, 69  
tr 64, 67, 69-70  
tt 12, 20, 23, 25, 28-29, 35, 37, 43, 60-63, 66, 68, 70, 76,  
78  
ttcol 79-80  
ul 11, 17, 19, 25, 35, 38, 54, 66, 68, 71  
uri 11, 72  
vspace 63, 81  
workgroup 33, 72  
xref 12, 20, 23, 25, 28-29, 35, 37, 60-63, 66, 68, 71-72, 76,  
78, 80  
em element 28, 97  
  inside annotation 12  
  inside blockquote 20  
  inside c 75  
  inside cref 22  
  inside dd 25  
  inside dt 28  
  inside li 35  
  inside postamble 77  
  inside preamble 78  
  inside refcontent 43  
  inside strong 60  
  inside sub 61  
  inside sup 61  
  inside t 62  
  inside td 65  
  inside th 67

- inside tt 71
- email element 29, 97
  - ascii attribute 29
  - inside address 11
- empty attribute
  - in ul element 71
- eref element 29, 97
  - inside annotation 12
  - inside blockquote 20
  - inside c 75
  - inside cref 22
  - inside dd 25
  - inside dt 28
  - inside em 29
  - inside li 35
  - inside name 37
  - inside postamble 77
  - inside preamble 78
  - inside strong 60
  - inside sub 61
  - inside sup 61
  - inside t 62
  - inside td 65
  - inside th 68
  - inside tt 71
  - inside ttc col 80
  - target attribute 30

## F

- facsimile element 76, 97
  - inside address 11
- figure element 30, 97
  - align attribute 31
  - alt attribute 31
  - anchor attribute 31
  - height attribute 32
  - inside aside 16
  - inside blockquote 19
  - inside dd 25
  - inside li 35
  - inside section 53
  - inside td 65
  - inside th 68
  - src attribute 32
  - suppress-title attribute 32
  - title attribute 32
  - width attribute 32
- format attribute

- in xref element 73
- format element 76, 97
  - inside reference 43
  - octets attribute 76
  - target attribute 76
  - type attribute 76
- front element 32, 97
  - inside reference 43
  - inside rfc 49
- fullname attribute
  - in author element 18

## G

- group attribute
  - in ol element 39

## H

- hangIndent attribute
  - in list element 77
- hanging attribute
  - in dl element 27
- hangText attribute
  - in t element 63
- height attribute
  - in artwork element 15
  - in figure element 32
- href attribute
  - in link element 36

## I

- indexInclude attribute
  - in rfc element 50
- initials attribute
  - in author element 18
- ipr attribute
  - '\*2026' 90
  - '\*3667' 90
  - '\*3978' 90
  - '\*trust200811' 90
  - '\*trust200902' 88
  - 'noDerivativesTrust200902' 89
  - 'noModificationTrust200902' 89
  - 'pre5378Trust200902' 89
  - 'trust200902' 89
  - in rfc element 50
- iprExtract attribute
  - in rfc element 51
- iref element 33, 97

- inside annotation 12
- inside aside 16
- inside blockquote 20
- inside c 75
- inside dd 25
- inside dt 28
- inside em 29
- inside figure 31
- inside li 35
- inside postamble 77
- inside preamble 78
- inside section 53
- inside strong 60
- inside sub 61
- inside sup 62
- inside t 62
- inside table 64
- inside td 65
- inside th 68
- inside tt 71
- inside ttdcol 80
- item attribute 34
- primary attribute 34
- subitem attribute 34
- item attribute
  - in iref element 34

## K

- keepWithNext attribute
  - in t element 63
- keepWithPrevious attribute
  - in t element 63
- keyword element 34, 97
  - inside front 33

## L

- li element 34, 97
  - anchor attribute 36
  - inside ol 38
  - inside ul 71
- link element 36, 97
  - href attribute 36
  - inside rfc 49
  - rel attribute 36
- list element 76, 97
  - counter attribute 77
  - hangIndent attribute 77
  - inside aside 16

- inside t 62
- style attribute 77

## M

- Media Type
  - application/rfc+xml 82
- middle element 37, 97
  - inside rfc 49
- month attribute
  - in date element 24

## N

- name attribute
  - in artwork element 15
  - in seriesInfo element 56
  - in sourcecode element 58
- name element 37, 97
  - inside figure 31
  - inside note 38
  - inside references 45
  - inside section 53
  - inside table 64
  - inside texttable 79
- note element 37, 97
  - inside front 33
  - removeInRFC attribute 38
  - title attribute 38
- number attribute
  - in rfc element 51
- numbered attribute
  - in section element 54

## O

- obsoletes attribute
  - in rfc element 51
- octets attribute
  - in format element 76
- ol element 38, 97
  - anchor attribute 39
  - group attribute 39
  - inside abstract 11
  - inside aside 16
  - inside blockquote 19
  - inside dd 25
  - inside li 35
  - inside note 38
  - inside section 53
  - inside td 65

- inside th 68
- spacing attribute 39
- start attribute 39
- type attribute 39
- organization element 40, 97
  - abbrev attribute 40
  - ascii attribute 41
  - inside author 17

## P

- pageno attribute
  - in xref element 74
- phone element 41, 97
  - inside address 11
- postal element 41, 97
  - inside address 11
- postalLine element 42, 97
  - ascii attribute 42
  - inside postal 42
- postamble element 77, 97
  - inside figure 31
  - inside texttable 79
- preamble element 78, 97
  - inside figure 31
  - inside texttable 79
- prepTime attribute
  - in rfc element 51
- primary attribute
  - in iref element 34

## Q

- quotedFrom attribute
  - in blockquote element 20
- quoteTitle attribute
  - in reference element 43

## R

- refcontent element 42, 97
  - inside reference 43
- reference element 43, 97
  - anchor attribute 43
  - inside referencegroup 44
  - inside references 45
  - quoteTitle attribute 43
  - target attribute 44
- referencegroup element 44, 97
  - anchor attribute 44
  - inside references 45

- references element 44, 97
  - anchor attribute 45
  - inside back 18
  - title attribute 45
- region element 45, 97
  - ascii attribute 45
  - inside postal 41
- rel attribute
  - in link element 36
- relative attribute
  - in relref element 48
- relref element 45, 97
  - displayFormat attribute 46
  - inside annotation 12
  - inside blockquote 20
  - inside cref 22
  - inside dd 25
  - inside dt 28
  - inside em 29
  - inside li 35
  - inside name 37
  - inside strong 60
  - inside sub 61
  - inside sup 62
  - inside t 62
  - inside td 65
  - inside th 68
  - inside tt 71
  - relative attribute 48
  - section attribute 49
  - target attribute 49
- removeInRFC attribute
  - in note element 38
  - in section element 54
- rfc element 49, 97
  - category attribute 49
  - consensus attribute 49
  - docName attribute 50
  - indexInclude attribute 50
  - ipr attribute 50
  - iprExtract attribute 51
  - number attribute 51
  - obsoletes attribute 51
  - prepTime attribute 51
  - seriesNo attribute 51
  - sortRefs attribute 51
  - submissionType attribute 52
  - symRefs attribute 52

- tocDepth attribute 52
- tocInclude attribute 52
- updates attribute 53
- version attribute 53
- role attribute
  - in author element 18
- rowspan attribute
  - in td element 66
  - in th element 69

## S

- section attribute
  - in relref element 49
- section element 53, 97
  - anchor attribute 54
  - inside back 18
  - inside boilerplate 21
  - inside middle 37
  - inside section 54
  - numbered attribute 54
  - removeInRFC attribute 54
  - title attribute 54
  - toc attribute 55
- seriesInfo element 55, 97
  - asciiName attribute 55
  - asciiValue attribute 56
  - inside front 33
  - inside reference 43
  - name attribute 56
  - value attribute 56
- seriesNo attribute
  - in rfc element 51
- sortRefs attribute
  - in rfc element 51
- source attribute
  - in cref element 23
- sourcecode element 57, 97
  - anchor attribute 58
  - inside blockquote 19
  - inside dd 25
  - inside figure 31
  - inside li 35
  - inside section 54
  - inside td 65
  - inside th 68
  - name attribute 58
  - src attribute 58
  - type attribute 58

- spacing attribute
  - in dl element 27
  - in ol element 39
  - in ul element 72
- spanx element 78, 97
  - inside annotation 12
  - inside c 75
  - inside postamble 77
  - inside preamble 78
  - inside t 62
  - style attribute 79
  - xml:space attribute 79
- src attribute
  - in artwork element 15
  - in figure element 32
  - in sourcecode element 58
- start attribute
  - in ol element 39
- street element 59, 97
  - ascii attribute 59
  - inside postal 41
- strong element 59, 97
  - inside annotation 12
  - inside blockquote 20
  - inside c 75
  - inside cref 22
  - inside dd 25
  - inside dt 28
  - inside em 29
  - inside li 35
  - inside postamble 77
  - inside preamble 78
  - inside refcontent 43
  - inside sub 61
  - inside sup 62
  - inside t 62
  - inside td 65
  - inside th 68
  - inside tt 71
- style attribute
  - in list element 77
  - in spanx element 79
  - in texttable element 80
- sub element 60, 97
  - inside annotation 12
  - inside blockquote 20
  - inside c 76
  - inside cref 22

- inside dd 25
- inside dt 28
- inside em 29
- inside li 35
- inside postamble 77
- inside preamble 78
- inside refcontent 43
- inside strong 60
- inside t 62
- inside td 65
- inside th 68
- inside tt 71
- subitem attribute
  - in iref element 34
- submissionType attribute
  - in rfc element 52
- sup element 61, 97
  - inside annotation 12
  - inside blockquote 20
  - inside c 76
  - inside cref 22
  - inside dd 25
  - inside dt 28
  - inside em 29
  - inside li 35
  - inside postamble 77
  - inside preamble 78
  - inside refcontent 43
  - inside strong 60
  - inside t 62
  - inside td 66
  - inside th 68
  - inside tt 71
- suppress-title attribute
  - in figure element 32
  - in texttable element 80
- surname attribute
  - in author element 18
- svg element 75, 97
  - inside artwork 14
  - TheRealDefinition attribute 75
- symRefs attribute
  - in rfc element 52

## T

- t element 62, 97
  - anchor attribute 63
  - hangText attribute 63

- inside abstract 11
- inside aside 16
- inside blockquote 19
- inside dd 25
- inside li 35
- inside list 77
- inside note 38
- inside section 54
- inside td 65
- inside th 67
- keepWithNext attribute 63
- keepWithPrevious attribute 63
- table element 64, 97
  - anchor attribute 64
  - inside aside 17
  - inside section 54
- target attribute
  - in displayreference element 26
  - in eref element 30
  - in format element 76
  - in reference element 44
  - in relref element 49
  - in xref element 74
- tbody element 64, 97
  - anchor attribute 64
  - inside table 64
- td element 65, 97
  - align attribute 66
  - anchor attribute 66
  - border attribute 66
  - colspan attribute 66
  - inside tr 70
  - rowspan attribute 66
- texttable element 79, 97
  - align attribute 79
  - anchor attribute 80
  - inside section 54
  - style attribute 80
  - suppress-title attribute 80
  - title attribute 80
- tfoot element 67, 97
  - anchor attribute 67
  - inside table 64
- th element 67, 97
  - align attribute 68
  - anchor attribute 68
  - border attribute 68
  - colspan attribute 69

- inside tr 70
- rowspan attribute 69
- thead element 69, 97
  - anchor attribute 69
  - inside table 64
- TheRealDefinition attribute
  - in svg element 75
- title attribute
  - in figure element 32
  - in note element 38
  - in references element 45
  - in section element 54
  - in texttable element 80
- title element 69, 97
  - abbrev attribute 69
  - ascii attribute 69
  - inside front 33
- to attribute
  - in displayreference element 26
- toc attribute
  - in section element 55
- tocDepth attribute
  - in rfc element 52
- tocInclude attribute
  - in rfc element 52
- tr element 70, 97
  - anchor attribute 70
  - border attribute 70
  - inside tbody 64
  - inside tfoot 67
  - inside thead 69
- tt element 70, 97
  - inside annotation 12
  - inside blockquote 20
  - inside c 76
  - inside cref 23
  - inside dd 25
  - inside dt 28
  - inside em 29
  - inside li 35
  - inside name 37
  - inside postamble 78
  - inside preamble 78
  - inside refcontent 43
  - inside strong 60
  - inside sub 61
  - inside sup 62
  - inside t 63

- inside td 66
- inside th 68
- ttcol element 80, 97
  - align attribute 81
  - inside texttable 79
  - width attribute 81
- type attribute
  - in artwork element 15
  - in format element 76
  - in ol element 39
  - in sourcecode element 58

## U

- ul element 71, 97
  - anchor attribute 71
  - empty attribute 71
  - inside abstract 11
  - inside aside 17
  - inside blockquote 19
  - inside dd 25
  - inside li 35
  - inside note 38
  - inside section 54
  - inside td 66
  - inside th 68
  - spacing attribute 72
- updates attribute
  - in rfc element 53
- uri element 72, 97
  - inside address 11

## V

- value attribute
  - in seriesInfo element 56
- version attribute
  - in rfc element 53
- vspace element 81, 97
  - blankLines attribute 81
  - inside t 63

## W

- width attribute
  - in artwork element 16
  - in figure element 32
  - in ttcol element 81
- workgroup element 72, 97
  - inside front 33

## X

- xml:space attribute
  - in artwork element 16
  - in spanx element 79
- xref element 72, 97
  - format attribute 73
  - inside annotation 12
  - inside blockquote 20
  - inside c 76
  - inside cref 23
  - inside dd 25
  - inside dt 28
  - inside em 29
  - inside li 35
  - inside name 37
  - inside postamble 78
  - inside preamble 78
  - inside strong 60
  - inside sub 61
  - inside sup 62
  - inside t 63
  - inside td 66
  - inside th 68
  - inside tt 71
  - inside ttc col 80
  - pageno attribute 74
  - target attribute 74
- xref formats
  - counter 73
  - default 73
  - none 74
  - title 74

## Y

- year attribute
  - in date element 24

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The 'XML2RFC' version 2 Vocabulary  
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Abstract

This document defines the 'XML2RFC' version 2 vocabulary; an XML-based language used for writing RFCs and Internet-Drafts.

Version 2 represents the current state of the vocabulary (as implemented by several tools and as used by the RFC Editor) around 2014.

Editorial Note (To be removed by RFC Editor)

Discussion of this draft takes place on the XML2RFC mailing list ([xml2rfc@ietf.org](mailto:xml2rfc@ietf.org)), which has its home page at <https://www.ietf.org/mailman/listinfo/xml2rfc>.

Status of This Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted in full conformance with the provisions of BCP 78 and BCP 79.

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## Table of Contents

1. Introduction . . . . .	4
1.1. Syntax Notation . . . . .	4
2. Elements . . . . .	4
2.1. <abstract> . . . . .	5
2.2. <address> . . . . .	5
2.3. <annotation> . . . . .	5
2.4. <area> . . . . .	6
2.5. <artwork> . . . . .	6
2.6. <author> . . . . .	9
2.7. <back> . . . . .	10
2.8. <c> . . . . .	10
2.9. <city> . . . . .	11
2.10. <code> . . . . .	11
2.11. <country> . . . . .	11
2.12. <cref> . . . . .	11
2.13. <date> . . . . .	12
2.14. <email> . . . . .	13
2.15. <eref> . . . . .	13
2.16. <facsimile> . . . . .	13
2.17. <figure> . . . . .	14
2.18. <format> . . . . .	15
2.19. <front> . . . . .	16
2.20. <iref> . . . . .	16
2.21. <keyword> . . . . .	17
2.22. <list> . . . . .	18
2.23. <middle> . . . . .	20
2.24. <note> . . . . .	20
2.25. <organization> . . . . .	20
2.26. <phone> . . . . .	21
2.27. <postal> . . . . .	21
2.28. <postamble> . . . . .	22
2.29. <preamble> . . . . .	22
2.30. <reference> . . . . .	23
2.31. <references> . . . . .	23
2.32. <region> . . . . .	24
2.33. <rfc> . . . . .	24
2.34. <section> . . . . .	28
2.35. <seriesInfo> . . . . .	29
2.36. <spanx> . . . . .	29
2.37. <street> . . . . .	30

2.38. <t>	30
2.39. <texttable>	31
2.40. <title>	33
2.41. <ttcol>	33
2.42. <uri>	34
2.43. <vspace>	34
2.44. <workgroup>	35
2.45. <xref>	35
3. Escaping for Use in XML	37
4. Special Unicode Code Points	37
5. Including Files	38
6. Internationalization Considerations	39
7. Security Considerations	39
8. IANA Considerations	39
8.1. Internet Media Type Registration	39
9. Acknowledgments	41
10. References	41
10.1. Normative References	41
10.2. Informative References	41
Appendix A. Front Page ('Boilerplate') Generation	43
A.1. The /rfc/@category Attribute	44
A.2. The /rfc/@ipr Attribute	44
A.2.1. Current Values: '*trust200902'	44
A.2.2. Historic Values	46
A.3. The /rfc/@submissionType Attribute	47
A.4. The /rfc/@consensus Attribute	47
Appendix B. Changes from RFC 2629 ('v1')	48
B.1. RNC Schema Differences (to be removed in RFC before publication)	48
B.2. Removed Elements	48
B.3. Changed Defaults	48
B.4. Changed Elements	48
B.5. New Elements	49
Appendix C. Relax NG Schema	49
C.1. Checking Validity	55
Index	56

## 1. Introduction

This document describes version 2 ("v2") of the 'XML2RFC' vocabulary; an XML-based language ('Extensible Markup Language', [XML]) used for writing RFCs ([RFC7322]) and Internet-Drafts ([IDGUIDE]).

Version 2 represents the current state of the vocabulary (as implemented by several tools and as used by the RFC Editor) around 2014.

It obsoletes the original version ("v1") [RFC2629], which contained the original language definition, and which was subsequently extended. Many of the changes leading to version 2 have been described in "Writing I-Ds and RFCs using XML (revised)" ([V1rev]), but that document has not been updated since 2008.

Processing Instructions (Section 2.6 of [XML]) generally are specific to a given processor, and thus are not considered to be part of the vocabulary. See Section 4.1 of [TCLReadme] for a list of the processing instructions supported by the first implementation of an xml2rfc processor.

Note that the vocabulary contains certain constructs that might not be used when generating the final text; however, they can provide useful data for other uses (such index generation, populating a keyword database, or syntax checks).

### 1.1. Syntax Notation

The XML vocabulary here is defined in prose, based on the Relax NG schema ([RNC]) contained in Appendix C (specified in Relax NG Compact Notation, "RNC").

Note that the schema can be used for automated validity checks, but certain constraints are only described in prose (example: the conditionally required presence of the "abbrev" attribute).

## 2. Elements

The sections below describe all elements and their attributes.

Note that attributes not labeled "mandatory" are optional.

Except inside <artwork>, horizontal whitespace and linebreaks are collapsed into a single whitespace, and leading and trailing whitespace are trimmed off.

### 2.1. <abstract>

Contains the abstract of the document. The abstract ought to be self-contained and thus should not contain references or unexpanded abbreviations. See Section 4.3 of [RFC7322] for more information.

This element appears as a child element of: <front> (Section 2.19).

Content model:

One or more <t> elements (Section 2.38)

### 2.2. <address>

Provides address information for the author.

This element appears as a child element of: <author> (Section 2.6).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One optional <postal> element (Section 2.27)
2. One optional <phone> element (Section 2.26)
3. One optional <facsimile> element (Section 2.16)
4. One optional <email> element (Section 2.14)
5. One optional <uri> element (Section 2.42)

### 2.3. <annotation>

Provides additional prose augmenting a bibliographical reference.

This element appears as a child element of: <reference> (Section 2.30).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o <xref> elements (Section 2.45)

- o `<eref>` elements (Section 2.15)
- o `<iref>` elements (Section 2.20)
- o `<cref>` elements (Section 2.12)
- o `<spanx>` elements (Section 2.36)

#### 2.4. `<area>`

Provides information about the IETF area to which this document relates (currently not used when generating documents).

The value ought to be either the full name or the abbreviation of one of the IETF areas as listed on `<http://www.ietf.org/iesg/area.html>`. The list at the time that this document is being published is: "Applications", "app", "General", "gen", "Internet", "int", "Operations and Management", "ops", "Real-time Applications and Infrastructure", "rai", "Routing", "rtg", "Security", "sec", "Transport", "tsv".

This element appears as a child element of: `<front>` (Section 2.19).

Content model: only text content.

#### 2.5. `<artwork>`

This element allows the inclusion of "artwork" into the document.

`<artwork>` is the only element in the vocabulary that provides full control of horizontal whitespace and line breaks, and thus is used for a variety of things, such as:

- o diagrams ("line art"),
- o source code,
- o formal languages (such as ABNF or the RNC notation used in this document),
- o message flow diagrams,
- o complex tables, or
- o protocol unit diagrams.

Note that processors differ in the handling of horizontal TAB characters (some expand them, some treat them as single space) and

thus these ought to be avoided.

Alternatively, the "src" attribute allows referencing an external graphics file, such as a bitmap or a vector drawing, using a URI ("Uniform Resource Identifier", [RFC3986]). In this case, the textual content acts as fallback for output formats that do not support graphics, and thus ought to contain either a "line art" variant of the graphics, or otherwise prose that describes the included image in sufficient detail. Note that RFCs occasionally are published with enhanced diagrams; a recent example is [RFC5598].

This element appears as a child element of: <figure> (Section 2.17).

Content model:

Text

#### 2.5.1. 'align' attribute

Controls whether the artwork appears left justified (default), centered, or right justified.

Allowed values:

- o "left" (default)
- o "center"
- o "right"

#### 2.5.2. 'alt' attribute

Alternative text description of the artwork (not just the caption).

#### 2.5.3. 'height' attribute

The suggested height of the graphics included using the "src" attribute.

This attribute is format-dependent and ought to be avoided.

When generating HTML output, current implementations copy the attribute "as is". For other output formats it is usually ignored.

#### 2.5.4. 'name' attribute

A filename suitable for the contents (such as for extraction to a local file).

This attribute generally isn't used for document generation, but it can be helpful for other kinds of tools (such as automated syntax checkers which work by extracting the source code).

#### 2.5.5. 'src' attribute

The URI reference of a graphics file ([RFC3986], Section 4.1).

Note that this can be a "data" URI ([RFC2397]) as well; in which case the graphics file is wholly part of the XML file.

#### 2.5.6. 'type' attribute

Specifies the type of the artwork.

The value either is an Internet Media Type (see [RFC2046]) or a keyword (such as "abnf"). The set of recognized keywords varies across implementations.

How it is used depends on context and application. For instance, a formatter can attempt to syntax-highlight code in certain known languages.

#### 2.5.7. 'width' attribute

The suggested width of the graphics included using the "src" attribute.

This attribute is format-dependent and ought to be avoided.

When generating HTML output, current implementations copy the attribute "as is". For other output formats it is usually ignored.

#### 2.5.8. 'xml:space' attribute

Determines whitespace handling.

"preserve" is both the default value and the only meaningful setting anyway (because that's what the <artwork> element is for).

See also Section 2.10 of [XML].

Allowed values:

- o "default"
- o "preserve" (default)

## 2.6. <author>

Provides information about a document's author. This is used both for the document itself (at the beginning of the document) and for referenced documents (inside of <reference>).

The <author> elements contained within the document's <front> element are used to fill the boilerplate, and also to generate the "Author's Address" section (see Section 4.12 of [RFC7322]).

Note that an "author" can also be just an organization (by not specifying any of the name attributes, but adding the <organization> child element).

Furthermore, the "role" attribute can be used to mark an author as "editor". This is reflected both on the front page and in bibliographical references. Note that this specification does not define a precise meaning for the term "editor".

See Section "Authors vs. Contributors" of [RFCPOLICY] for more information.

This element appears as a child element of: <front> (Section 2.19).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One optional <organization> element (Section 2.25)
2. One optional <address> element (Section 2.2)

### 2.6.1. 'fullname' attribute

The full name (used in the automatically generated "Author's Address" section).

### 2.6.2. 'initials' attribute

Author initials (used on the front page and in references).

Initials should be provided as a whitespace separated list of pairs of a letter and a dot.

### 2.6.3. 'role' attribute

Specifies the role the author had in creating the document.

Allowed values:

- o "editor"

#### 2.6.4. 'surname' attribute

The author's surname (used on the front page and in references).

#### 2.7. <back>

Contains the "back" part of the document: the references and appendices. In <back>, <section> elements indicate appendices.

This element appears as a child element of: <rfc> (Section 2.33).

Content model:

In this order:

1. Optional <references> elements (Section 2.31)
2. Optional <section> elements (Section 2.34)

#### 2.8. <c>

Provides the content of a cell in a table.

This element appears as a child element of: <texttable> (Section 2.39).

Content model:

In any order:

- o Text
- o <xref> elements (Section 2.45)
- o <eref> elements (Section 2.15)
- o <iref> elements (Section 2.20)
- o <cref> elements (Section 2.12)
- o <spanx> elements (Section 2.36)

## 2.9. <city>

Gives the city name in a postal address.

This element appears as a child element of: <postal> (Section 2.27).

Content model: only text content.

## 2.10. <code>

Gives the postal region code.

This element appears as a child element of: <postal> (Section 2.27).

Content model: only text content.

## 2.11. <country>

Gives the country in a postal address.

This element appears as a child element of: <postal> (Section 2.27).

Content model: only text content.

## 2.12. <cref>

Represents a comment.

Comments can be used in a document while it is work-in-progress. They usually appear either inline and visually highlighted, at the end of the document (depending on file format and settings of the formatter), or not at all (when generating an RFC).

This element appears as a child element of: <annotation> (Section 2.3), <c> (Section 2.8), <postamble> (Section 2.28), <preamble> (Section 2.29), and <t> (Section 2.38).

Content model: only text content.

### 2.12.1. 'anchor' attribute

Document-wide unique identifier for this comment. The processor will auto-generate an identifier when none is given.

The value needs to be a valid XML "Name" (Section 2.3 of [XML]), additionally constrained to US-ASCII characters ([USASCII]).









## 2.18.1. 'octets' attribute

Octet length of linked-to document.

## 2.18.2. 'target' attribute

URI of document.

## 2.18.3. 'type' attribute (mandatory)

The type of the linked-to document, such as "TXT", "HTML", or "PDF".

## 2.19. &lt;front&gt;

Represent the "front matter": metadata (such as author information), abstract, and additional notes.

This element appears as a child element of: <reference> (Section 2.30), and <rfc> (Section 2.33).

Content model:

In this order:

1. One <title> element (Section 2.40)
2. One or more <author> elements (Section 2.6)
3. One <date> element (Section 2.13)
4. Optional <area> elements (Section 2.4)
5. Optional <workgroup> elements (Section 2.44)
6. Optional <keyword> elements (Section 2.21)
7. One optional <abstract> element (Section 2.1)
8. Optional <note> elements (Section 2.24)

## 2.20. &lt;iref&gt;

Provides terms for the document's index.

Index entries can be either be regular entries (when just the "item" attribute is given) or nested entries (by specifying "subitem" as well), grouped under a regular entry.



Content model: only text content.

## 2.22. <list>

Delineates a text list.

Each list item is represented by a <t> element. The vocabulary currently does not directly support list items consisting of multiple paragraphs; if this is needed, <vspace> (Section 2.43) can be used as a workaround.

This element appears as a child element of: <t> (Section 2.38).

Content model:

One or more <t> elements (Section 2.38)

### 2.22.1. 'counter' attribute

This attribute holds a token that serves as an identifier for a counter. The intended use is continuation of lists, where the counter will be incremented for every list item, and there is no way to reset the counter.

Note that this attribute functions only when the style attribute is using the "format..." syntax (Section 2.22.3); otherwise, it is ignored.

### 2.22.2. 'hangIndent' attribute

For list styles with potentially wide labels, this attribute can override the default indentation level, measured in number of characters.

Note that it only affects style with variable-width labels ("format..." and "hanging", see below), and it may not affect formats in which the list item text appears below the label.

### 2.22.3. 'style' attribute

This attribute is used to control the display of a list.

The value of this attribute is inherited by any nested lists that do not have this attribute set. It may be set to:

"empty"















































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- [RFC2397] Masinter, L., "The "data" URL scheme", RFC 2397, August 1998.
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- [RFC6068] Duerst, M., Masinter, L., and J. Zawinski, "The 'mailto' URI Scheme", RFC 6068, October 2010.
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- [RFC7303] Thompson, H. and C. Lilley, "XML Media Types", RFC 7303, July 2014.
- [RFC7322] Heather, H. and S. Ginoza, "RFC Style Guide", RFC 7322, September 2014.
- [RFCPOLICY] RFC Editor, "RFC Editorial Guidelines and Procedures",















```
    | "pre5378Trust200902"
  }?,
  attribute iprExtract { xsd:IDREF }?,
  [ a:defaultValue = "IETF" ]
  attribute submissionType {
    "IETF" | "IAB" | "IRTF" | "independent"
  }?,
  attribute docName { text }?,
  [ a:defaultValue = "en" ] attribute xml:lang { text }?,
  front,
  middle,
  back?
}

front =
  element front {
    title, author+, date, area*, workgroup*, keyword*, abstract?,
    note*
  }

title =
  element title {
    attribute abbrev { text }?,
    text
  }

author =
  element author {
    attribute initials { text }?,
    attribute surname { text }?,
    attribute fullname { text }?,
    attribute role { "editor" }?,
    organization?,
    address?
  }

organization =
  element organization {
    attribute abbrev { text }?,
    text
  }

address = element address { postal?, phone?, facsimile?, email?,
uri? }

postal = element postal { street+, (city | region | code | country)*
}
```

```
street = element street { text }

city = element city { text }

region = element region { text }

code = element code { text }

country = element country { text }

phone = element phone { text }

facsimile = element facsimile { text }

email = element email { text }

uri = element uri { text }

date =
  element date {
    attribute day { text }?,
    attribute month { text }?,
    attribute year { text }?,
    empty
  }

area = element area { text }

workgroup = element workgroup { text }

keyword = element keyword { text }

abstract = element abstract { t+ }

note =
  element note {
    attribute title { text },
    t+
  }

middle = element middle { section+ }

section =
  element section {
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute title { text },
    [ a:defaultValue = "default" ]
    attribute toc { "include" | "exclude" | "default" }?,
```

```
(t | figure | texttable | iref)*,
section*
}

t =
element t {
  attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
  attribute hangText { text }?,
  (text
   | \list
   | figure
   | xref
   | eref
   | iref
   | cref
   | spanx
   | vspace)*
}

\list =
element list {
  attribute style { text }?,
  attribute hangIndent { text }?,
  attribute counter { text }?,
  t+
}

xref =
element xref {
  attribute target { xsd:IDREF },
  [ a:defaultValue = "false" ] attribute pageno { "true" | "false"
}?,
  [ a:defaultValue = "default" ]
  attribute format { "counter" | "title" | "none" | "default" }?,
  text
}

eref =
element eref {
  attribute target { text },
  text
}

iref =
element iref {
  attribute item { text },
  [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute subitem { text }?,
  [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
```

```
    attribute primary { "true" | "false" }?,
    empty
  }

cref =
  element cref {
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    attribute source { text }?,
    text
  }

spanx =
  element spanx {
    [ a:defaultValue = "preserve" ]
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "emph" ] attribute style { text }?,
    text
  }

vspace =
  element vspace {
    [ a:defaultValue = "0" ] attribute blankLines { text }?,
    empty
  }

figure =
  element figure {
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute title { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute suppress-title { "true" | "false" }?,
    attribute src { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
    attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute alt { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute width { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute height { text }?,
    iref*,
    preamble?,
    artwork,
    postamble?
  }

preamble =
  element preamble { (text | xref | eref | iref | cref | spanx)* }

artwork =
  element artwork {
```

```

    [ a:defaultValue = "preserve" ]
    attribute xml:space { "default" | "preserve" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute name { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute type { text }?,
    attribute src { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
    attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute alt { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute width { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute height { text }?,
    text*
  }

postamble =
  element postamble { (text | xref | eref | iref | cref | spanx)* }

texttable =
  element texttable {
    attribute anchor { xsd:ID }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "" ] attribute title { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "false" ]
    attribute suppress-title { "true" | "false" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "center" ]
    attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "full" ]
    attribute style { "all" | "none" | "headers" | "full" }?,
    preamble?,
    ttcol+,
    c*,
    postamble?
  }

ttcol =
  element ttcol {
    attribute width { text }?,
    [ a:defaultValue = "left" ]
    attribute align { "left" | "center" | "right" }?,
    text
  }

c = element c { (text | xref | eref | iref | cref | spanx)* }

back = element back { references*, section* }

references =
  element references {
    [ a:defaultValue = "References" ] attribute title { text }?,
    reference+
  }

```

```
    }

    reference =
      element reference {
        attribute anchor { xsd:ID },
        attribute target { text }?,
        front,
        seriesInfo*,
        format*,
        annotation*
      }

    seriesInfo =
      element seriesInfo {
        attribute name { text },
        attribute value { text },
        empty
      }

    format =
      element format {
        attribute target { text }?,
        attribute type { text },
        attribute octets { text }?,
        empty
      }

    annotation =
      element annotation { (text | xref | eref | iref | cref | spanx)* }

    start = rfc
```

(This schema was derived from version 1.3.6 of the xml2rfc DTD ('Document Type Definition', [XML], Section 2.8), available from <<http://svn.tools.ietf.org/svn/tools/xml2rfc/vocabulary/v2/03/xml2rfcv2.dtd>>).

### C.1. Checking Validity

The validity of XML files can be checked with any tool that supports Relax NG ([RNC]). The reference implementation is the Java-based, open sourced "JING" ([JING]).

To use JING, download the latest ZIP file from the "downloads" page (currently <<https://code.google.com/p/jing-trang/downloads/detail?name=jing-20091111.zip>>), extract the archive, copy "jing.jar" from the "bin" folder, and make sure Java is installed).

To check a file "test.xml" using the RNC file "schema.rnc", run (from a command line prompt):

```
java -jar jing.jar -c schema.rnc test.xml
```

In good Unix tradition, no output means the file is valid.

## Index

### A

- abbrev attribute
  - in organization element 21
  - in title element 33
- abstract element 5, 49
  - inside front 16
- address element 5, 49
  - inside author 9
- align attribute
  - in artwork element 7
  - in figure element 14
  - in texttable element 32
  - in ttable element 34
- alt attribute
  - in artwork element 7
  - in figure element 14
- anchor attribute
  - in cref element 11
  - in figure element 14
  - in reference element 23
  - in section element 28
  - in t element 31
  - in texttable element 32
- annotation element 5, 49
  - inside reference 23
- application/rfc+xml Media Type 39
- area element 6, 49
  - inside front 16
- artwork element 6, 49
  - align attribute 7
  - alt attribute 7
  - height attribute 7
  - inside figure 14
  - name attribute 7
  - src attribute 8
  - type attribute 8
  - width attribute 8
  - xml:space attribute 8

Attributes

abbrev 21, 33  
align 7, 14, 32, 34  
alt 7, 14  
anchor 11, 14, 23, 28, 31-32  
blankLines 34  
category 25  
consensus 25  
counter 18  
day 12  
docName 25  
format 35  
fullname 9  
hangIndent 18  
hangText 31  
height 7, 15  
initials 9  
ipr 26  
iprExtract 26  
item 17  
month 12  
name 7, 29  
number 27  
obsoletes 27  
octets 16  
pageno 36  
primary 17  
role 9  
seriesNo 27  
source 12  
src 8, 15  
style 18, 30, 32  
subitem 17  
submissionType 27  
suppress-title 15, 33  
surname 10  
target 13, 16, 23, 37  
title 15, 20, 24, 28, 33  
toc 28  
type 8, 16  
updates 27  
value 29  
width 8, 15, 34  
xml:lang 28  
xml:space 8, 30  
year 13  
author element 9, 49  
    fullname attribute 9  
    initials attribute 9

inside front 16  
role attribute 9  
surname attribute 10

## B

back element 10, 49  
inside rfc 24  
blankLines attribute  
in vspace element 34

## C

c element 10, 49  
inside texttable 32  
category attribute  
in rfc element 25  
city element 11, 49  
inside postal 21  
code element 11, 49  
inside postal 21  
consensus attribute  
in rfc element 25  
counter attribute  
in list element 18  
country element 11, 49  
inside postal 21  
cref element 11, 49  
anchor attribute 11  
inside annotation 6  
inside c 10  
inside postamble 22  
inside preamble 22  
inside t 31  
source attribute 12

## D

date element 12, 49  
day attribute 12  
inside front 16  
month attribute 12  
year attribute 13  
day attribute  
in date element 12  
docName attribute  
in rfc element 25

## E

Elements  
abstract 5, 16

address 5, 9  
annotation 5, 23  
area 6, 16  
artwork 6, 14  
author 9, 16  
back 10, 24  
c 10, 32  
city 11, 21  
code 11, 21  
country 11, 21  
cref 6, 10-11, 22, 31  
date 12, 16  
email 5, 13  
eref 6, 10, 13, 22, 31  
facsimile 5, 13  
figure 14, 28, 31  
format 15, 23  
front 16, 23-24  
iref 6, 10, 14, 16, 22, 28, 31  
keyword 16-17  
list 18, 31  
middle 20, 24  
note 16, 20  
organization 9, 20  
phone 5, 21  
postal 5, 21  
postamble 14, 22, 32  
preamble 14, 22, 32  
reference 23-24  
references 10, 23  
region 21, 24  
rfc 24  
section 10, 20, 28  
seriesInfo 23, 29  
spanx 6, 10, 22, 29, 31  
street 21, 30  
t 5, 18, 20, 28, 30  
texttable 28, 31  
title 16, 33  
ttcol 32-33  
uri 5, 34  
vspace 31, 34  
workgroup 16, 35  
xref 5, 10, 22, 31, 35  
email element 13, 49  
    inside address 5  
eref element 13, 49  
    inside annotation 6

- inside c 10
- inside postamble 22
- inside preamble 22
- inside t 31
- target attribute 13

## F

- facsimile element 13, 49
  - inside address 5
- figure element 14, 49
  - align attribute 14
  - alt attribute 14
  - anchor attribute 14
  - height attribute 15
  - inside section 28
  - inside t 31
  - src attribute 15
  - suppress-title attribute 15
  - title attribute 15
  - width attribute 15
- format attribute
  - in xref element 35
- format element 15, 49
  - inside reference 23
  - octets attribute 16
  - target attribute 16
  - type attribute 16
- front element 16, 49
  - inside reference 23
  - inside rfc 24
- fullname attribute
  - in author element 9

## H

- hangIndent attribute
  - in list element 18
- hangText attribute
  - in t element 31
- height attribute
  - in artwork element 7
  - in figure element 15

## I

- initials attribute
  - in author element 9
- ipr attribute
  - '\*2026' 46
  - '\*3667' 46

- '\*3978' 46
- '\*trust200811' 46
- '\*trust200902' 44
- 'noDerivativesTrust200902' 45
- 'noModificationTrust200902' 45
- 'pre5378Trust200902' 45
- 'trust200902' 45
- in rfc element 26
- iprExtract attribute
  - in rfc element 26
- iref element 16, 49
  - inside annotation 6
  - inside c 10
  - inside figure 14
  - inside postamble 22
  - inside preamble 22
  - inside section 28
  - inside t 31
  - item attribute 17
  - primary attribute 17
  - subitem attribute 17
- item attribute
  - in iref element 17

## K

- keyword element 17, 49
  - inside front 16

## L

- list element 18, 49
  - counter attribute 18
  - hangIndent attribute 18
  - inside t 31
  - style attribute 18
- list styles
  - empty 18
  - format ... 19
  - hanging 19
  - letters 19
  - numbers 19
  - symbols 19

## M

- Media Type
  - application/rfc+xml 39
- middle element 20, 49
  - inside rfc 24
- month attribute

in date element 12

## N

name attribute  
  in artwork element 7  
  in seriesInfo element 29  
note element 20, 49  
  inside front 16  
  title attribute 20  
number attribute  
  in rfc element 27

## O

obsoletes attribute  
  in rfc element 27  
octets attribute  
  in format element 16  
organization element 20, 49  
  abbrev attribute 21  
  inside author 9

## P

pageno attribute  
  in xref element 36  
phone element 21, 49  
  inside address 5  
postal element 21, 49  
  inside address 5  
postamble element 22, 49  
  inside figure 14  
  inside texttable 32  
preamble element 22, 49  
  inside figure 14  
  inside texttable 32  
primary attribute  
  in iref element 17

## R

reference element 23, 49  
  anchor attribute 23  
  inside references 24  
  target attribute 23  
references element 23, 49  
  inside back 10  
  title attribute 24  
region element 24, 49  
  inside postal 21  
rfc element 24, 49

- category attribute 25
- consensus attribute 25
- docName attribute 25
- ipr attribute 26
- iprExtract attribute 26
- number attribute 27
- obsoletes attribute 27
- seriesNo attribute 27
- submissionType attribute 27
- updates attribute 27
- xml:lang attribute 28
- role attribute
  - in author element 9

## S

- section element 28, 49
  - anchor attribute 28
  - inside back 10
  - inside middle 20
  - inside section 28
  - title attribute 28
  - toc attribute 28
- seriesInfo element 29, 49
  - inside reference 23
  - name attribute 29
  - value attribute 29
- seriesNo attribute
  - in rfc element 27
- source attribute
  - in cref element 12
- spanx element 29, 49
  - inside annotation 6
  - inside c 10
  - inside postamble 22
  - inside preamble 22
  - inside t 31
  - style attribute 30
  - xml:space attribute 30
- src attribute
  - in artwork element 8
  - in figure element 15
- street element 30, 49
  - inside postal 21
- style attribute
  - in list element 18
  - in spanx element 30
  - in texttable element 32
- subitem attribute

- in iref element 17
- submissionType attribute
  - in rfc element 27
- suppress-title attribute
  - in figure element 15
  - in texttable element 33
- surname attribute
  - in author element 10

## T

- t element 30, 49
  - anchor attribute 31
  - hangText attribute 31
  - inside abstract 5
  - inside list 18
  - inside note 20
  - inside section 28
- target attribute
  - in eref element 13
  - in format element 16
  - in reference element 23
  - in xref element 37
- texttable element 31, 49
  - align attribute 32
  - anchor attribute 32
  - inside section 28
  - style attribute 32
  - suppress-title attribute 33
  - title attribute 33
- title attribute
  - in figure element 15
  - in note element 20
  - in references element 24
  - in section element 28
  - in texttable element 33
- title element 33, 49
  - abbrev attribute 33
  - inside front 16
- toc attribute
  - in section element 28
- ttcol element 33, 49
  - align attribute 34
  - inside texttable 32
  - width attribute 34
- type attribute
  - in artwork element 8
  - in format element 16

## U

- updates attribute
  - in rfc element 27
- uri element 34, 49
  - inside address 5

## V

- value attribute
  - in seriesInfo element 29
- vspace element 34, 49
  - blankLines attribute 34
  - inside t 31

## W

- width attribute
  - in artwork element 8
  - in figure element 15
  - in ttcol element 34
- workgroup element 35, 49
  - inside front 16

## X

- xml:lang attribute
  - in rfc element 28
- xml:space attribute
  - in artwork element 8
  - in spanx element 30
- xref element 35, 49
  - format attribute 35
  - inside annotation 5
  - inside c 10
  - inside postamble 22
  - inside preamble 22
  - inside t 31
  - pageno attribute 36
  - target attribute 37
- xref formats
  - counter 36
  - default 36
  - none 36
  - title 36

## Y

- year attribute
  - in date element 13

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