

Extensions to PCEP for handling **Link Bandwidth Utilization**

draft-wu-pce-pcep-link-bw-utilization-02

Qin WU, Huawei
Dhruv Dhody, Huawei
Stefano Previdi, Cisco

Introduction

Allows real-time traffic flow into consideration while computing new paths.

Bandwidth

- Maximum bandwidth, Maximum reservable bandwidth and Unreserved bandwidth. [RFC3630][RFC3784]
- Residual bandwidth, Available bandwidth and Utilized bandwidth. [OSPF-TE-EXT] and [ISIS-TE-EXT]

A new object “BU (Bandwidth Utilization) Object” has been defined to indicate the upper limit of the acceptable link bandwidth utilization percentage.

New objective functions, namely MUP (Maximum Under-Utilized Path) and MRUP (Maximum Reserved Under-Utilized Path) are defined.

Link Utilization

Link Bandwidth Utilization (LBU)

- It is the bandwidth utilization on a link, forwarding adjacency, or bundled link.
- For a link or forwarding adjacency, bandwidth utilization represent the actual utilization of the link. (i.e. as measured in the router) for forwarding all traffic (RSVP and Non-RSVP).
- LBU Percentage is described as: $(\text{LBU} / \text{Maximum bandwidth}) * 100$

Link Reserved Bandwidth Utilization (LRBU)

- It is the reserved bandwidth utilization on a link, forwarding adjacency, or bundled link.
- This includes traffic for only RSVP-TE LSPs.
- LRBU Percentage is described as: $(\text{LRBU} / (\text{Maximum Reservable bandwidth})) * 100$

Objective Functions

Maximum Under-Utilized Path (MUP)

- Find a path P such that $(\text{Min} \{ (M(L_{pi}) - u(L_{pi})) / M(L_{pi}), i=1...K \})$ is maximized.

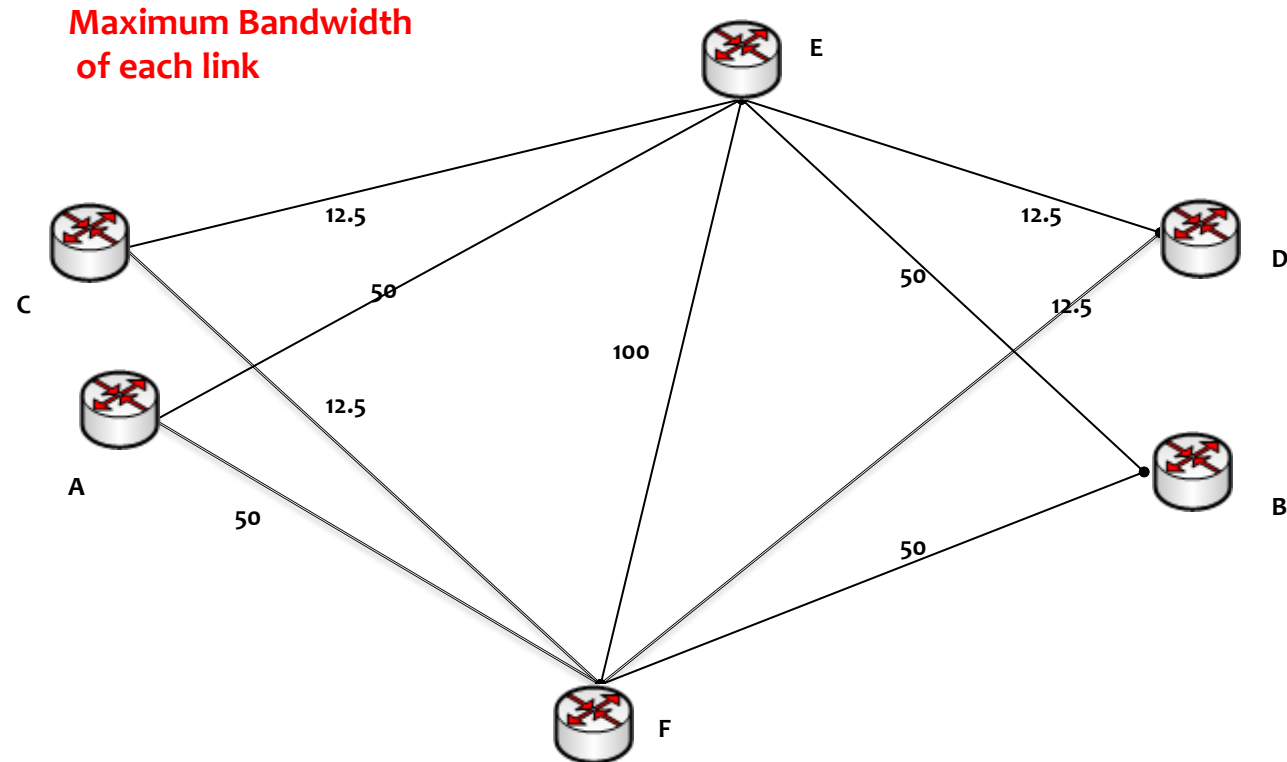
Maximum Reserved Under-Utilized Path (MRUP)

- Find a path P such that $(\text{Min} \{ (R(L_{pi}) - ru(L_{pi})) / R(L_{pi}), i=1...K \})$ is maximized.

Where...

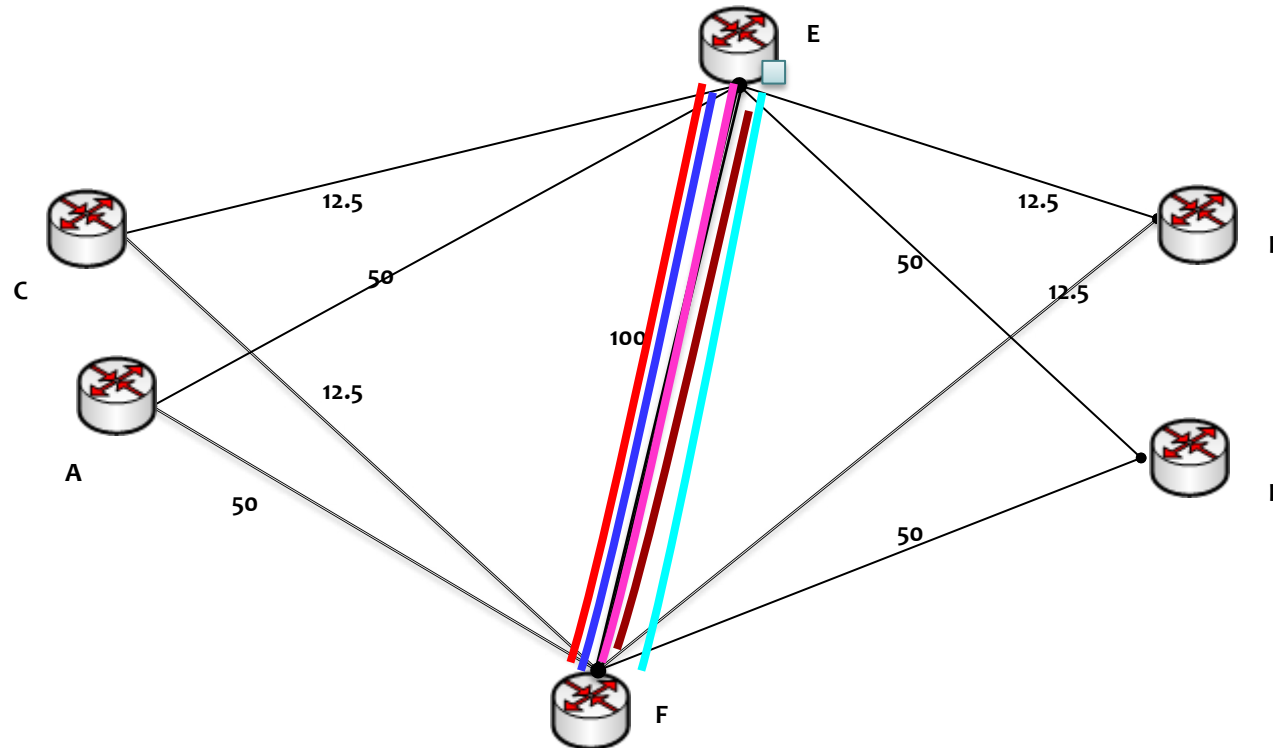
- A network comprises a set of N links $\{L_i, (i=1...N)\}$.
- A path P is a list of K links $\{L_{pi}, (i=1...K)\}$.
- Bandwidth Utilization on link L is denoted $u(L)$.
- Reserved Bandwidth Utilization on link L is denoted $ru(L)$.
- Maximum bandwidth on link L is denoted $M(L)$.
- Maximum Reserved bandwidth on link L is denoted $R(L)$.

Example Topology



RSVP Utilization	80 % of reserved link bandwidth
Non-RSVP Utilization	5 % of un-reserved link Bandwidth

No Bandwidth Utilization (considered during path computation)

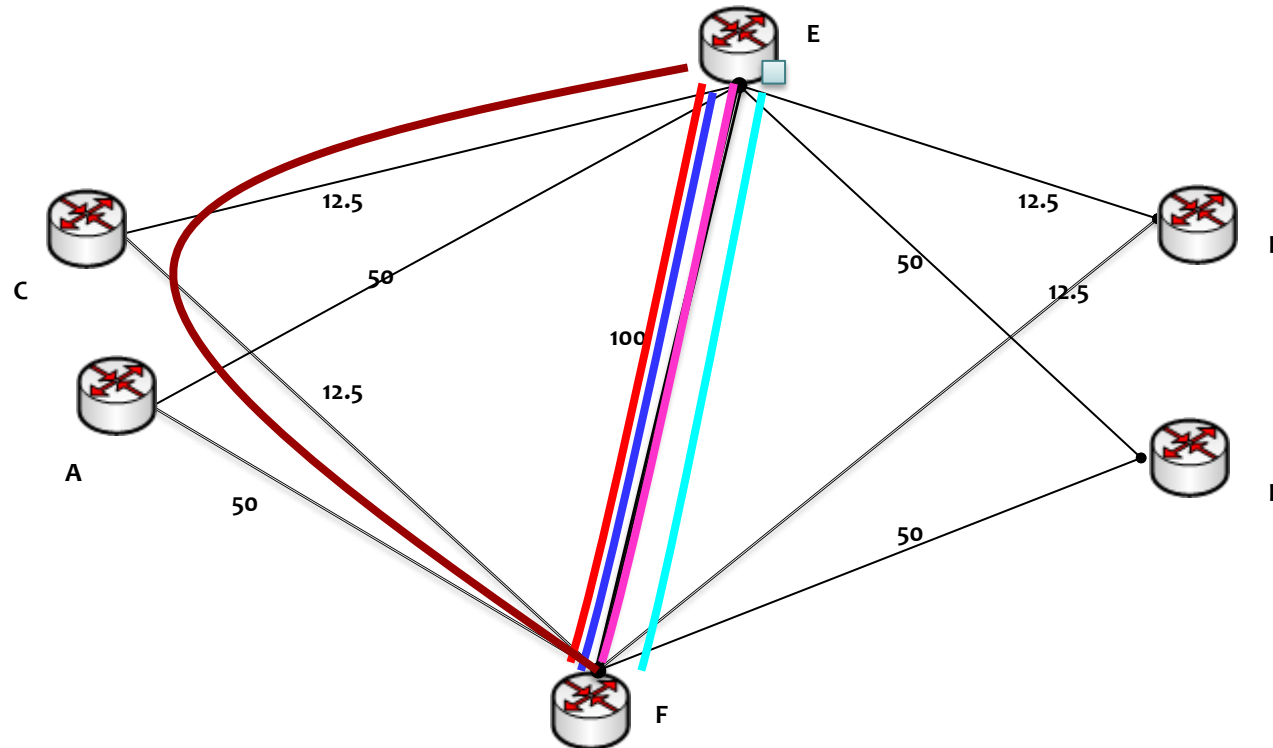


Many links are unused...

Bandwidth Utilization		
Max	Min	Average
80	0	22.9

LSP	Tunnel ID	B/W (Mbps)
LSP1	1	40
LSP2	2	20
LSP3	3	20
LSP4	4	10
LSP5	5	10

Bandwidth Utilization with Limit



LSPs take same path till the limit constraint is satisfied. So still some links are unutilized and some are used up to 70%!

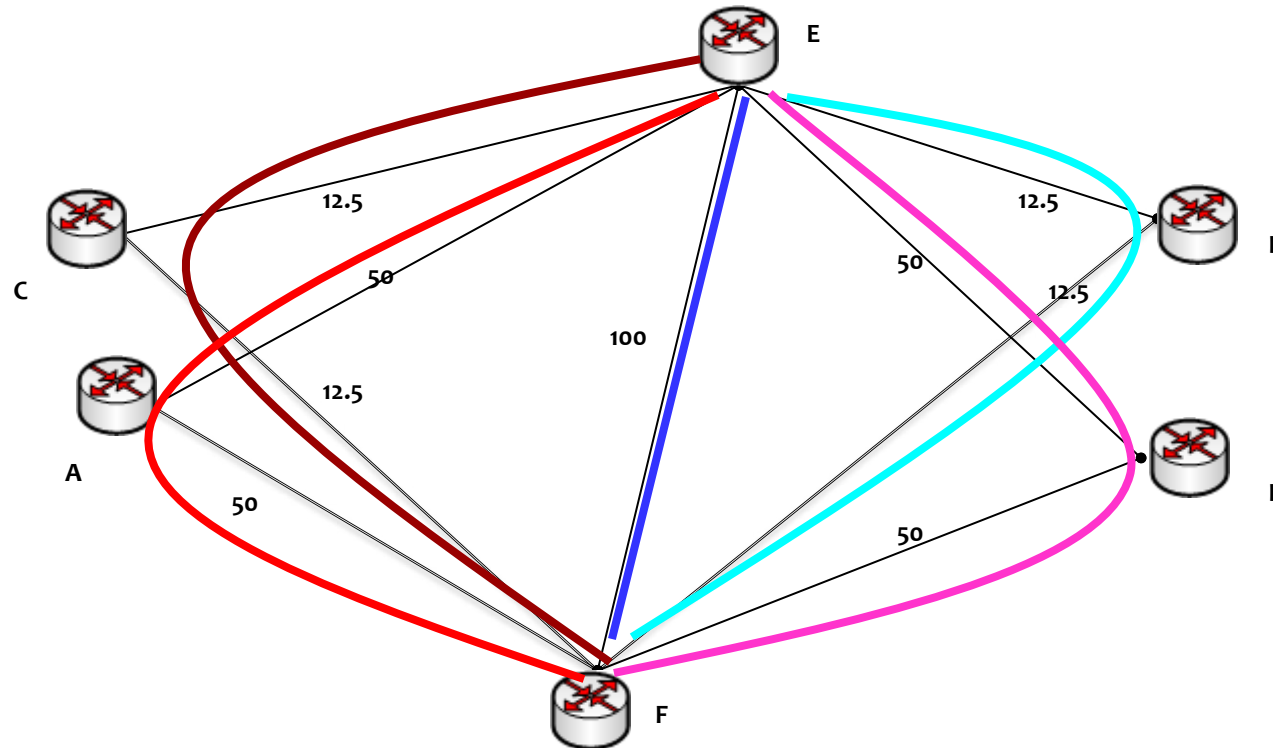
Bandwidth Utilization

Max	Min	Average
72	0	25.1

LSP	Tunnel ID	B/W (Mbps)
LSP1	1	40
LSP2	2	20
LSP3	3	20
LSP4	4	10
LSP5	5	10

RSVP Utilization on link F1-E1:
 80 % of (40 + 20 + 20 + 10)
 = 72 Mbps (out of total 100 Mbps)
 So LSP5 takes different path.

Bandwidth Utilization with MUP

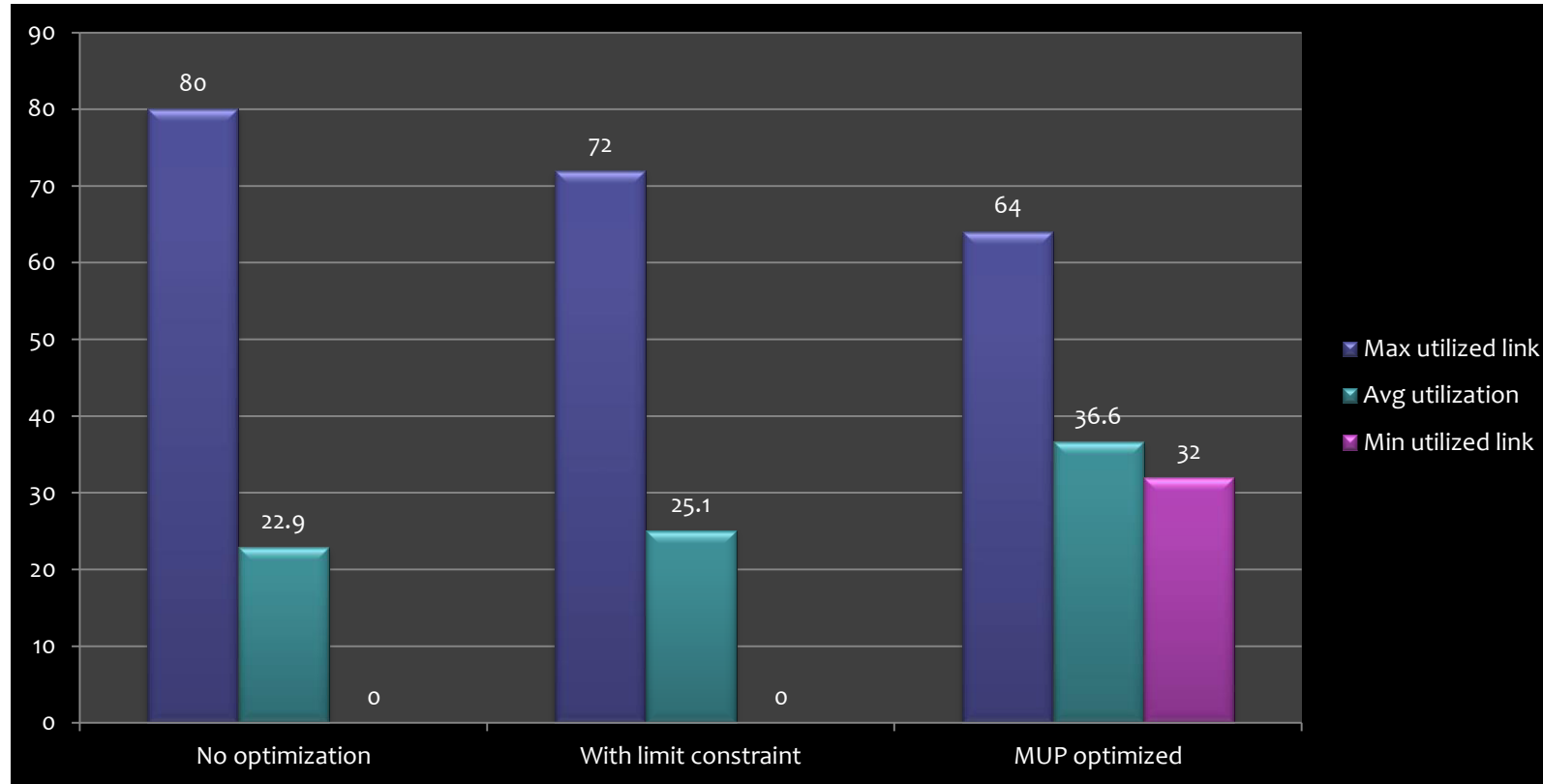


Bandwidth Utilization		
Max	Min	Average
64	32	36.6

LSP	Tunnel ID	B/W (Mbps)
LSP1	1	40
LSP2	2	20
LSP3	3	20
LSP4	4	10
LSP5	5	10

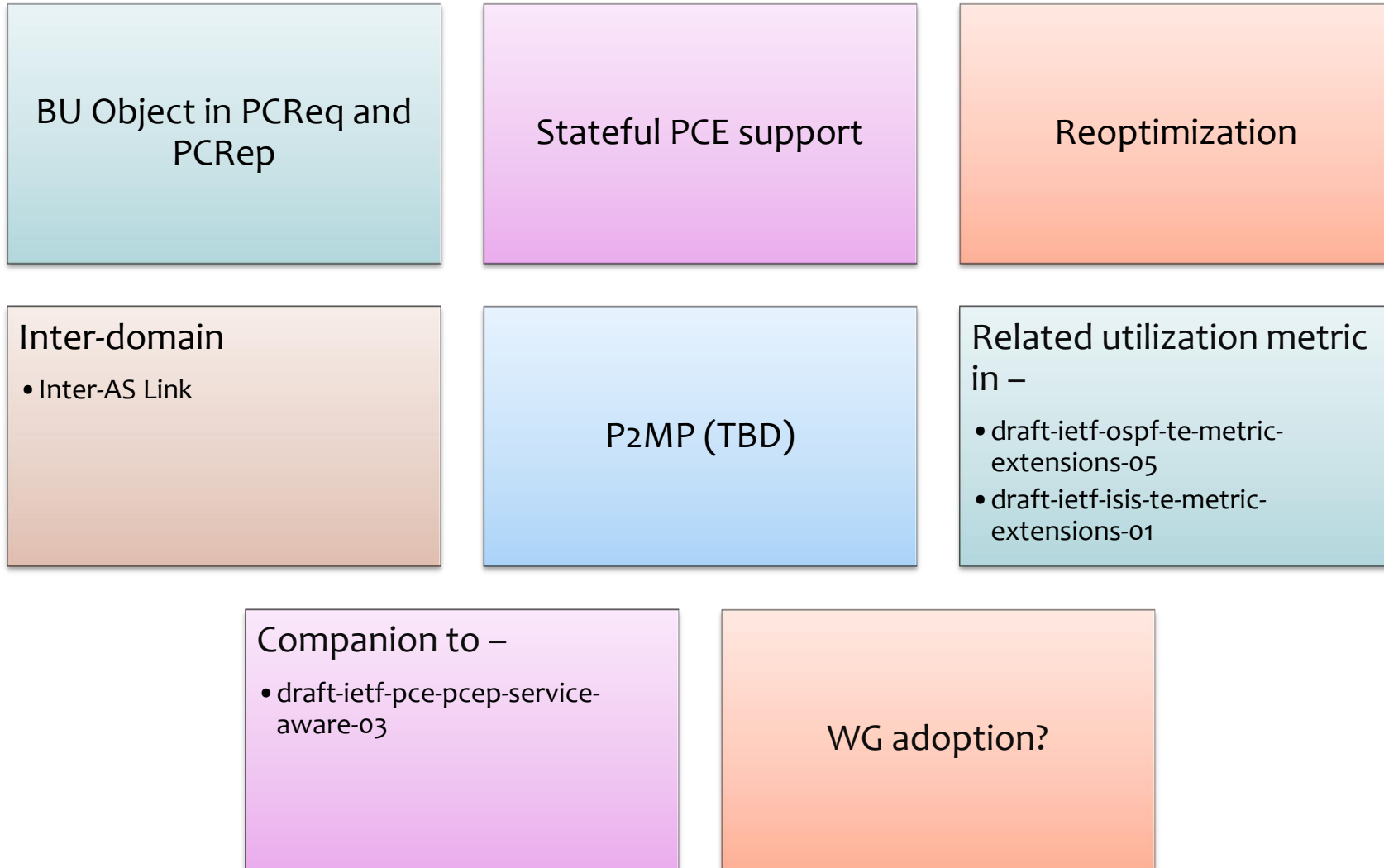
Every LSP takes the most under-utilized path, hence distributing the traffic over the network.

Bandwidth Utilization with different optimization



The network is better utilized without overloading any particular link.

Other Considerations



Questions
&
Comments?

Thanks!