MAC Withdraw Signaling for static PW

draft-boutros-I2vpn-mac-wd-03.txt

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Brief History

- This draft was first introduced in 2011
- Service Providers requesting this feature
- Presented details in IETF-88 and was well received
- Added a new author
 - Sam Aldrin Huweii

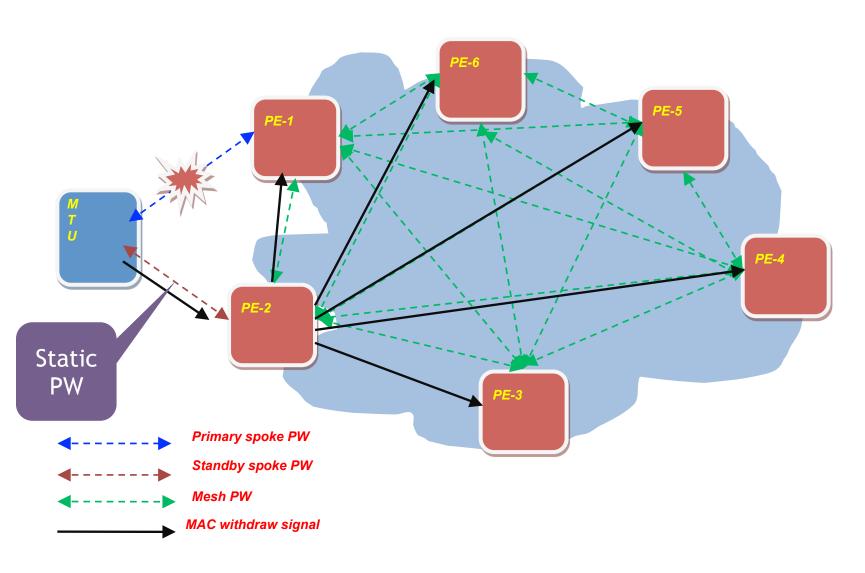
Solution Overview

- MAC withdraw signaling for dynamic PW is described in RFC 4762. It mitigates black holing of the traffic when dual-homed MTU-s switches over to standby PW
- RFC 6478 describes PW status exchange inband over the OAM channel with acknowledgements from the receiver. The draft uses the similar mechanisms for MAC withdraw signaling.

MAC Withdraw signal

- Sent over OAM channel with sequence number and MAC list TLV as defined in RFC 4762.
- Receiving PE sets the ACK bit in the response
- In absence of ACK, sender retries 3 times at one second interval
- An ACK receipt with higher sequence is implicit ACK for all lower sequence sends
- MAC List Optimization is supported as per <u>http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-l2vpn-vpls-ldp-mac-opt-08</u>

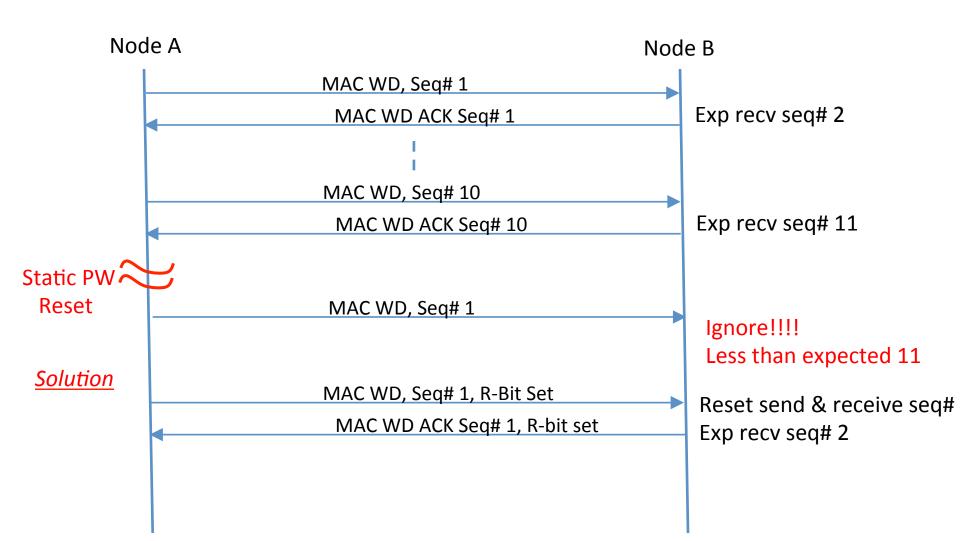
MAC Withdraw signaling – use case



Reset Sequence Number

- The version 03 added logic to signal resetting of the sequence number
- A reset bit is defined in the MAC WD signal
- Needed when a static PW is reset by way of node restart or other configuration changes
- Local node notifies peer to reset send and expected receive sequence number
- This mechanism prevents peer to ignore lowered sequence number MAC WD message from the reset'd node

Reset logic



Use case

- MPLS-TP deployments are taking hold in access networks
- Static provisioning for PWs dovetails to static LSPs
- This necessitates need for PW status (already an RFC) as well as MAC withdraw signaling for H-VPLS deployments with dual-homing

Summary

- Request to adopt as WG document
- Reserve ACH channel type 0x28
- Comments?