

Autonomic Networking – Definitions and Design Goals

draft-irtf-nmrg-autonomic-network-definitions-01

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Michael Behringer

Steinþor Bjarnason

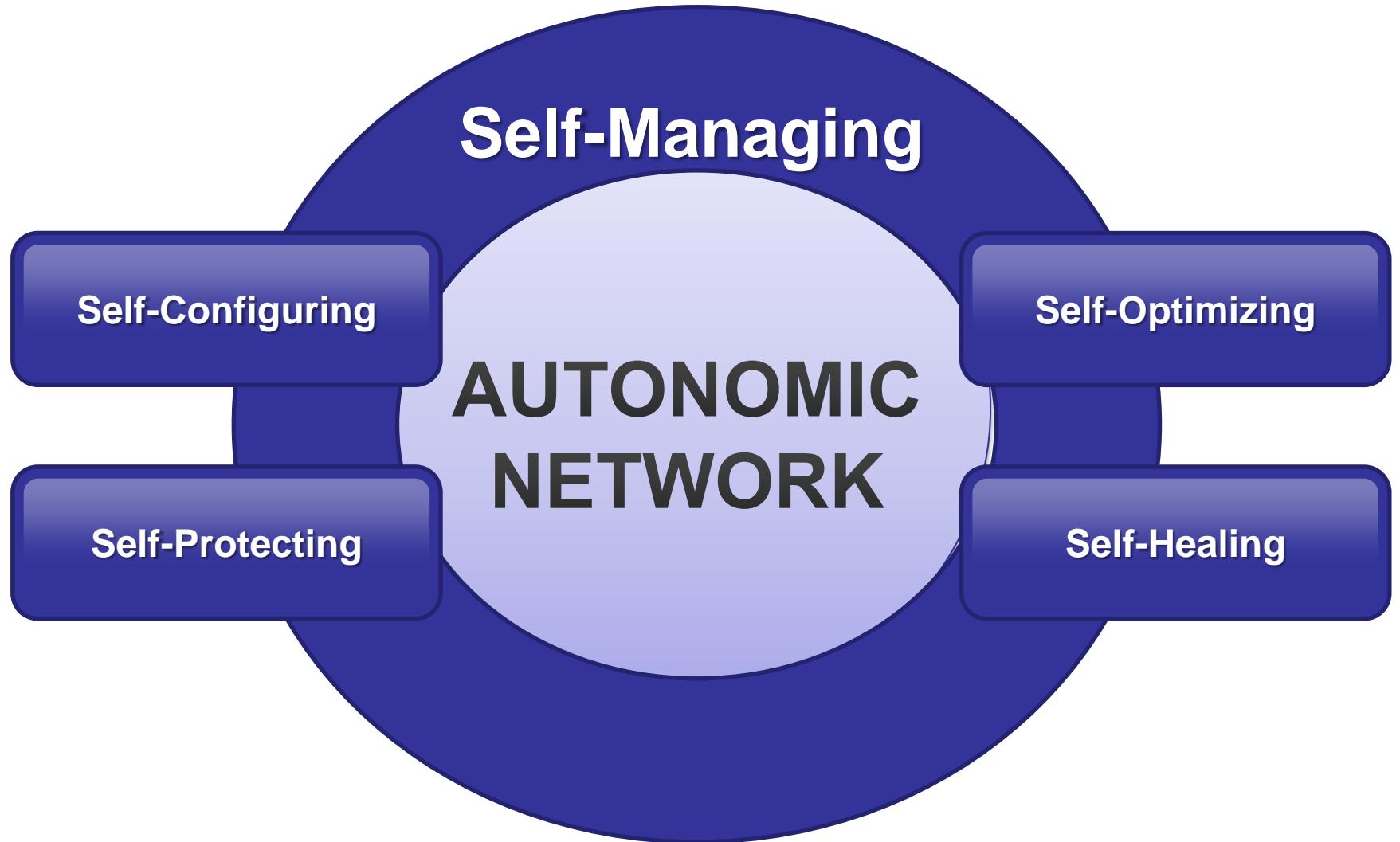
Brian Carpenter

Laurent Ciavaglia

Alex Clemm

Sheng Jiang

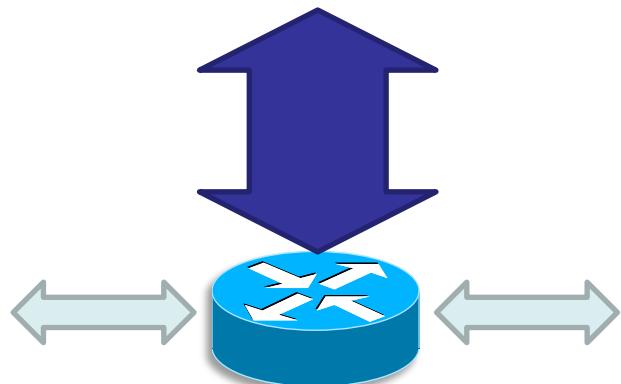
Max Pritkin



History: IBM's “Autonomic Computing” (2001)
<http://www.research.ibm.com/autonomic/>

Traditional

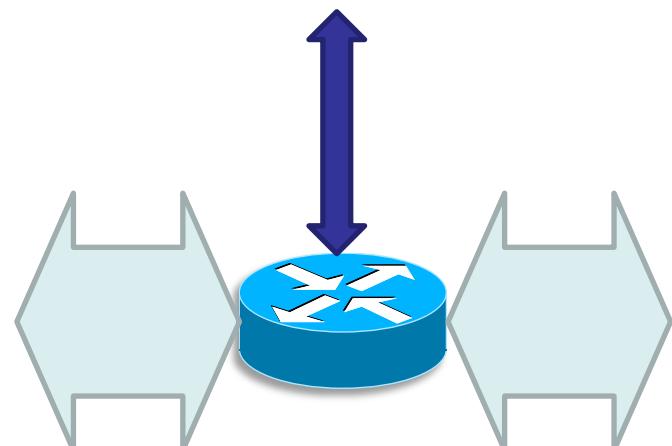
- Configuration
- Monitoring
- Reporting



- Routing

Autonomic

- Policy and Service Orchestration
- Aggregated Reporting



- Routing
- Discovery
- Autonomic interactions

Autonomic Networking means:
→Minimize operator interventions
→Minimize NMS dependencies

Changes from -00

- Emphasize autonomic *functions* rather than *nodes / networks*.
 - Bottom up approach
- Emphasize *distribution*.
- Emphasize goal of a *Common Autonomic Networking Infrastructure*
 - New section 3.8
- Removed (empty) section “Guidelines for Case Studies”
 - As discussed on list.
- Some editorial changes

Changes from -00

Change in Abstract:

- The high-level goal for an autonomic function is to have minimal dependencies on human administrators or centralized management systems. This usually implies distribution across network elements.**

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[...]

SLIDES FROM PREVIOUS DRAFT (FOR REFERENCE)

Definitions (1)

- **Autonomic:** Self-managing (self-configuring, self-protecting, self-healing and self-optimizing); however, allowing high-level guidance by a central entity, through intent.
- **Intent:** An abstract, high level policy used to operate the network autonomically. Its scope is an autonomic domain, such as an enterprise network. It does not contain configuration or information for a specific node. It may contain information pertaining to nodes with a specific role.
- **Autonomic Domain:** A collection of autonomic nodes that instantiate the same intent.

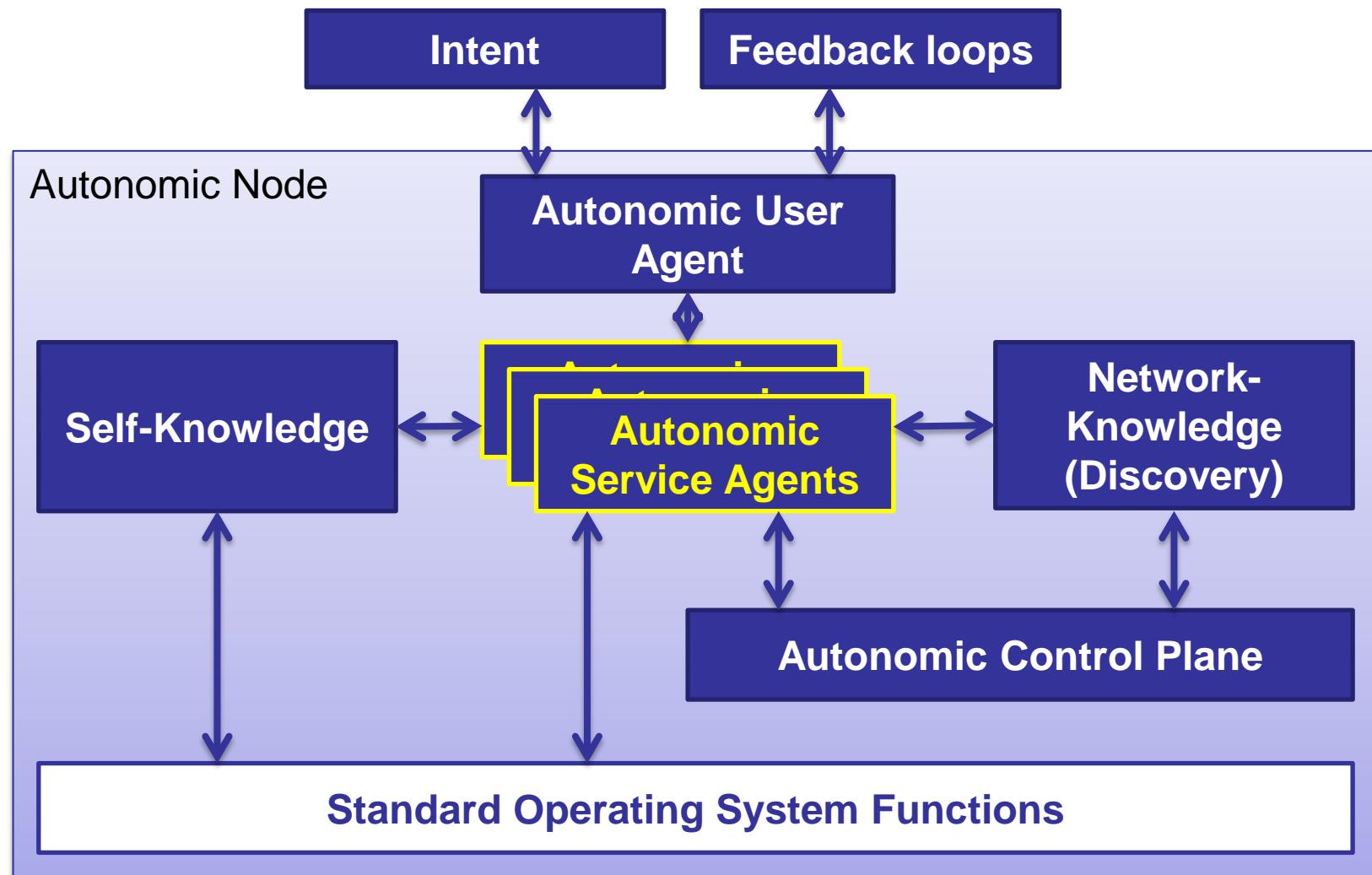
Definitions (2)

- **Autonomic Function:** A function which requires no configuration, and can derive all required information either through self-knowledge, discovery or through intent.
- **(Fully) Autonomic Node:** A node which employs (exclusively) autonomic functions. It may operate on any layer of the networking stack. Examples are routers, switches, personal computers, call managers, etc.
- **(Fully) Autonomic Network:** A network containing (exclusively fully) autonomic nodes.

Non Design Goals

- **Eliminate human operators**
- **Eliminate emergency fixes**
- **Eliminate management control and central policy**
- **Eliminate existing configuration tools**
- **Eliminate existing network management systems**

Reference Model of an Autonomic Node



Need for Standardisation

