

# TCP Use TLS Option

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# Background: TLS over TCP

- TLS over TCP is ubiquitous
  - Probably the most deployed Internet security protocol
  - Widely implemented
  - Heavily analyzed and reasonably well understood
- Hard to coordinate
  - Servers which are expecting application data choke on TLS ClientHello

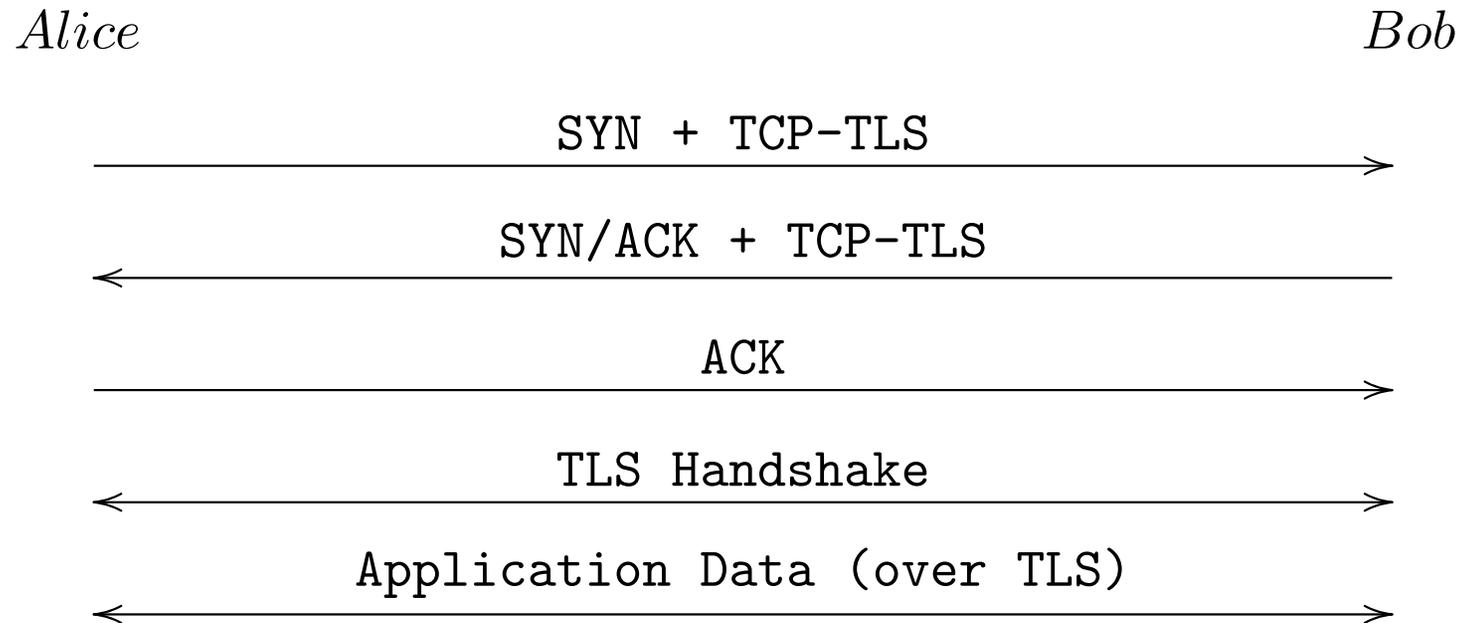
## Some Existing Coordination techniques

- External signal to the client (e.g., https:)
- Separate ports
- Manual config
- DNS signaling
- Extend the application layer protocol (STARTTLS)
  
- None of these lend themselves to opportunistic deployment

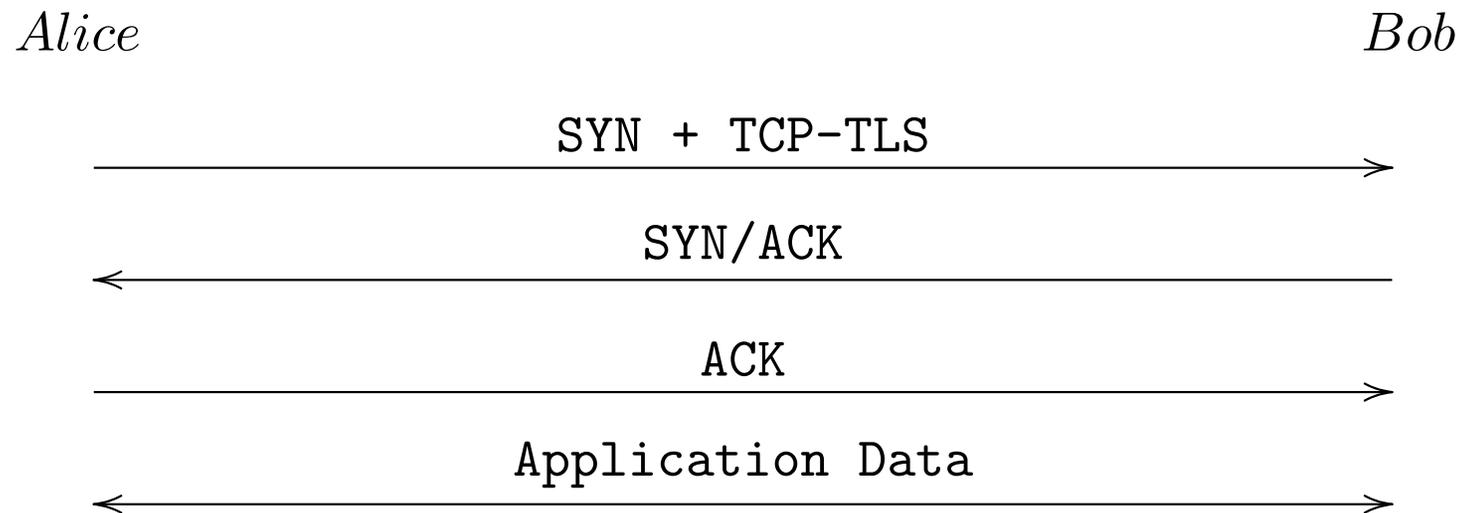
# Problem Statement

- Add the minimum necessary machinery to TCP to let it opportunistically negotiate TLS when both sides want to.

# TLS TCP Option



# Bob doesn't support TLS



# What do we need to signal?

- That I want to do TLS
  - Signaled by option present
- TLS roles (client vs. server)
  - Obvious for non simultaneous open case
  - Do we need to do simultaneous open?
- Thanks to Michael Scharf for help here

## Minimal Option (client/server)

```
+-----+-----+  
| Kind=XX | Length = 2 |  
+-----+-----+
```

- Note: this is not what is in the draft

## What about DoS?

- TLS provides security for the content
  - But not for the headers
  - This leaves a DoS vector (e.g., RST injection) against TCP connections
- Not clear how important this is
  - Primary issue here is pervasive monitoring
  - But might be nice to solve
- RST is still a difficult problem

# Strawman Proposal

- Use TCP-AO
  - Use TLS Exporter [RFC5705] to make TCP-AO key
- Issue: what about packets from before the TLS handshake
  - Touch argues that a connection can't start AO mid-way through
  - Potential Solution: dummy non-matching MKT (Section 7.3 says these can be ignored)

# Comparison to Integrated Designs (e.g. tcpcrypt)

- Advantages
  - Easy to specify and implement
  - Leverage the work that has already gone into TLS
  - Looks like existing TLS over TCP on the wire
- Disadvantages
  - Imports TLS history; may want to profile
  - Less optimized, especially when you want to do anti-DoS
  - TLS records can span segment boundaries
    - \* Easy to manage with attention to MTU

# Questions?

# Handling Simultaneous open

- Use a random tiebreaker value in option
  - This takes up SYN space so should require application layer setting
  - Can't use sequence number because gateways may resequence
  - Is 32-bits enough
- Edge case?
  - There are probably other options here

