

Yang Data Model for Routing Policy

draft-yan-rtgwg-routing-policy-yang-00

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Introduction

- This document defines a YANG data model that can be used to configure and manage routing policies.
- Routing policies serve the following purposes:
 - Control route advertising
 - Control route receiving
 - Filter and control imported routes
 - Modify attributes of specified routes Attributes of the routes
 - Configure fast reroute (FRR)

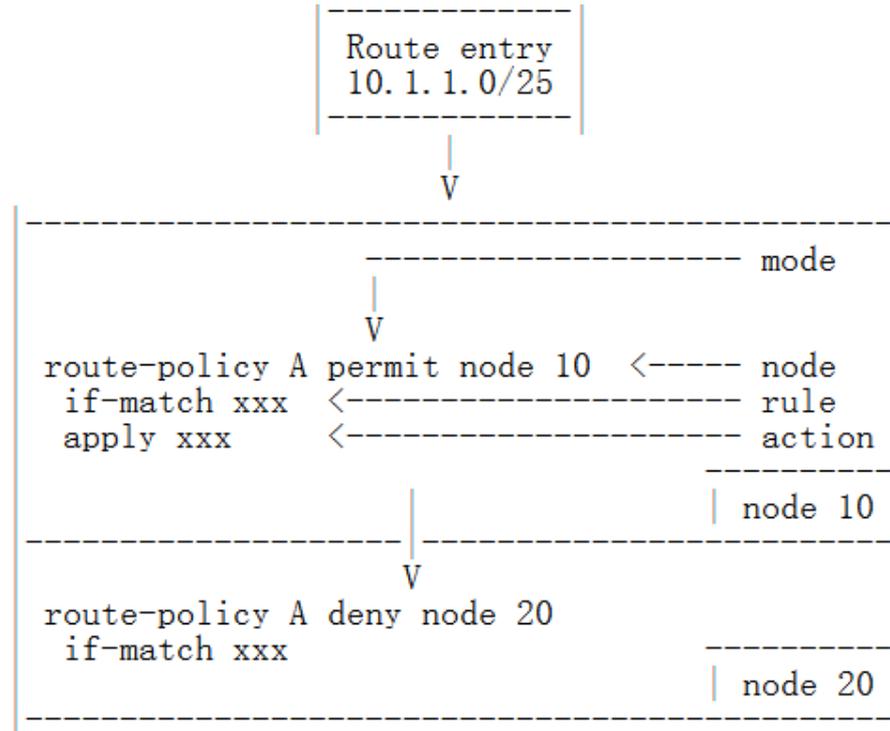
Design of Data Model

```
module: routing-policy
  +--rw routing-policy
    +--rw asPathFilters
    ...
    +--rw communityFilters
    ...
    +--rw extendCommunityFilters
    ...
    +--rw extendCommunitySooLists
    ...
    +--rw rdFilters
    ...
    +--rw prefixFilters
    ...
    +--rw ipv6PrefixFilters
    ...
    +--rw routePolicys
      +--rw routePolicy* [name]
        +--rw name string
        +--rw routePolicyNodes
          +--rw routePolicyNode* [nodeSequence]
            +--rw nodeSequence uint32
            +--rw matchMode? enumeration
            +--rw description? string
            +--ro matchCount? uint32
            +--rw matchCondition
              | +--rw matchCostValue uint32
              ...
              | +--rw matchExtCmntySooList? string
            +--rw applyAction
              +--rw applyAsPaths
              ...
              +--rw applyPriorityValue uint16
```

- The routing policy Yang module is divided in following containers :
 - asPathFilters
 - ACLFilters
 - communityFilters
 - extendCommunityFilters
 - extendCommunitySooLists
 - rdFilters
 - prefixFilters
 - ipv6PrefixFilters
 - **routePolicys**: A Route-Policy is a complex filter. A Route-Policy can use the preceding filters to define its matching rules.

Composition of a Route-Policy

- A Route-Policy consists of node IDs, matching mode, if-match clauses, and apply clauses.
 - Node ID: A Route-Policy consists of one or more nodes.
 - Matching mode: 1) permit; 2) deny.
 - if-match clause: The if-match clause defines the matching rules.
 - apply clause: The apply clauses specify actions.
- Matching results of a Route-Policy:
 - The matching results of a Route-Policy are obtained based on the following aspects:
 1. Matching mode of the node, either permit or deny
 2. Matching rules (either permit or deny) contained in the if-match clause (such as ACLs or IP prefix lists)



Route-Policy Configuration

```
+--rw routePolicys
  +--rw routePolicy* [name]
    +--rw name string
    +--rw routePolicyNodes
      +--rw routePolicyNode* [nodeSequence]
        +--rw nodeSequence uint32
        +--rw matchMode? enumeration
        +--rw description? string
        +--ro matchCount? uint32
        +--rw matchCondition
          | +--rw matchCostValue uint32
          | ...
          | +--rw matchExtCmntySooList? string
        +--rw applyAction
          +--rw applyAsPaths
          ...
          +--rw applyPriorityValue uint16
```

- A Route-Policy is a complex filter. It is used to match attributes of specified routes and change route attributes when specific conditions are met.
- A Route-Policy can use the following filters to define its matching rules:
 - asPathFilters, ACLFilters, communityFilters, extendCommunityFilters, extendCommunitySooLists , rdFilters , prefixFilters, ipv6PrefixFilters

Next Steps

- Request for suggestions
- Solicit comments and collaboration