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A YANG model to manage the optical interface parameters for an external  
transponder in a WDM network  
draft-dharini-ccamp-dwdm-if-yang-00

#### Abstract

This memo defines a Yang model that translates the SNMP mib module defined in draft-galikunze-ccamp-dwdm-if-snmp-mib for managing single channel optical interface parameters of DWDM applications. This model is to support the optical parameters specified in ITU-T G.698.2 [ITU.G698.2] and application identifiers specified in ITU-T G.874.1 [ITU.G874.1] . Note that G.874.1 encompasses vendor-specific codes, which if used would make the interface a single vendor IaDI and could still be managed.

The Yang model defined in this memo can be used for Optical Parameters monitoring and/or configuration of the endpoints of the multi-vendor IaDI optical link.

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#### Table of Contents

1. Introduction . . . . .	3
2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework . . . . .	4
3. Conventions . . . . .	4
4. Overview . . . . .	4
4.1. Optical Parameters Description . . . . .	5
4.1.1. Rs-Ss Configuration . . . . .	6
4.1.2. Table of Application Codes . . . . .	7
4.2. Use Cases . . . . .	7
4.3. Optical Interface for external transponder in a WDM network . . . . .	7
5. Structure of the Yang Module . . . . .	8
6. Yang Module . . . . .	8
7. Security Considerations . . . . .	13
8. IANA Considerations . . . . .	13
9. Acknowledgements . . . . .	13
10. Contributors . . . . .	13
11. References . . . . .	14
11.1. Normative References . . . . .	14
11.2. Informative References . . . . .	16
Appendix A. Change Log . . . . .	17
Appendix B. Open Issues . . . . .	17
Authors' Addresses . . . . .	17

## 1. Introduction

This memo defines a Yang model that translates the SNMP mib module defined in draft-galikunze-ccamp-dwdm-if-snmp-mib for managing single channel optical interface parameters of DWDM applications, using the approach specified in G.698.2. This model is to support the optical parameters specified in ITU-T G.698.2 [ITU.G698.2], application identifiers specified in ITU-T G.874.1 [ITU.G874.1] and the Optical Power at Transmitter and Receiver side. Note that G.874.1 encompasses vendor-specific codes, which if used would make the interface a single vendor IaDI and could still be managed.'

[Editor's note: In G.698.2 this corresponds to the optical path from point S to R; network media channel is also used and explained in draft-ietf-ccamp-flexi-grid-fwk-02]

Management will be performed at the edges of the network media channel (i.e., at the transmitters and receivers attached to the S and R reference points respectively) for the relevant parameters specified in G.698.2 [ITU.G698.2], G.798 [ITU.G798], G.874 [ITU.G874], and the performance parameters specified in G.7710/Y.1701 [ITU-T G.7710] and G.874.1 [ITU.G874.1].

G.698.2 [ITU.G698.2] is primarily intended for metro applications that include optical amplifiers. Applications are defined in G.698.2 [ITU.G698.2] using optical interface parameters at the single-channel connection points between optical transmitters and the optical multiplexer, as well as between optical receivers and the optical demultiplexer in the DWDM system. This Recommendation uses a methodology which does not explicitly specify the details of the optical network between reference point Ss and Rs, e.g., the passive and active elements or details of the design. The Recommendation currently includes unidirectional DWDM applications at 2.5 and 10 Gbit/s (with 100 GHz and 50 GHz channel frequency spacing). Work is still under way for 40 and 100 Gbit/s interfaces. There is possibility for extensions to a lower channel frequency spacing. This document specifically refers to the "application code" defined in the G.698.2 [ITU.G698.2] and included in the Application Identifier defined in G.874.1 [ITU.G874.1] and G.872 [ITU.G872], plus a few optical parameters not included in the G.698.2 application code specification.

This draft refers and supports the draft-kdkgall-ccamp-dwdm-if-mng-ctrl-fwk

The building of a yang model describing the optical parameters defined in G.698.2 [ITU.G698.2], and reflected in G.874.1 [ITU.G874.1], allows the different vendors and operator to retrieve,

provision and exchange information across the G.698.2 multi-vendor IaDI in a standardized way. In addition to the parameters specified in ITU recommendations the Yang models support also the "vendor specific application identifier", the Tx and Rx power at the Ss and Rs points and the channel frequency.

The Yang Model, reporting the Optical parameters and their values, characterizes the features and the performances of the optical components and allow a reliable link design in case of multi vendor optical networks.

Although RFC 3591 [RFC3591], which draft-galikunze-ccamp-DWDM-if-snmp-mib is extending, describes and defines the SNMP MIB of a number of key optical parameters, alarms and Performance Monitoring, as this RFC is over a decade old, it is primarily pre-OTN, and a more complete and up-to-date description of optical parameters and processes can be found in the relevant ITU-T Recommendations. The same considerations can be applied to the RFC 4054 [RFC4054].

## 2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

This memo specifies a Yang model for optical interfaces.

## 3. Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119] In the description of OIDs the convention: Set (S) Get (G) and Trap (T) conventions will describe the action allowed by the parameter.

## 4. Overview



ended by (R) the parameter can be retrieve with a read, when (W) it can be provisioned by a write, (R,W) can be either read or written.

#### 4.1.1.1. Rs-Ss Configuration

The Rs-Ss configuration table allows configuration of Central Frequency, Power and Application codes as described in [ITU.G698.2] and G.694.1 [ITU.G694.1]

This parameter report the current Transceiver Output power, it can be either a setting and measured value (G, S).

Central frequency (see G.694.1 Table 1) (see G.694.1 Table 1):

This parameter indicates the Central frequency value that Ss and Rs will be set to work (in THz). See the details in Section 6/ G.694.1 (G, S).

Single-channel application codes(see G.698.2):

This parameter indicates the transceiver application code at Ss and Rs as defined in [ITU.G698.2] Chapter 5.4 - this parameter can be called Optical Interface Identifier OII as per [draft-martinelli-wson-interface-class](G).

Number of Single-channel application codes Supported

This parameter indicates the number of Single-channel application codes supported by this interface (G).

Current Laser Output power:

This parameter report the current Transceiver Output power, it can be either a setting and measured value (G, S).

Current Laser Input power:

This parameter report the current Transceiver Input power (G).

PARAMETERS	Get/Set	Reference
Central frequency Value	G,S	G.694.1 S.6
Single-channel application codes	G	G.698.2 S.5.3
Number of Single-channel application codes Supported	G	N.A.
Current Output Power	G,S	N.A.
Current Input Power	G	N.A.

Table 1: Rs-Ss Configuration

#### 4.1.2. Table of Application Codes

This table has a list of Application codes supported by this interface at point R are defined in G.698.2.

Application code Identifier:

The Identifier for the Application code.

Application code Type:

This parameter indicates the transceiver type of application code at Ss and Rs as defined in [ITU.G874.1], that is used by this interface Standard = 0, PROPRIETARY = 1

The first 6 octets of the printable string will be the OUI (organizationally unique identifier) assigned to the vendor whose implementation generated the Application Identifier Code.

Application code Length:

The number of octets in the Application Code.

Application code:

This is the application code that is defined in G.698.2 or the vendor generated code which has the OUI.

#### 4.2. Use Cases

The use cases are described in draft-kdkgall-ccamp-dwdm-if-mng-ctrl-fwk

#### 4.3. Optical Interface for external transponder in a WDM network

The ietf-ext-xponder-wdm-if is an augment to the ietf-interface. It allows the user to set the application code/vendor transceiver class/Central frequency and the output power. The module can also be used to get the list of supported application codes/transceiver class and also the Central frequency/output power/input power of the interface.

```

module: ietf-ext-xponder-wdm-if
augment /if:interfaces/if:interface:
  +--rw optIfOChRsSs
    +--rw if-current-application-code
      |   +--rw application-code-id      uint8
      |   +--rw application-code-type   uint8
      |   +--rw application-code-length uint8
      |   +--rw application-code?      string
    +--ro if-supported-application-codes
      |   +--ro number-application-codes-supported?  uint32
      |   +--ro application-codes-list* [application-code-id]
      |     +--ro application-code-id      uint8
      |     +--rw application-code-type   uint8
      |     +--rw application-code-length uint8
      |     +--ro application-code?      string
    +--rw output-power?                int32
    +--ro input-power?                 int32
    +--rw central-frequency?           uint32

notifications:
+---n opt-if-och-central-frequency-change
|   +--ro if-name?          leafref
|   +--ro new-central-frequency
|     +--ro central-frequency?  uint32
+---n opt-if-och-application-code-change
|   +--ro if-name?          leafref
|   +--ro new-application-code
|     +--ro application-code-id?  uint8
|     +--rw application-code-type  uint8
|     +--rw application-code-length uint8
|     +--ro application-code?      string

```

## 5. Structure of the Yang Module

ietf-ext-xponder-wdm-if is a top level model for the support of this feature.

## 6. Yang Module

The ietf-ext-xponder-wdm-if is defined as an extension to ietf interfaces.



```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-ext-xponder-wdm-if.yang"

module ietf-ext-xponder-wdm-if {
  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-ext-xponder-wdm-if";
  prefix ietf-ext-xponder-wdm-if;

  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
  }

  organization
    "IETF CCAMP
     Working Group";

  contact
    "WG Web:   <http://tools.ietf.org/wg/ccamp/>
     WG List:  <mailto:ccamp@ietf.org>

     Editor:   Dharini Hiremagalur
               <mailto:dharithi@juniper.net>";

  description
    "This module contains a collection of YANG definitions for
    configuring Optical interfaces.

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    BSD License set forth in Section 4.c of the IETF Trust's
    Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents
    (http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info).";

  revision "2016-03-17" {
    description
      "Initial revision.";
    reference
      "";
  }

  grouping opt-if-och-application-code {
```

```
description "Application code entity.";
leaf application-code-id {
    type uint8 {
        range "1..255";
    }
    description
        "Id for the Application code";
}
leaf application-code-type {
    type uint8 {
        range "0..1";
    }
    description
        "Type for the Application code
        0 - Standard, 1 - Proprietary
        When the Type is Proprietary, then the
        first 6 octets of the application-code
        will be the OUI (organizationally unique
        identifier)";
}
leaf application-code-length {
    type uint8 {
        range "1..255";
    }
    description
        "Number of octets in the Application code";
}
leaf application-code {
    type string {
        length "1..255";
    }
    description "This parameter indicates the
        transceiver application code at Ss and Rs as
        defined in [ITU.G698.2] Chapter 5.3, that
        is/should be used by this interface.
        The optIfOChApplicationsCodeList has all the
        application codes supported by this
        interface.";
}
}

grouping opt-if-och-application-code-list {
    description "List of Application codes group.";
    leaf number-application-codes-supported {
```

```
        type uint32;
        description "Number of Application codes
                     supported by this interface";
    }
    list application-code-list {
        key "application-code-id";
        description "List of the application codes";
        uses opt-if-och-application-code;
    }
}

grouping opt-if-och-power {
    description "Interface optical Power";
    leaf output-power {
        type int32;
        units ".01dbm";
        description "The output power for this interface in
                     .01 dBm.
                     The setting of the output power is
                     optional";
    }

    leaf input-power {
        type int32;
        units ".01dbm";
        config false;
        description "The current input power of this
                     interface";
    }
}

grouping opt-if-och-central-frequency {
    description "Interface Central Frequency";
    leaf central-frequency {
        type uint32;
        description "This parameter indicate This parameter
                     indicates the frequency of this interface ";
    }
}

notification opt-if-och-central-frequency-change {
    description "A change of Central Frequency has been
                 detected.";
    leaf "if-name" {
        type leafref {
            path "/if:interfaces/if:interface/if:name";
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }
    description "Interface name";
  }
  container opt-if-och-central-frequency {
    description "The new Central Frequency of the
      interface";
    uses opt-if-och-central-frequency;
  }
}

notification opt-if-och-application-code-change {
  description "A change of Application code has been
    detected.";
  leaf "if-name" {
    type leafref {
      path "/if:interfaces/if:interface/if:name";
    }
    description "Interface name";
  }
  container new-application-code {
    description "The new application code for the
      interface";
    uses opt-if-och-application-code;
  }
}

augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface" {
  description "Parameters for an optical interface";
  container optIfOChRsSs {
    description "RsSs path configuration for an interface";
    container if-current-application-code {
      description "Current Application code of the
        interface";
      uses opt-if-och-application-code;
    }

    container if-supported-application-codes {
      config false;
      description "Supported Application codes of
        the interface";
      uses opt-if-och-application-code-list;
    }

    uses opt-if-och-power;

    uses opt-if-och-central-frequency;
  }
}
```

```
    }  
  }  
}
```

<CODE ENDS>

## 7. Security Considerations

The YANG module defined in this memo is designed to be accessed via the NETCONF protocol [RFC6241]. The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is SSH [RFC6242]. The NETCONF access control model [RFC6536] provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF users to a pre-configured subset of all available NETCONF protocol operation and content.

## 8. IANA Considerations

This document registers a URI in the IETF XML registry [RFC3688]. Following the format in [RFC3688], the following registration is requested to be made:

URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-interfaces:ietf-ext-xponder-wdm-if

Registrant Contact: The IESG.

XML: N/A, the requested URI is an XML namespace.

This document registers a YANG module in the YANG Module Names registry [RFC6020].

This document registers a YANG module in the YANG Module Names registry [RFC6020].

prefix: ietf-ext-xponder-wdm-if reference: RFC XXXX

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#### Appendix A. Change Log

This optional section should be removed before the internet draft is submitted to the IESG for publication as an RFC.

Note to RFC Editor: please remove this appendix before publication as an RFC.

#### Appendix B. Open Issues

Note to RFC Editor: please remove this appendix before publication as an RFC.

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