Co-operative DDoS Mitigation

draft-reddy-dots-transport-03

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Changes to draft

- Meets most of the requirements in draft-ietfdots-requirements-01
 - Happy Eyeballs-like technique for DOTS Signal Channel (v6/v4, UDP/TCP)
 - DOTS Signal Channel, UDP/TCP
 - DOTS Data Channel, TCP
 - CoAP for lightweight communication
 - Performance considerations

Happy Eyeballs-like technique for DOTS Signal Channel

DOTS server **DOTS** client DTLS ClientHello, IPv6 TCP SYN, IPv6 DTLS ClientHello, IPv4 TCP SYN, IPv4 DTLS ClientHello, IPv6 TCP SYN, IPv6 TCP SYN ACK, IPv4 DTLS ClientHello, IPv4 TCP ACK, IPv4 TLS Session DOTS signal

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Happy Eyeballs for DOTS Signal Channel

- Order of preference (aligns with RFC6724)
 - IPv6 over DTLS over UDP
 - IPv6 over TLS over TCP
 - IPv4 over DTLS over UDP
 - IPv4 over TLS over TCP
- DNS lookup during peacetime.
 - DNS-SD will be aligned with requirements

DOTS signal channel

DOTS client **DOTS** server (D)TLS Session POST: request to convey DOTS signal 200 OK PUT: efficacy update from DOTS client 200 OK GET: status of attack 200 OK {"status":"attack stopped"} **DELETE**: withdraw DOTS signal 200 OK draft-reddy-dots-transport-03

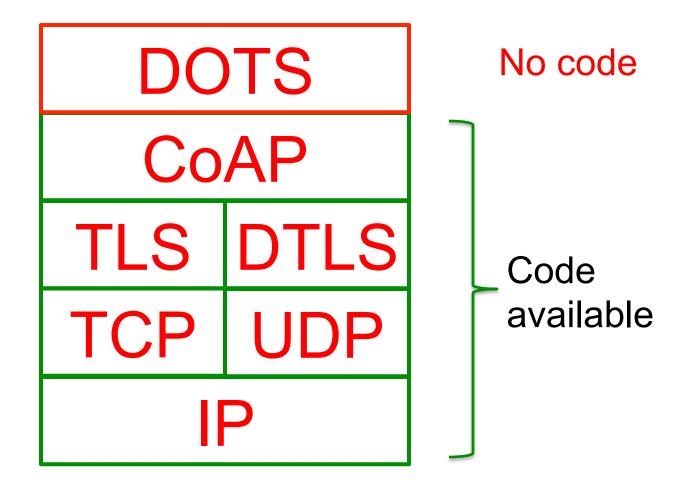
DOTS data channel

DOTS client **DOTS** server **TLS Session** POST: filtering rules to black/white-list-list traffic 200 OK Delete: remove filtering rules 200 OK draft-reddy-dots-transport-03

Why CoAP for DOTS?

- Constrained Application Protocol (CoAP)
- CoAP runs over both DTLS over UDP (RFC7252) and TLS over TCP (draft-ietf-core-coap-tcp-tls).
- CoAP is designed according to the REST architecture.
- CoAP integrates with JSON, CBOR or any other data format.
- Asynchronous message exchanges.
- CoAP proxy.

Running Code



Use Cases

Section	Description	Addressed?
3.1.1	Request mitigation, from mitigator	Yes
3.1.2	Request mitigation, from network infrastructure	Yes
3.1.3	Request mitigation, from telemetry system	Yes
3.1.4	Request mitigation, from targeted application	Yes
3.1.5	Request mitigation, from web portal	Yes
3.1.6	Request mitigation, from mobile device application	Yes
3.1.7	Unsuccessful mitigation request	Yes
3.2.1	DOTS client registration	Yes
3.2.2	Auto-provisioning of DDoS countermeasures	Yes
3.2.3	Attack notification to 3 rd party	NO

Reference: draft-ietf-dots-use-cases-01

Performance considerations

- (D)TLS session resumption without server-side state [RFC5077].
- TLS False Start [I-D.ietf-tls-falsestart].
- Cached Information Extension [I-D.ietf-tls-cached-info].
- Raw public keys [RFC7250].
- (D)TLS Heartbeat.
- TCP FastOpen [RFC7413].

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- Consensus on Happy Eyeballs-like technique?
- Consensus on CoAP?