

A YANG Data Model for MPLS Base and Static LSPs

(draft-saad-mpls-static-yang-02)

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Background

- The goal of this draft is to specify two YANG models:
 - MPLS Base
 - MPLS Static LSPs
- The MPLS base YANG module serves as a <u>base</u> framework for configuring and managing an MPLS switching subsystem
 - Augments the core routing data model [I-D.ietf-netmod-routing-cfg] with additional data specific to MPLS switching
 - Defines Base MPLS types and MPLS interface list and properties
 - Augmentation by other MPLS protocol modules expected
 - TE, LDP, and LSP static
- The MPLS Static LSP module:
 - Augments the MPLS base YANG module

Update

- Draft initially introduced at IETF-94, Yokohama
- Update to augmentation path to reflect recent change in core routing data model [I-D.ietf-netmod-routing-cfg] (removal of routing-instance)
- MPLS RT Review [-02 Version] is underway
 - Reviewers: Sam Aldrin, Huub van Helvoort, Carlos Pignataro, and Mach Chen
 - Received comments from Huub
- Interest in generalizing the Static LSP Model to non-MPLS technologies
 - Rather than defining Static LSP models for each technology MPLS, OTN, WDM

Open Issue #1

Static LSP model for non-MPLS Technologies

- Issue current Static LSP model is MPLS centric
 - Need Static LSPs functions for multiple other technologies, OTN, WDM, etc.
- Proposal regroup/restructure of MPLS Static LSP module:
 - Decouple Static LSP model from MPLS technology
 - Abstracting it into technology agnostic data model (similar to TE generic model)
 - Utilize model attachment capability (e.g. mount) to apply generic Static LSP model to different technologies
 - Augment generic Static LSP model with technology specific data

Open Issue #2

MPLS-RT reviewer comments (from Huub)

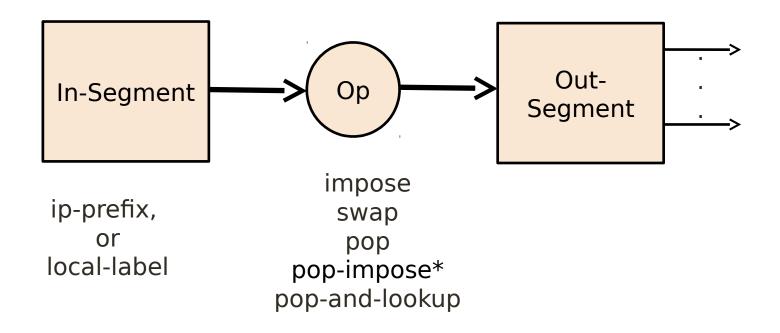
- Comment#1: draft should be split into two separate documents:
 - one for describing the MPLS base YANG module, and
 - one for describing the MPLS Static LSP module
- Comments/other: nits, will be addressed
- Proposal/resolution-
 - Authors agree to divide the two into separate drafts
 - This facilitates generalizing into generic Static LSP model

Next Steps

- Address outstanding comments
- Soliciting more comments MPLS RT reviewers and WG
- Close on approach to generalize Static LSP model to multiple technologies

Backup Slides

MPLS Static LSPs: Building Blocks (2)



Blocks

- An MPLS Static LSP is defined as an ordered set of following three:
 - In-segment
 - Operation
 - Out-segment
- In-Segment: Incoming segment of an LSP that is used as a lookup key for taking a forwarding action.
- Operation: Operation (or action) that needs to be performed if lookup succeeds.
- Out-Segment: Outgoing segment of an LSP that contains the actual forwarding information
 - An Out-segment typically comprise 1 or more forwarding paths

MPLS Static LSPs: Forwarding Path

- Two types of forwarding paths defined:
 - Simple path
 - Uni-path
 - Basic attributes
 - Path List
 - Multi-path
 - Enhanced attributes (such as protection)

Path attributes:

- Table Id (next revision)
- Nexthop address
- Nexthop interface
- Label stack (0 or more labels)
- Load factor
- Role (primary / backup etc)
- Path-Id / Backup path-id for protection

MPLS Base: Tree Diagram - Rev -00

mpls-base interface

```
module: ietf-mpls
augment /rt:routing/rt:routing-instance:
    +--rw mpls
    +--rw interface* [name]
    +--rw name if:interface-ref
    +--rw config
    | +--rw enabled
    +--ro state
    +--ro enabled
```