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YANG Data Model for LDP and mLDP

(draft-raza-mpls-ldp-mldp-yang-03)



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Changes in Rev -03

- Addressed **comments from MPLS WG chair** (Ross Callon)
- Added **high-level LDP YANG tree** illustration
- Defined and clarified the use of terms **LDP Neighbor/Adjacency, Session, Peer**
 - Makes changes in the document to adhere to above defs.
- Added **Derived/Operational state** for LDP
- Re-organized and Cleaned up the doc for clarity
- Limited number of authors to 6 on the main page

Ross Callon's Comments

- Boiler plate rfc2119
- Update “Security Consideration” section
- Clarify IANA section
- Normative references
- Number of authors
- IDNITs

High-level LDP YANG tree

- Better illustration in -03:

```
module: ietf-mpls-ldp
  +-- rw routing
    +-- rw routing-instance [name]
      +-- rw mpls
        +-- rw mpls-ldp
          +-- rw global
            +-- rw config
              +-- rw ...
            +-- ro state
              +-- ro ...
            .
          +-- rw ...
            |
            +-- rw ...
          ...

rpcs:
  +-- x mpls-ldp-xxx
  +-- x . . . . .

notifications:
  +--- n mpls-ldp-yyy
  +--- n ...
```

Neighbor/Adjacency, Session and Peer

- Our model uses the terms LDP neighbor/adjacency, session, and peer more strictly than RFC 5036 does.
- In this model, these terms are meant as follows:
 - **Neighbor/Adjacency**: An LDP enabled LSR that is discovered through LDP (basic/extended) discovery mechanisms.
 - **Session**: An LDP neighbor with whom a TCP connection has been established
 - **Peer**: An LDP session which has successfully progressed beyond its initialization phase and is ready for binding exchange.
- When used in our model, the above terms refer strictly to the semantics and definitions defined for them.

Derived State: LDP

➤ LDP operational/derived state is defined for 4 areas:

1. Neighbor Adjacencies
2. Peer
3. Bindings:
 1. Address
 2. FEC-label
4. Capabilities

Note that “applied” state is not presented here as it has been covered as part of intended (configuration) state.

```
+-rw mpls-ldp!  
  +-rw peers  
    +-rw peer* [lsr-id]  
      +-rw lsr-id  
      +-ro state  
        +-ro session-ka-holdtime?  
        +-- . . . .  
        +-- . . . .  
        +-ro capability  
        + +ro -- . . . .  
        +-ro address-family  
          +-ro ipv4 (or ipv6)  
            +-ro hello-adjacencies* [1  
              . . . .  
              . . . .  
        +-ro received-peer-state  
          +-ro . . . .  
          +-ro capability  
            +-ro . . . .  
        +-ro statistics  
          +-- . . . .  
          +-- . . . .
```

```
+-rw mpls-ldp!  
  +-rw global  
    +-ro state  
      +-ro capability  
      +--ro . . . .  
      +--ro . . . .  
  +-rw peers  
    +-rw peer* [lsr-id]  
      +-rw lsr-id yang:dotted-quad  
      +-ro state  
        +-ro received-peer-state  
        +-ro capability  
        +--ro . . . .  
        +--ro . . . .
```

Note: See additional slides section for complete “derived state” yang tree

Cross-WG Item Closure

- LSR-Id
 - dotted-quad vs uint32 vs ip-address !!
 - Consistency with other routing protocol router-id

TO-DO List/Items

- Complete Operational/state model for mLDP
- Ensure Alignment with mpls-base
- Ensure Alignment with netmod WG direction
 - Ensure Alignment with routing module changes : network-instance vs routing-instance.

Next Steps

- Request WG adoption
- Close/Keep up with the TODO list (ongoing)
 - Will continue even after the WG adoption

Backup Slide

LDP: Config Hierarchy

module: ietf-mpls-ldp

+-- routing

+-- routing-instance [name]

+-- mpls

+-- mpls-ldp

+-- global

| +-- ...

| +-- ...

| +-- address-family* [afi]

| +-- ...

| +-- ...

| +-- discovery

| +-- ...

+-- peers

+-- ...

+-- ...

(1)

Firstly, High level organization of the Nbr/Adj state:

```
+-rw mpls-ldp!  
  +-rw discovery  
    +-rw interfaces  
      | +-rw interface* [interface]  
      |   +-rw address-family* [af]  
      |     +-ro state  
      |       +-ro ipv4 (or ipv6)  
      |         +-ro hello-adjacencies* [adjacent-address]  
      |           +-ro adjacent-address  
      |             ....  
      |             ....  
    +-rw targeted  
      +-rw address-family* [afi]  
        +-rw afi    address-family  
          +-ro state  
            +-ro ipv4 (or ipv6)  
              +-ro hello-adjacencies* [local-address adjacent-address]  
                +-ro local-address  
                +-ro adjacent-address  
                ....
```

(2)

Following are nbr/adj state attributes:

```
+--ro hello-adjacencies* [adjacent-address]
  +--ro adjacent-address  inet:ipv4-address
  +--ro flag*             identityref
  +--ro hello-holdtime
    +--ro adjacent?      Uint16
    +--ro negotiated?   Uint16
    +--ro remaining?    Uint16
  +--ro next-hello?     Uint16
  +--ro statistics
    +--ro discontinuity-time  yang:date-and-time
    +--ro hello-received?    yang:counter64
    +--ro hello-dropped?     yang:counter64
  +--ro peer?              Leafref
```

Derived State: LDP Peer (1)

Firstly, High level organization of the peer state:

```
+--rw mpls-ldp!
```

```
  +--rw peers
```

```
    +--rw peer* [lsr-id]
```

```
      +--rw lsr-id
```

```
      +--ro state
```

```
        +-- . . . .
```

```
        +-- . . . .
```

```
        +--ro capability
```

```
          | +-- . . . .
```

```
        +--ro address-family
```

```
          | +--ro ipv4 (or ipv6)
```

```
          | +--ro hello-adjacencies* [local-address adjacent-address]
```

```
          | +-- . . . .
```

```
        +--ro received-peer-state
```

```
          | +-- . . . .
```

```
          | +--ro capability
```

```
          | . . . .
```

```
        +--ro statistics
```

```
          +-- . . . .
```

```
          +-- . . . .
```

Derived State: LDP Peer (2)

Following are peer state attributes:

+--rw peers

+--rw peer* [lsr-id]

+--rw lsr-id yang:dotted-quad

+--ro state

+--ro label-advertisement-mode

| +--ro local? label-adv-mode

| +--ro peer? label-adv-mode

| +--ro negotiated? label-adv-mode

+--ro next-keep-alive? uint16

+--ro peer-ldp-id yang:dotted-quad

+--ro received-peer-state

| +--ro graceful-restart

| | +--ro enable? boolean

| | +--ro reconnect-time? uint16

| | +--ro recovery-time? uint16

| +--ro capability

| +--ro end-of-lib

| +--ro typed-wildcard-fec

| +--ro upstream-label-assignment

Derived State: LDP Peer (3)

>> CONT'D

```
+--ro session-holdtime
| +--ro peer?      uint16
| +--ro negotiated? uint16
| +--ro remaining? uint16
+--ro session-state?      enumeration
+--ro tcp-connection
| +--ro local-address?  inet:ip-address
| +--ro local-port?    uint16
| +--ro remote-address? inet:ip-address
| +--ro remote-port?   uint16
+--ro up-time?         String
```

Derived State: LDP Peer (4)

>> CONT'D

+--ro statistics

+--ro discontinuity-time yang:date-and-time

+--ro sent (and received)

| +--ro total-octets? yang:counter64

| +--ro total-messages? yang:counter64

| +--ro address? yang:counter64

| +--ro address-withdraw? yang:counter64

| +--ro initialization? yang:counter64

| +--ro keepalive? yang:counter64

| +--ro label-abort-request? yang:counter64

| +--ro label-mapping? yang:counter64

| +--ro label-release? yang:counter64

| +--ro label-request? yang:counter64

| +--ro label-withdraw? yang:counter64

| +--ro notification? yang:counter64

+--ro total-addresses? uint32

+--ro total-labels? uint32

+--ro total-fec-label-bindings? uint32

(1)

Firstly, High level organization of the binding state:

```
+--rw mpls-ldp!  
  +--rw global  
    +--rw address-family* [afi]  
      +--rw afi      address-family  
      +--ro state  
        +--ro ipv4 (or ipv6)  
          +--ro bindings  
            +--ro address* [address]  
              | +--ro address  
              | +--ro direction?  advertised-received  
              | +--ro peer?      leafref  
            +--ro fec-label* [fec]  
              +--ro fec      inet:ipv4-prefix  
              +--ro peer* [direction peer]  
                +--ro direction      advertised-received  
                +--ro peer          leafref  
                +--ro label?        uint32  
                +--ro used-in-forwarding? Boolean
```

(2)

Example of address binding derived state:

Address bindings:

Addr 1.1.1.1:

advertised

Addr 1.1.1.2:

advertised

Addr 2.2.2.2:

received, peer 192.168.0.2

Addr 2.2.2.22:

received, peer 192.168.0.2

Addr 3.3.3.3:

received, peer 192.168.0.3

Addr 3.3.3.33:

received, peer 192.168.0.3

(3)

Example of FEC-label binding derived state:

FEC-Label bindings:

FEC 200.1.1.1/32:

advertised: local-label 16000

peer 192.168.0.2:0

peer 192.168.0.3:0

peer 192.168.0.4:0

received:

peer 192.168.0.2:0, label 16002, used-in-forwarding=Yes

peer 192.168.0.3:0, label 17002, used-in-forwarding=No

FEC 200.1.1.2/32:

....

FEC 201.1.0.0/16:

....

Derived state: LDP Capabilities

- LDP capabilities state comprise two types of information:
 - Global information (such as timer etc)
 - Per-peer information.

+--rw mpls-ldp!

+--rw global

| +--ro state

| +--ro capability

| +--ro

| +--ro

+--rw peers

+--rw peer* [lsr-id]

+--rw lsr-id yang:dotted-quad

+--ro state

+--ro received-peer-state

+--ro capability

+--ro

+--ro