

# ***FECFRAME version 2***

## ***Adding convolutional FEC codes support to the FEC Framework***

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<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-roca-tsvwg-fecframev2/>

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## Note well

- **we, authors of -01 version, didn't try to patent** any of the material included in this presentation/I-D
- **we, authors of -01 version, are not reasonably aware** of patents on the subject that may be applied for by our employer
- if you believe some aspects may infringe IPR you are aware of, then fill in an IPR disclosure and please, let us know

# ***FECFRAME [RFC 6363]***

- a follow-up of the “Forward Error Correction (FEC) Framework”, A.K.A. FECFRAME
  - [RFC 6363](#), M. Watson, A. Begen, V. Roca, October 2011
    - produced by the FECFRAME IETF WG
    - goal of FECFRAME is to add AL-FEC protection to real-time unicast or multicast flows in a flexible way
  - already part of **3GPP (e)MBMS** standards

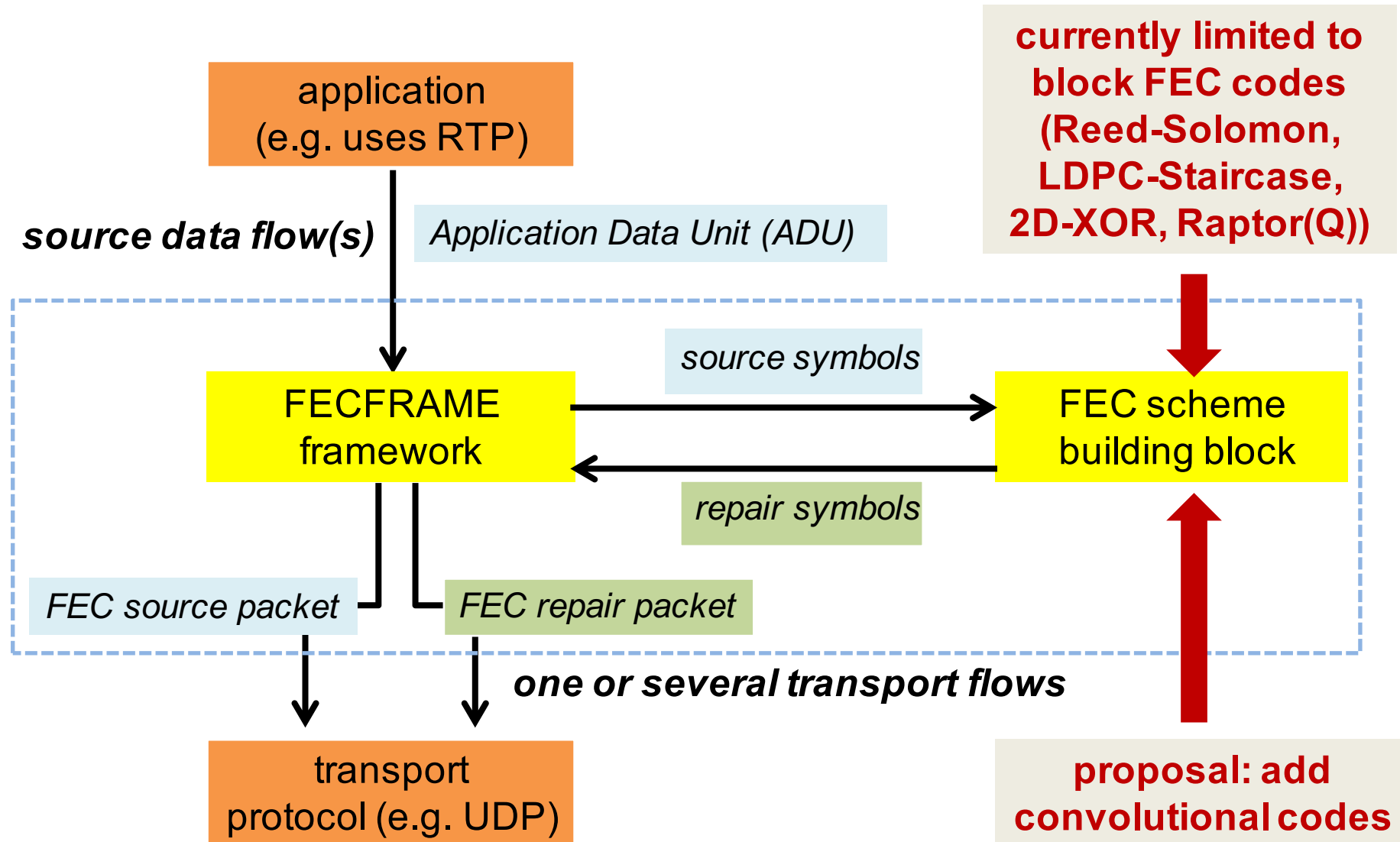
# ***FECFRAME target use-case example***

- 3GPP Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service (MBMS) are perfect for scalable delivery
  - everybody's interested by the same content at the same time at the same place
  - FLUTE/ALC ⇒ files (largely deployed)
  - FECFRAME ⇒ streaming (deployment should begin soon)
  - end-to-end latency DOES matter!

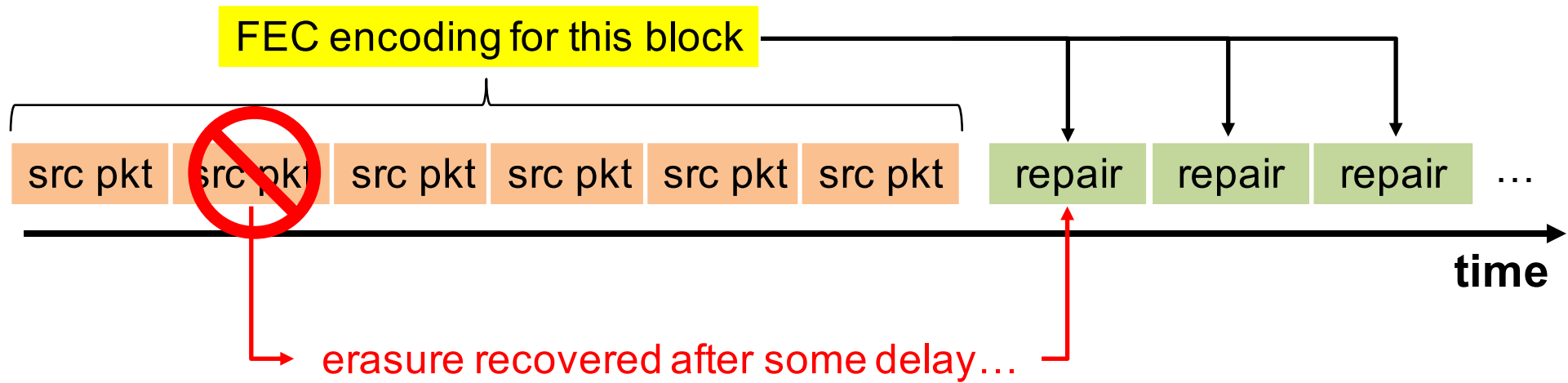


# Architecture

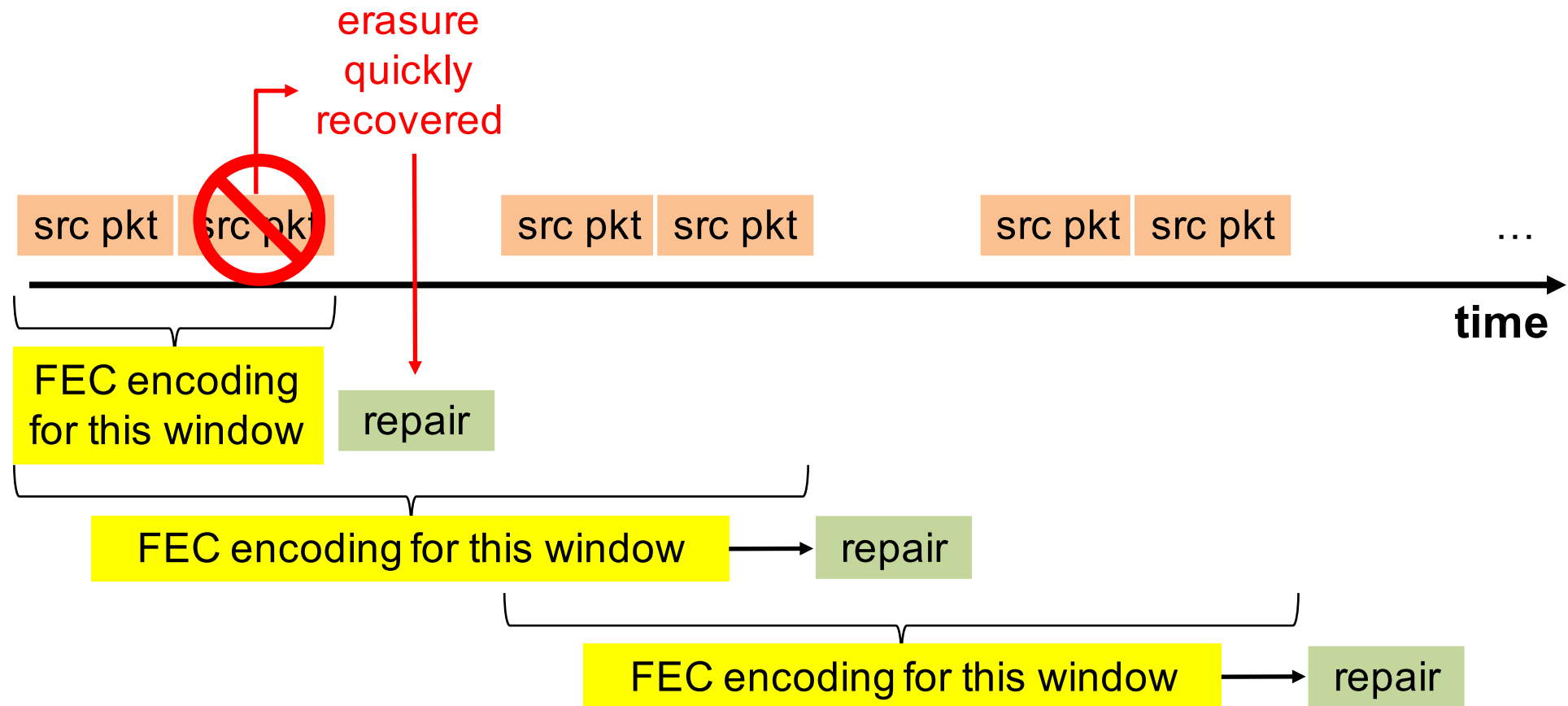
- a **shim layer** to add reliability to real-time flows in a flexible way



# Block FEC codes... (1)



## *...versus Convolutional FEC codes (2)*

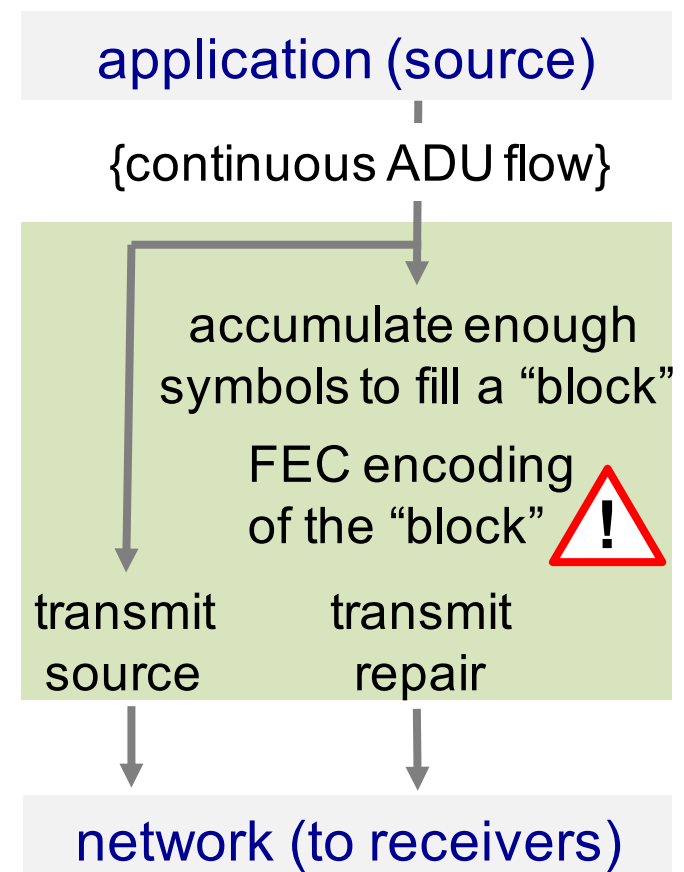


# Why updating FECFRAME? (1)

- block FEC codes add **latency to everybody**
  - no matter your reception conditions
  - due to FEC blocks
  - find a balance between added latency and robustness!

NB: we only consider FEC-related latencies here

## block FEC codes

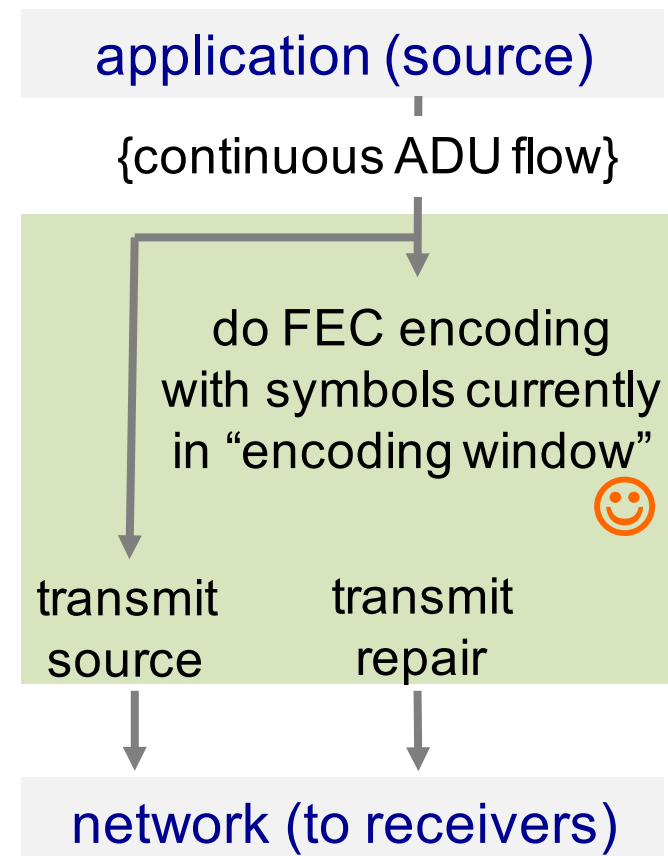




# Why updating FECFRAME? (2)

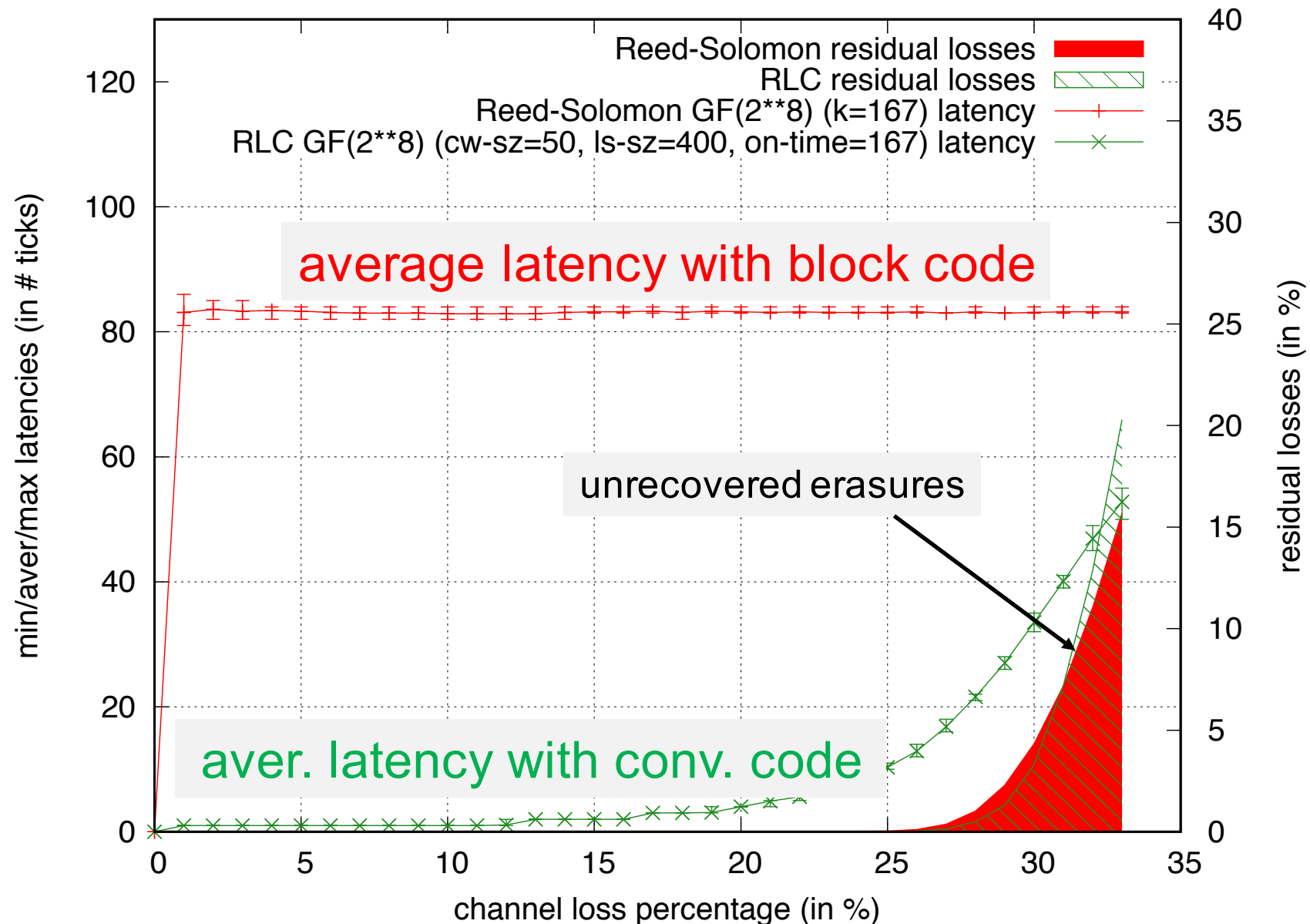
- issue **solved** with convolutional FEC codes
  - **good reception conditions:**  
**near zero latency** 😊
  - **bad reception conditions:**  
some latency but unless very close to decoding limits, latency is still **significantly inferior** to that of block codes

## convolutional FEC codes



# Yes it's working 😊

- simulations, CR=2/3 (decoding limit PLR=33.3%)



# Updating [RFC6363]

- no fundamental issue
  - no change to existing mechanisms
  - **it's incremental, not disruptive!**
- it DOES NOT break legacy receivers
  - legacy receivers see an unsupported FEC Scheme in the SDP description and ignore the source + repair flows
  - by sending both FECFRAMEv1 and v2 source + repair flows, all the terminals will be satisfied
- it is called version 2...
  - ...but there is no version number in FECFRAME and FEC Schemes

# *Running code is almost here...*

- (non-public) FECFRAME implementation available
  - I did it (Vincent)
  - interoperability tests successful
  - commercialized by <http://expway.com>
- FECFRAMEv2 implementation in progress...
  - hopefully ready for IETF 97
  - will rely on our (non-public) convolutional FEC codec already available

# What else?

- problem position I-D exists
  - in NetWork Coding Research Group for historical reasons  
<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-roca-nwcrg-fecframev2-problem-position/>
- TODO: propose an equivalent to [RFC5052]...
  - explain how to design FEC Schemes for conv. codes
- TODO: propose convolutional FEC Schemes in the future
  - e.g., for RLC-like codes (very simple)... and others