REQUIRETLS

draft-fenton-smtp-require-tls-01

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Review: Problem statement

• STARTTLS is opportunistic
  – Can’t negotiate STARTTLS? Send message without.
  – Verify server’s cert and then ignore the result
  – This is often what you want

• Want to be able to prioritize security over delivery
  – Sensitive message content
  – Sender or recipient in sensitive location
What’s new?

• Internet Draft being revised (didn’t make I-D cutoff)
• One commercial MTA implementation in progress
BACKUP SLIDES
Goals

• Allow senders to specify when envelope and headers require protection

• Fine-grained
  – Don’t affect messages not specifying REQUIRETLS

• Some control over certificate verification
  – Bad actors with root certs
  – Unknown trust by intermediate MTAs
Non-Goals

• MUA <-> M*A except when accomplished via SMTP
• Choices of encryption algorithms
  – Could consider broader requirement for PFS?
• Logging
Sending a REQUIRETLS-tagged message

1. Find the SMTP server, using DNSSEC if so tagged.

2. Open SMTP session, fail if STARTTLS and REQUIRETLS not advertised.

3. STARTTLS, verifying certificate as required by message. Use “good” key lengths and algorithms.

4. Send message, with REQUIRETLS option on MAIL FROM command.
Possible issues/FAQ

• MTAs falsely advertising REQUIRETLS
  – MTAs trusted to handle mail should be trustable to do REQUIRETLS when advertised

• Mail forwarders/exploders
  – Apply REQUIRETLS to downstream recipients

• Mailing lists
  – It’s up to the list operator

• Bounce handling
  – Use REQUIRETLS with same options.
  – Yes, some bounces may be lost.
REQUIRETLS negotiation

Begin

- Message tagged REQUIRETLS?
  - Send message normally

- MX lookup

- Message tagged DNSSEC?
  - MX lookup with DNSSEC

- Open SMTP session

- REQUIRETLS and STARTTLS advertised?
  - Negotiate TLS
  - Certificate verifies as required?
    - Send message with REQUIRETLS option
      - SUCCESS
    - FAIL

- Send message normally

FAIL