REQUIRETLS draft-fenton-smtp-require-tls-01

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Review: Problem statement

- STARTTLS is opportunistic
 - Can't negotiate STARTTLS? Send message without.
 - Verify server's cert and then ignore the result
 - This is often what you want
- Want to be able to prioritize security over delivery
 - Sensitive message content
 - Sender or recipient in sensitive location

What's new?

- Internet Draft being revised (didn't make I-D cutoff)
- One commercial MTA implementation in progress

BACKUP SLIDES

Goals

- Allow <u>senders</u> to specify when envelope and headers require protection
- Fine-grained
 - Don't affect messages not specifying REQUIRETLS
- Some control over certificate verification
 - Bad actors with root certs
 - Unknown trust by intermediate MTAs

Non-Goals

- MUA <-> M*A except when accomplished via SMTP
- Choices of encryption algorithms
 - Could consider broader requirement for PFS?
- Logging

Sending a REQUIRETLS-tagged message

- 1. Find the SMTP server, using DNSSEC if so tagged.
- 2. Open SMTP session, fail if STARTTLS and REQUIRETLS not advertised.
- 3. STARTTLS, verifying certificate as required by message. Use "good" key lengths and algorithms.
- 4. Send message, with REQUIRETLS option on MAIL FROM command.

Possible issues/FAQ

- MTAs falsely advertising REQUIRETLS
 - MTAs trusted to handle mail should be trustable to do REQUIRETLS when advertised
- Mail forwarders/exploders
 - Apply REQUIRETLS to downstream recipients
- Mailing lists
 - It's up to the list operator
- Bounce handling
 - Use REQUIRETLS with same options.
 - Yes, some bounces may be lost.

REQUIRETLS negotiation

