## BRSKI overview and issues

- Very short BRSKI overview.
- recap of incoming/outgoing discussion
- audit token, nonce-full/nonce-less versions
- online view, offline view
- ownership voucher details: Kent

## The cast

Manufacturer Manufacturer Authorized Signing Authority (MASA) Registar Join Assistant/Proxy New Node (pledge) (ownership) voucher 1anufacture IIfe80::123-GRASP >fe80::proxy ULA fd12:345::1-> registrar (circuit proxy, IPIP, NAT66)

Incoming (callhome) / Outgoing

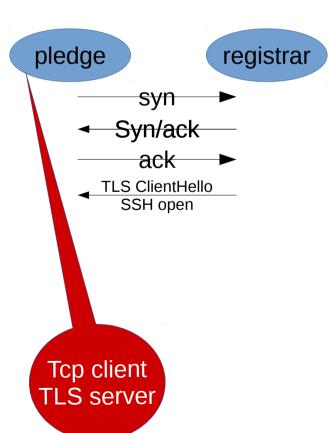
With outgoing via

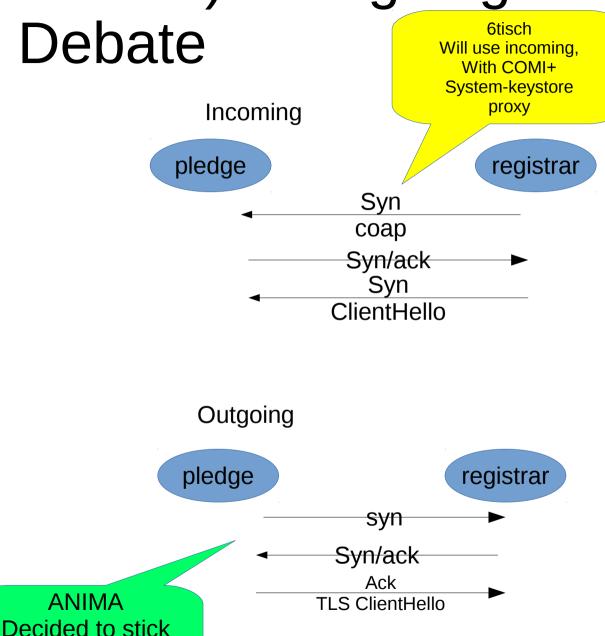
proxy

I-D.ietf-netconf -call-home

#### Call Home

outgoing TCP, followed by swap of client/server





# Audit tokens and ownership

Mix of contradictory requirements!

### **Audit Token**

- Weak to no link to owner
  - May be bearer token!
  - Likely contains link to owner's public key.
  - May link to some DN/CN of owner
- Uses MASA to serve as registration, providing audit trail to subsequent "owners"

### Ownership Voucher

- Strong link to owner
- MASA either produces the voucher (possibly "online"), or provides access to already created voucher.
- MASA stores history of previous vouchers.
- (controversial), may include Voucher Revocation List!

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# **Token Requirements**

#### Online validation

- May include NEA-type assessment of current firmware of device (remote attestation) back to vendor.
- Strong connection to supply chain to provide proof of ownership.

#### Offline validation

- Need to collect all Tokens/Vouchers onto stable storage for use offline.
  - National security concerns, disaster recovery, protection against vendor going out of business
- Uncooperative/immature supply chain
  - Need to include voucher in bearer token form inside packaging as QR code
  - Supporting re-sale of devices, transitive trust of ownership vouchers