



# IKE and QR Requirements

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# Background

Currently, IKE depends on the security of DH or ECDH for privacy

Both DH and ECDH are believed to be breakable by someone with a Quantum Computer

No one has a nontoy Quantum Computer currently; however if someone does develop one in the future, they can decrypt recordings of old IKE and IPsec sessions

# Background

What do we do about this:

- Option 1: replace (EC)DH with a Quantum Resistant Key Exchange
  - Issue with that: large change, no Quantum Resistant Key Exchange is universal accepted
- Option 2: have both sides have a shared secret (ppk); stir that into the derived key
  - The idea is that, even if someone breaks the DH shared secret, the ppk still protects us

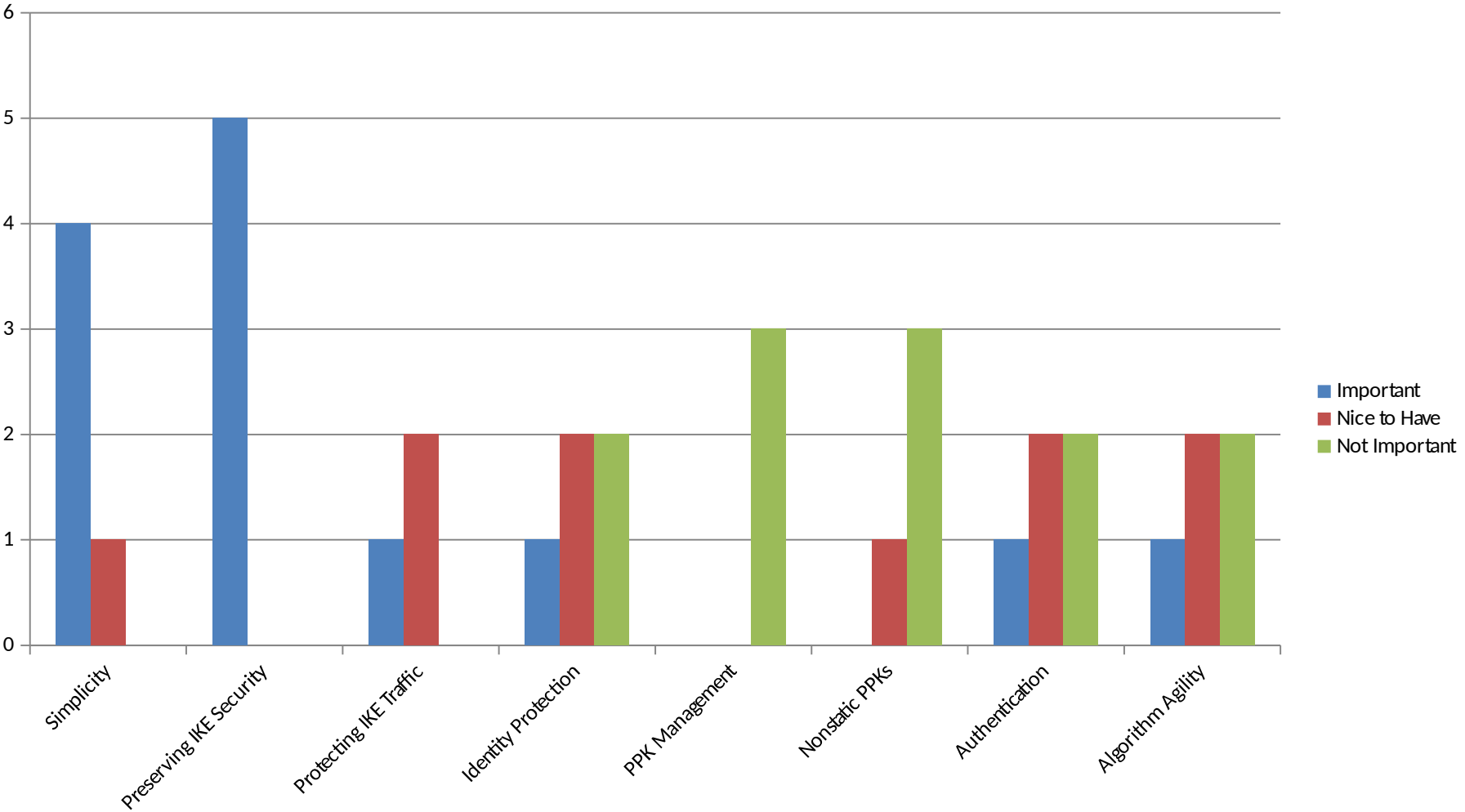
# Previous WG Meeting

We agreed to make working on this as a WG item

We decided to gather requirements for a solution

We agreed to have a poll of the WG for the important of various requirements

# Results of the WG Poll



# Interpretation of the Results

Preserving IKE security properties against a conventional adversary considered the most critical

“First rule: do no harm”

Simplicity was the second most important goal

Protecting IKE traffic, and identities were considered less important

# Updates to draft-fluhrer-qr-ikev2-03 to reflect these priorities

There are now three differences from the standard IKE protocol






- We exchange notifications on the first encrypted exchange
  - This is to deal with the brownfield scenario
- We stir in the PPK when generating IPsec KEYMAT
  - This means that all IPsec keys are protected
- We stir in the PPK when generating child SAs
  - This means that child IKE traffic is protected

## Changes from the previous version

- We simplified the protocol
- We do not attempt to protect identities from an adversary with a QC
- We do not protect the initial IKE exchange from an adversary with a QC
  - However, since we can immediately create a child IKE SA (which is protected), an implementation can protect the traffic selectors



# How we score against the requirements

Requirement (ordered by importance)	
Preserving IKE security	
Simplicity	
Protecting IKE traffic	At additional cost
Authentication	
Algorithm Agility	
Identity Protection	
Nonstatic PPKs	Not addressed
PPK Management	Not addressed

Thank you.

