

NETCONF
Internet-Draft
Intended status: Standards Track
Expires: November 20, 2019

E. Voit
Cisco Systems
A. Clemm
Huawei
A. Gonzalez Prieto
Microsoft
E. Nilsen-Nygaard
A. Tripathy
Cisco Systems
May 19, 2019

Dynamic subscription to YANG Events and Datastores over NETCONF
draft-ietf-netconf-netconf-event-notifications-22

Abstract

This document provides a Network Configuration Protocol (NETCONF) binding to the dynamic subscription capability of both subscribed notifications and YANG-Push.

RFC Editor note: please replace the references to pre-RFC normative drafts with the actual assigned RFC numbers.

Status of This Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted in full conformance with the provisions of BCP 78 and BCP 79.

Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts. The list of current Internet-Drafts is at <https://datatracker.ietf.org/drafts/current/>.

Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress."

This Internet-Draft will expire on November 20, 2019.

Copyright Notice

Copyright (c) 2019 IETF Trust and the persons identified as the document authors. All rights reserved.

This document is subject to BCP 78 and the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents

(<https://trustee.ietf.org/license-info>) in effect on the date of publication of this document. Please review these documents carefully, as they describe your rights and restrictions with respect to this document. Code Components extracted from this document must include Simplified BSD License text as described in Section 4.e of the Trust Legal Provisions and are provided without warranty as described in the Simplified BSD License.

This document may contain material from IETF Documents or IETF Contributions published or made publicly available before November 10, 2008. The person(s) controlling the copyright in some of this material may not have granted the IETF Trust the right to allow modifications of such material outside the IETF Standards Process. Without obtaining an adequate license from the person(s) controlling the copyright in such materials, this document may not be modified outside the IETF Standards Process, and derivative works of it may not be created outside the IETF Standards Process, except to format it for publication as an RFC or to translate it into languages other than English.

Table of Contents

1. Introduction	3
2. Terminology	3
3. Compatibility with RFC-5277's create-subscription	3
4. Mandatory XML, event stream and datastore support	4
5. NETCONF connectivity and the Dynamic Subscriptions	4
6. Notification Messages	4
7. Dynamic Subscriptions and RPC Error Responses	5
8. Security Considerations	7
9. IANA Considerations	7
10. Acknowledgments	7
11. References	7
11.1. Normative References	7
11.2. Informative References	8
Appendix A. Examples	8
A.1. Event Stream Discovery	8
A.2. Dynamic Subscriptions	9
A.3. Subscription State Notifications	14
A.4. Filter Examples	15
Appendix B. Changes between revisions	17
B.1. v21 to v22	17
B.2. v20 to v21	17
B.3. v19 to v20	17
B.4. v17 to v19	17
B.5. v16 to v17	17
B.6. v15 to v16	18
B.7. v14 to v15	18

B.8. v13 to v14	18
B.9. v11 to v13	18
B.10. v10 to v11	18
B.11. v09 to v10	18
B.12. v08 to v09	18
B.13. v07 to v08	18
B.14. v06 to v07	19
B.15. v05 to v06	19
B.16. v03 to v04	19
B.17. v01 to v03	19
B.18. v00 to v01	19
Authors' Addresses	19

1. Introduction

This document specifies the binding of a stream of events which form part of a dynamic subscription to the NETCONF protocol [RFC6241]. Dynamic subscriptions are defined in [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications]. In addition, as [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-yang-push] is itself built upon [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications], this document enables a NETCONF client to request via a dynamic subscription and receive updates from a YANG datastore located on a NETCONF server.

This document assumes that the reader is familiar with the terminology and concepts defined in [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications].

2. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

The following terms are defined in [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications]: dynamic subscription, event stream, notification message, publisher, receiver, subscriber, subscription. No additional terms are defined.

3. Compatibility with RFC-5277's create-subscription

A publisher is allowed to concurrently support dynamic subscription RPCs of [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications] at the same time as [RFC5277]'s "create-subscription" RPC. However a single NETCONF transport session MUST NOT support both this specification and a subscription established by [RFC5277]'s "create-subscription"

RPC. To protect against any attempts to use a single NETCONF transport session in this way:

- o A solution MUST reply with the [RFC6241] "rpc-error" element containing the "error-tag" value of "operation-not-supported" if a "create-subscription" RPC is received on a NETCONF session where an [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications] established subscription exists.
- o A solution MUST reply with the [RFC6241] "rpc-error" element containing the "error-tag" value of "operation-not-supported" if an "establish-subscription" request has been received on a NETCONF session where the "create-subscription" RPC has successfully [RFC5277] created a subscription.

If a publisher supports this specification but not subscriptions via [RFC5277], the publisher MUST NOT advertise "urn:ietf:params:netconf:capability:notification:1.0".

4. Mandatory XML, event stream and datastore support

The "encode-xml" feature of [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications] MUST be supported. This indicates that XML is a valid encoding for RPCs, state change notifications, and subscribed content.

A NETCONF publisher supporting event stream subscription via [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications] MUST support the "NETCONF" event stream identified in that document.

5. NETCONF connectivity and the Dynamic Subscriptions

Management of dynamic subscriptions occurs via RPCs as defined in [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-yang-push] and [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications]. For a dynamic subscription, if the NETCONF session involved with the "establish-subscription" terminates, the subscription MUST be terminated.

For a dynamic subscription, any "modify-subscription", "delete-subscription", or "resync-subscription" RPCs MUST be sent using the same NETCONF session upon which the referenced subscription was established.

6. Notification Messages

Notification messages transported over the NETCONF protocol MUST be encoded in a <notification> message as defined within [RFC5277], Section 4. And per [RFC5277]'s "eventTime" object definition, the "eventTime" is populated with the event occurrence time.

For dynamic subscriptions, all notification messages MUST use the NETCONF transport session used by the "establish-subscription" RPC.

7. Dynamic Subscriptions and RPC Error Responses

When an RPC error occurs as defined in [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications] Section 2.4.6 and [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-yang-push] Appendix A, the NETCONF RPC reply MUST include an "rpc-error" element per [RFC6241] with the error information populated as follows:

- o An "error-type" node of "application".
- o An "error-tag" node with the value being a string that corresponds to an identity associated with the error. For the mechanisms specified in this document, this "error-tag" will come from one of two places. Either it will correspond to the error identities within [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications] section 2.4.6 for general subscription errors:

error identity	uses error-tag
dscp-unavailable	invalid-value
encoding-unsupported	invalid-value
filter-unsupported	invalid-value
insufficient-resources	resource-denied
no-such-subscription	invalid-value
replay-unsupported	operation-not-supported

Or this "error-tag" will correspond to the error identities within [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-yang-push] Appendix A.1 for subscription errors specific to YANG datastores:

error identity	uses error-tag
cant-exclude	operation-not-supported
datastore-not-subscribable	invalid-value
no-such-subscription-resync	invalid-value
on-change-unsupported	operation-not-supported
on-change-sync-unsupported	operation-not-supported
period-unsupported	invalid-value
update-too-big	too-big
sync-too-big	too-big
unchanging-selection	operation-failed

- o an "error-severity" of "error" (this MAY be included).
- o an "error-app-tag" node with the value being a string that corresponds to an identity associated with the error, as defined in [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications] section 2.4.6

for general subscriptions, and [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-yang-push] Appendix A.1, for datastore subscriptions. The specific identity to use depends on the RPC for which the error occurred. Each error identity will be inserted as the "error-app-tag" following the form <modulename>:<identityname>. An example of such as valid encoding would be "ietf-subscribed-notifications:no-such-subscription". Viable errors for different RPCs are as follows:

RPC	have base identity
-----	-----
establish-subscription	establish-subscription-error
modify-subscription	modify-subscription-error
delete-subscription	delete-subscription-error
kill-subscription	delete-subscription-error
resync-subscription	resync-subscription-error

- o In case of error responses to an "establish-subscription" or "modify-subscription" request there is the option of including an "error-info" node. This node may contain XML-encoded data with hints for parameter settings that might lead to successful RPC requests in the future. Following are the yang-data structures from [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications] and [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-yang-push] which may be returned:

establish-subscription returns hints in yang-data structure	
-----	-----
target: event stream	establish-subscription-stream-error-info
target: datastore	establish-subscription-datastore-error-info
modify-subscription returns hints in yang-data structure	
-----	-----
target: event stream	modify-subscription-stream-error-info
target: datastore	modify-subscription-datastore-error-info

The yang-data included within "error-info" SHOULD NOT include the optional leaf "reason", as such a leaf would be redundant with information that is already placed within the "error-app-tag".

In case of an rpc error resulting from a "delete-subscription", "kill-subscription", or "resync-subscription" request, no "error-info" needs to be included, as the "subscription-id" is the only RPC input parameter and no hints regarding this RPC input parameters need to be provided.

8. Security Considerations

This document does not introduce additional Security Considerations for dynamic subscriptions beyond those discussed in [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications]. But there is one consideration worthy of more refinement based on the connection oriented nature of the NETCONF protocol. Specifically, if a buggy or compromised NETCONF subscriber sends a number of "establish-subscription" requests, then these subscriptions accumulate and may use up system resources. In such a situation, subscriptions MAY be terminated by terminating the underlying NETCONF session. The publisher MAY also suspend or terminate a subset of the active subscriptions on that NETCONF session in order to reclaim resources and preserve normal operation for the other subscriptions.

9. IANA Considerations

This document has no actions for IANA.

10. Acknowledgments

We wish to acknowledge the helpful contributions, comments, and suggestions that were received from: Andy Bierman, Yan Gang, Sharon Chisholm, Hector Trevino, Peipei Guo, Susan Hares, Tim Jenkins, Balazs Lengyel, Martin Bjorklund, Mahesh Jethanandani, Kent Watsen, Qin Wu, and Guangying Zheng.

11. References

11.1. Normative References

- [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications]
Voit, E., Clemm, A., Gonzalez Prieto, A., Tripathy, A.,
and E. Nilsen-Nygaard, "Customized Subscriptions to a
Publisher's Event Streams", September 2018,
<[https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/
draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications/](https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications/)>.
- [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-yang-push]
Clemm, Alexander., Voit, Eric., Gonzalez Prieto, Alberto.,
Tripathy, A., Nilsen-Nygaard, E., Bierman, A., and B.
Lengyel, "YANG Datastore Subscription", September 2018,
<[https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/
draft-ietf-netconf-yang-push/](https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-ietf-netconf-yang-push/)>.

- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, DOI 10.17487/RFC2119, March 1997, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2119>>.
- [RFC5277] Chisholm, S. and H. Trevino, "NETCONF Event Notifications", RFC 5277, DOI 10.17487/RFC5277, July 2008, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5277>>.
- [RFC6241] Enns, R., Ed., Bjorklund, M., Ed., Schoenwaelder, J., Ed., and A. Bierman, Ed., "Network Configuration Protocol (NETCONF)", RFC 6241, DOI 10.17487/RFC6241, June 2011, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6241>>.
- [RFC8174] Leiba, B., "Ambiguity of Uppercase vs Lowercase in RFC 2119 Key Words", BCP 14, RFC 8174, DOI 10.17487/RFC8174, May 2017, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8174>>.

11.2. Informative References

- [RFC8347] Liu, X., Ed., Kyparlis, A., Parikh, R., Lindem, A., and M. Zhang, "A YANG Data Model for the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)", RFC 8347, DOI 10.17487/RFC8347, March 2018, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8347>>.
- [XPath] Clark, J. and S. DeRose, "XML Path Language (XPath) Version 1.0", November 1999, <<http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116>>.

Appendix A. Examples

This section is non-normative. Additionally the subscription "id" values of 22, 23, and 39 used below are just examples. In production, the actual values of "id" may not be small integers.

A.1. Event Stream Discovery

As defined in [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications] an event stream exposes a continuous set of events available for subscription. A NETCONF client can retrieve the list of available event streams from a NETCONF publisher using the "get" operation against the top-level container "/streams" defined in [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications] Section 3.1.

The following example illustrates the retrieval of the list of available event streams:


```
<rpc message-id="101"
  xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <get>
    <filter type="subtree">
      <streams
        xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-subscribed-notifications"/>
      </filter>
    </get>
  </rpc>
```

Figure 1: Get streams request

After such a request, the NETCONF publisher returns a list of event streams available, as well as additional information which might exist in the container.

A.2. Dynamic Subscriptions

A.2.1. Establishing Dynamic Subscriptions

The following figure shows two successful "establish-subscription" RPC requests as per [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications]. The first request is given a subscription "id" of 22, the second, an "id" of 23.

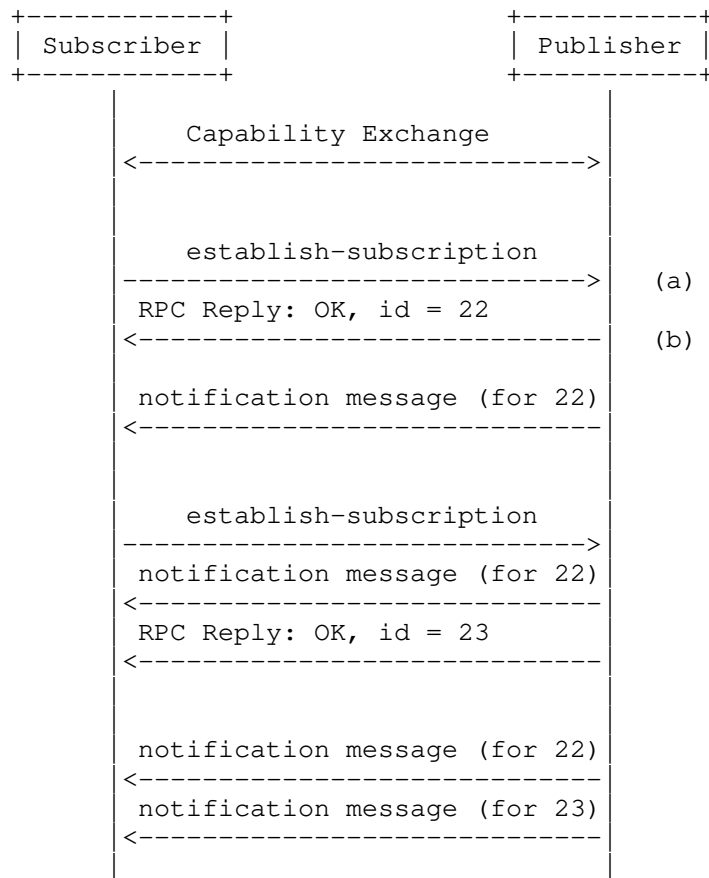


Figure 2: Multiple subscriptions over a NETCONF session

To provide examples of the information being transported, example messages for interactions (a) and (b) in Figure 2 are detailed below:

```

<rpc message-id="102" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <establish-subscription
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-subscribed-notifications">
    <stream-xpath-filter xmlns:ex="http://example.com/events">
      /ex:foo/
    </stream-xpath-filter>
    <stream>NETCONF</stream>
    <dscp>10</dscp>
  </establish-subscription>
</rpc>
  
```

Figure 3: establish-subscription request (a)

As NETCONF publisher was able to fully satisfy the request (a), the publisher sends the subscription "id" of the accepted subscription within message (b):

```
<rpc-reply message-id="102"
  xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <id
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-subscribed-notifications">
    22
  </id>
</rpc-reply>
```

Figure 4: establish-subscription success (b)

If the NETCONF publisher had not been able to fully satisfy the request, or subscriber has no authorization to establish the subscription, the publisher would have sent an RPC error response. For instance, if the "dscp" value of 10 asserted by the subscriber in Figure 3 proved unacceptable, the publisher may have returned:

```
<rpc-reply message-id="102"
  xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <rpc-error>
    <error-type>application</error-type>
    <error-tag>invalid-value</error-tag>
    <error-severity>error</error-severity>
    <error-app-tag>
      ietf-subscribed-notifications:dscp-unavailable
    </error-app-tag>
  </rpc-error>
</rpc-reply>
```

Figure 5: an unsuccessful establish subscription

The subscriber can use this information in future attempts to establish a subscription.

A.2.2. Modifying Dynamic Subscriptions

An existing subscription may be modified. The following exchange shows a negotiation of such a modification via several exchanges between a subscriber and a publisher. This negotiation consists of a failed RPC modification request/response, followed by a successful one.

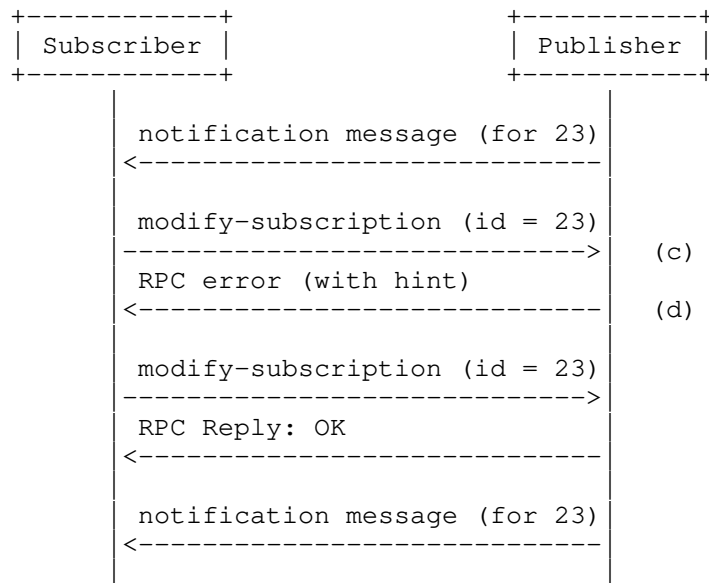


Figure 6: Interaction model for successful subscription modification

If the subscription being modified in Figure 6 is a datastore subscription as per [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-yang-push], the modification request made in (c) may look like that shown in Figure 7. As can be seen, the modifications being attempted are the application of a new XPath filter as well as the setting of a new periodic time interval.

```
<rpc message-id="303"
  xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <modify-subscription
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-subscribed-notifications"
    xmlns:yp="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-yang-push">
    <id>23</id>
    <yp:datastore-xpath-filter xmlns:ex="http://example.com/datastore">
      /ex:foo/ex:bar
    </yp:datastore-xpath-filter>
    <yp:periodic>
      <yp:period>500</yp:period>
    </yp:periodic>
  </modify-subscription>
</rpc>
```

Figure 7: Subscription modification request (c)

If the NETCONF publisher can satisfy both changes, the publisher sends a positive result for the RPC. If the NETCONF publisher cannot satisfy either of the proposed changes, the publisher sends an RPC error response (d). The following is an example RPC error response for (d) which includes a hint. This hint is an alternative time period value which might have resulted in a successful modification:

```
<rpc-reply message-id="303"
  xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <rpc-error>
    <error-type>application</error-type>
    <error-tag>invalid-value</error-tag>
    <error-severity>error</error-severity>
    <error-app-tag>
      ietf-yang-push:period-unsupported
    </error-app-tag>
    <error-info>
      <modify-subscription-datastore-error-info
        xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-yang-push">
        <period-hint>
          3000
        </period-hint>
      </modify-subscription-datastore-error-info>
    </error-info>
  </rpc-error>
</rpc-reply>
```

Figure 8: Modify subscription failure with hint (d)

A.2.3. Deleting Dynamic Subscriptions

The following demonstrates deleting a subscription. This subscription may have been to either a stream or a datastore.

```
<rpc message-id="103"
  xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <delete-subscription
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-subscribed-notifications">
    <id>22</id>
  </delete-subscription>
</rpc>
```

Figure 9: Delete subscription

If the NETCONF publisher can satisfy the request, the publisher replies with success to the RPC request.

If the NETCONF publisher cannot satisfy the request, the publisher sends an error-rpc element indicating the modification didn't work. Figure 10 shows a valid response for existing valid subscription "id", but that subscription "id" was created on a different NETCONF transport session:

```
<rpc-reply message-id="103"
  xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <rpc-error>
    <error-type>application</error-type>
    <error-tag>invalid-value</error-tag>
    <error-severity>error</error-severity>
    <error-app-tag>
      ietf-subscribed-notifications:no-such-subscription
    </error-app-tag>
  </rpc-error>
</rpc-reply>
```

Figure 10: Unsuccessful delete subscription

A.3. Subscription State Notifications

A publisher will send subscription state notifications for dynamic subscriptions according to the definitions within [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications].

A.3.1. subscription-modified

As per Section 2.7.2 of [I-D.draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications], a "subscription-modified" might be sent over NETCONF if the definition of a configured filter changes. A subscription state notification encoded in XML would look like:

```
<notification xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:notification:1.0">
  <eventTime>2007-09-01T10:00:00Z</eventTime>
  <subscription-modified
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-subscribed-notifications">
    <id>39</id>
    <stream-xpath-filter xmlns:ex="http://example.com/events">
      /ex:foo
    </stream-xpath-filter>
    <stream>NETCONF</stream>
  </subscription-modified>
</notification>
```

Figure 11: subscription-modified subscription state notification

A.3.2. subscription-resumed, and replay-complete

A "subscription-resumed" would look like:

```
<notification
  xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:notification:1.0">
  <eventTime>2007-09-01T10:00:00Z</eventTime>
  <subscription-resumed
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-subscribed-notifications">
    <id>39</id>
  </subscription-resumed>
</notification>
```

Figure 12: subscription-resumed notification in XML

The "replay-complete" is virtually identical, with "subscription-resumed" simply being replaced by "replay-complete".

A.3.3. subscription-terminated and subscription-suspended

A "subscription-terminated" would look like:

```
<notification
  xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:notification:1.0">
  <eventTime>2007-09-01T10:00:00Z</eventTime>
  <subscription-terminated
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-subscribed-notifications">
    <id>39</id>
    <reason>
      suspension-timeout
    </reason>
  </subscription-terminated>
</notification>
```

Figure 13: subscription-terminated subscription state notification

The "subscription-suspended" is virtually identical, with "subscription-terminated" simply being replaced by "subscription-suspended".

A.4. Filter Examples

This section provides examples which illustrate both XPath and subtree methods of filtering event record contents. The examples are based on the YANG notification "vrrp-protocol-error-event" as defined per the ietf-vrrp.yang model within [RFC8347]. Event records based on this specification which are generated by the publisher might appear as:

```
<notification xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:notification:1.0">
  <eventTime>2018-09-14T08:22:33.44Z</eventTime>
  <vrrp-protocol-error-event
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-vrrp">
    <protocol-error-reason>checksum-error</protocol-error-reason>
  </vrrp-protocol-error-event>
</notification>
```

Figure 14: RFC 8347 (VRRP) - Example Notification

Suppose a subscriber wanted to establish a subscription which only passes instances of event records where there is a "checksum-error" as part of a VRRP protocol event. Also assume the publisher places such event records into the NETCONF stream. To get a continuous series of matching event records, the subscriber might request the application of an XPath filter against the NETCONF stream. An "establish-subscription" RPC to meet this objective might be:

```
<rpc message-id="601" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <establish-subscription
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-subscribed-notifications">
    <stream>NETCONF</stream>
    <stream-xpath-filter xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-vrrp">
      /vrrp-protocol-error-event[
        vrrp:protocol-error-reason="vrrp:checksum-error"
      ]
    </stream-xpath-filter>
  </establish-subscription>
</rpc>
```

Figure 15: Establishing a subscription error reason via XPath

For more examples of XPath filters, see [XPATH].

Suppose the "establish-subscription" in Figure 15 was accepted. And suppose later a subscriber decided they wanted to broaden this subscription cover to all VRRP protocol events (i.e., not just those with a "checksum error"). The subscriber might attempt to modify the subscription in a way which replaces the XPath filter with a subtree filter which sends all VRRP protocol events to a subscriber. Such a "modify-subscription" RPC might look like:


```
<rpc message-id="602" xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <modify-subscription
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-subscribed-notifications">
    <id>99</id>
    <stream-subtree-filter>
      <vrrp-protocol-error-event
        xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-vrrp"/>
      </stream-subtree-filter>
    </modify-subscription>
  </rpc>
```

Figure 16

For more examples of subtree filters, see [RFC6241], section 6.4.

Appendix B. Changes between revisions

(To be removed by RFC editor prior to publication)

B.1. v21 to v22

- o Added "is".

B.2. v20 to v21

- o Including Tom Petch's text to resolve the meaning of 'binding'.
- o A few small wording tweaks.

B.3. v19 to v20

- o Notes to RFC editor removed, consideration moved under Figure 10 in SN.

B.4. v17 to v19

- o Per Benjamin Kaduk's discuss on SN, adjusted IPR to pre5378Trust200902

B.5. v16 to v17

- o During the SN YANG Doctor review, a suggestion was made to update the error-tags to make the mechanism work with embedded NETCONF and RESTCONF error reporting.
- o Minor text tweaks from review.

B.6. v15 to v16

- o During the shepherd review, two clarifications were requested which do not impact the technical details of this document. These clarifications were: (a) further describing that dynamic subscriptions can have state change notifications, and (b) more details about the recommended text refinement desired for RFC6241.

B.7. v14 to v15

- o Per Kent's request, added name attribute to artwork. This would be needed for an automated extraction.

B.8. v13 to v14

- o Title change.

B.9. v11 to v13

- o Subscription identifier renamed to id.
- o Appendix A.4 for filter examples
- o for v13, Tweak of example to /foo/bar

B.10. v10 to v11

- o Configured removed.

B.11. v09 to v10

- o Tweaks to examples and text.
- o Downshifted state names.
- o Removed address from examples.

B.12. v08 to v09

- o Tweaks based on Kent's comments.
- o Updated examples in Appendix A. And updates to some object names based on changes in the subscribed-notifications draft.
- o Added a YANG model for the NETCONF identity.

B.13. v07 to v08

- o Tweaks and clarification on :interleave.

B.14. v06 to v07

- o XML encoding and operational datastore mandatory.
- o Error mechanisms and examples updated.

B.15. v05 to v06

- o Moved examples to appendices
- o All examples rewritten based on namespace learnings
- o Normative text consolidated in front
- o Removed all mention of JSON
- o Call home process detailed
- o Note: this is a major revision attempting to cover those comments received from two week review.

B.16. v03 to v04

- o Added additional detail to "configured subscriptions"
- o Added interleave capability
- o Adjusted terminology to that in draft-ietf-netconf-subscribed-notifications
- o Corrected namespaces in examples

B.17. v01 to v03

- o Text simplifications throughout
- o v02 had no meaningful changes

B.18. v00 to v01

- o Added Call Home in solution for configured subscriptions.
- o Clarified support for multiple subscription on a single session. No need to support multiple create-subscription.
- o Added mapping between terminology in yang-push and [RFC6241] (the one followed in this document).
- o Editorial improvements.

Authors' Addresses

Eric Voit
Cisco Systems

Email: evoit@cisco.com

Alexander Clemm
Huawei

Email: ludwig@clemm.org

Alberto Gonzalez Prieto
Microsoft

Email: alberto.gonzalez@microsoft.com

Einar Nilsen-Nygaard
Cisco Systems

Email: einarnn@cisco.com

Ambika Prasad Tripathy
Cisco Systems

Email: ambtripa@cisco.com