draft-esale-mpls-ldp-node-frr-05

Fast Reroute for Node Protection in LDP-based LSPs

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(presented by Kireeti Kompella)

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Key Highlights

- * Fast Re-route for LDP-signaled transport LSPs
- * Local protection to minimize connectivity disruption
- * Link and node protection for LDP based transport LSPs using RSVP-TE bypasses
- No restrictions on the network topology provide topology independent local protection so long as there is alternate path in the network that avoids the protected node

Key Highlights

- * Additional provisioning and configuration required could be fairly small
 - † Depends on implementation however it could be as minimal as single line
 - bypass LSPs from PLR to MPT and Targeted LDP between PLR and MPT can be established automatically
- * Relies on the existing IETF standards
 - * RSVP-TE for establishing bypass LSPs
 - * Targeted LDP to obtain label mapping from MPT
 - * Needed only for node protection
- * Synergy with link and node protection for mLDP-signaled LSPs

Does it apply to SR?

- * Yes and No
- * The main purpose of the solution is to provide topology independent local protection using RSVP-TE in LDP based MPLS networks
- Link protection is already deployed using manually configured RSVP-TE one-hop LSPs
- * This draft addresses node protection
- * It can also be used to protect SR node segments to keep the SR label stack depth small, especially for node segments

References to earlier work

- We studied existing work on this topic including RFC6981, RFC5715, draft-shen-mpls-ldp-nnhop-label etc
- * We believe that the procedures described in this document are unique and simple
- * We will add few more references in the next revision
- More suggestions? Speak out or write to us

Next Steps

- * Version 05 addresses all the comments that we have received so far
- † The draft is stable for a year now
- Therefore, the authors would like to request a working group adoption of the draft, either in the MPLS WG or in RTGWG