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# **Beneficial Functions of Middleboxes**

## **draft-dolson-plus-middlebox-benefits-03**

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# Purpose

- Discuss benefits of network devices to provide context for discussion of trade-offs
- Inspired by PLUS, focus on transport layer (esp. TCP) functions
- Application-layer middlebox functions are out of scope (but useful functions exist)
  - See draft-mm-wg-effect-encrypt
- Look at (1) passive measurements and (2) active traffic modification
- Manual trouble-shooting (Wireshark) & proactive monitoring

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# Stating the Obvious

- The Internet is complicated; the end-to-end principle is an idealization
- The network operator:
  - often called upon first when applications are broken
  - expected to do capacity planning and upgrades

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# Measurements (Management and Diagnosis)

## From the ToC:

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## Example: Diagnose Video Quality

**(First assume the video traffic can be identified.)**

- Missing frames? Packet loss upstream.
- Duplicate frames? Packet loss/corruption downstream.
- Reordered frames? ECMP issue upstream.
- Corrupted frames? Bad hardware upstream.
- High RTTs? Downstream buffer bloat.
- Full window? Bottleneck at receiver node.
- Otherwise healthy? Sender too slow (server, proxy, or cache).

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# Active Functions

## From the ToC:

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## **Example: Firewall**

### **Policy: Permit only internally-initiated connections**

- Maintain state per TCP connection
- Only permit state to be created by outbound SYN
- Deny inbound packets not matching any state
- Deny inbound packets with inappropriate sequence numbers
- Deny non-sane packets

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# Recurring Transport-Layer Tools

- Connection state (TCP start/established/end)
- Association and Confirmation signalling
- Tracking sequence numbers (loss, reordering and retransmissions)
- Correlating acknowledgements to data
- Measuring receive window
- Sanity checking

**Virtually all of the TCP header and option fields are used.**

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## Of Concern to IETF

- Buffer bloat - detected with round-trip times
- DDoS detection and mitigation - assisted by association/confirmation signaling
- Network-assisted bandwidth aggregation

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## What's Next?

- It is clear that functions and observations within the network improve the network for the users.
- It has been our goal to socialize these.
- To share this with the larger IETF community, can we progress towards publication?
- Request feedback about:
  - Is this the correct list of functions, and are they described properly?
  - Security: can exposing some information improve security functions?
  - Would it be good to provide measurement hooks in protocols?