BIER

Bit Indexed Explicit Replication Traffic Engineering

draft-eckert-bier-te-arch-05 draft-eckert-bier-te-frr-03

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BIER-TE arch/frr status

- WG chairs did suggest not to ask for adoption last year
 WG full with more urgent short term work
 Authors busy too -> drafts expired in 2016
- Revived draft-eckert-bier-te-arch-05
 Unchanged from -04.
 Authors think all open questions had been cleared in before
- Revived draft-eckert-bier-te-frr-02
 Major changes: Included WG feedback from 2016

- Variant of BIER machinery to allow path engineered trees
- Bits can not only indicate receivers (BFER) but also transit hops
- Forwarding rules do not consider all bits (as receivers, like in BIER), but only bits of adjacencies
 - That's how packet can be steered hop-by-hop through network
- Forwarding rules for BIER-TE easily added to BIER forwarding engines (forwarding chips)
 - If we had a BIER-TE RFC *hint* *hint*
- Calculating minimum number of transit links to assign bits to, calculating bitstrings for paths...
 - Great job for a BIER-TE PCE not simple. Bier-te-arch outlines a wide range of details.
- Couple of different semantics for bits to minimize number bits needed

- Feedback: do we need FRR, is this the only option? Its kinda complex...
- Can we include all options for BIER-TE resilience
- Draft now considers key options:
- 1+1 Path diversity "live-live"
 - Duplicate transmission of packets across diverse paths
 - No new protocol/technology required, just appropriate engineered path config (from PCE, BIER-TE controller).
 - Key requirement: engineered paths aka: requires BIER-TE (not just BIER).
 - (BIER would need to be combined with multi-topology IGP or "MRT" options)

```
Snd1, Rcv1
                      a-link/
           BFR2a
                             (RING1)
                                                  BFR4b
                                                         Snd4, Rcv4
Snd2, Rcv2
                     --- BFR3a
                                 -- BFR3b
                                           --- BFR4a
                              Snd3, Rcv3
            BFR5a
                                                      BFR6b
                                (RING2)
Snd5, Rcv5
                                                           Rcv5
                    --- BFR6a --- BFR6b
                                           --- BFR6a
                               Rcv6
```

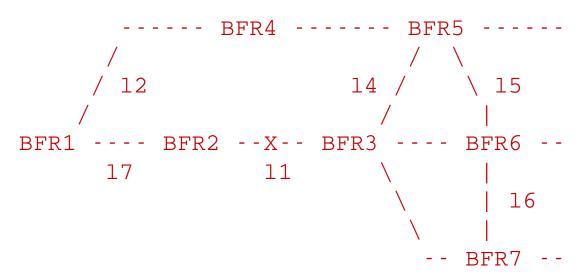
2. 1:1 path protection

- Same BIER-TE setup as for 1:1 path diversity
- Send only one copy. bitset for one tree (eg: tree A)
- Some (TBD) failure signaling (popular today: streaming ops telemetry)
- Trigger switching bitset to tree B
- Key BIER/BIER-TE feature to enable this option:
 - Ability to switch set of paths/receivers via simple bitmap switch in sender No signaling in the network required

3. 1:1 link protection

- With existing mechanisms:
- Use RSVP-TE backup tunnel, or SR backup tunnel, no new BIER-TE work
- Would equally apply to BIER

- 4. 1:1 node protection
- With existing mechanisms: (RSVP-TE / SR)
- Known issue: 1 p2p backup tunnel for each next-nex-hop Inefficient
- Can build p2mp RSVP-TE/P2MP backup trees ... complex



5. Node protection with BIER-TE in BIER-TE encap

- Backup BIER-TE tree reaching all next-nexthops
- On each egress of multipoint backup tunnel, reset bitmask required so only bits remain that are valid paths from nextnexthop to receivers

6. Native link/node protection with BIER-TE

- Achieve almost the same as 6. without the need for encap/decap
- Will also not replicate to next-next-hops not interested in this tree.
- Fairly complex additional forwarding plane logic
- When FRR condition encountered:
 - Modify bitmask for preprogrammed set of bits (next-nexthop): delete bits (existing subtree), add bits (backup subtree)
- Does not always work in all topologies sometimes would need 5 (or have duplicates).

Summary

- P4 research prototype demonstrated @ IEEE/IFIP-NOMS
- https://atlas.informatik.uni-tuebingen.de/~menth/papers/Menth17a.pdf https://atlas.informatik.unituebingen.de/~menth/papers/Menth17b.pdf
- Asking for working group adoption

Note: Had working group adoption call once, 2015 ? For BIER-TE arch, had one opposing, fixed issues back then.

Would like to enable chip vendors consider to bring in BIER-TE forwarding rules

Valuable for path engineering, but also for high availability (eg: 1:1 cases, traffic engineered backup trees). Also considered in other WGs.

BIER-TE FRR draft now meant to be comprehensive

Happy to add/discuss options we may have missed

BIER(-TE) FRR?

Native BIER-TE FRR not pitched as only option anymore

Feedback from chip designers would be interesting



Questions?

Improved recovery

will get you a new glass when yours breaks.