

Requirements for Client-facing Interface to Security controller

draft-ietf-i2nsf-client-facing-interface-req-02

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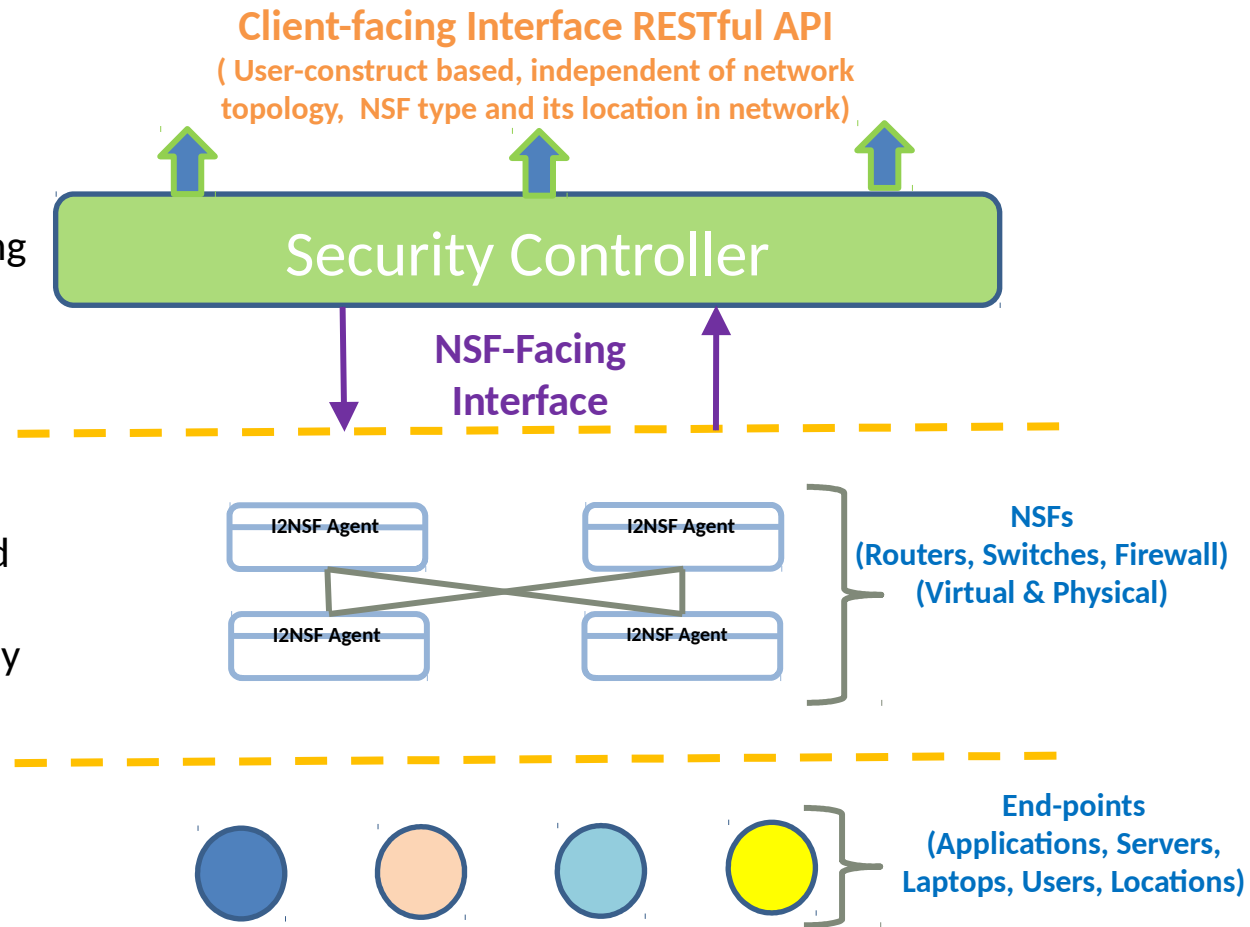
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Agenda

- Draft overview
- Main updates outline
- Next steps and plans

Draft scope - Identify requirements to build I2NSF client-facing Interface

- End-user/application express security policies using client-facing interface
- All end-user interaction through an abstraction layer in security controller
- End-user security policies enforced on traffic originated and destined to end-points
- Security policy deployed in NSF by security controller



Main Updates Outline

- Introduce requirements preference
 - MUST
 - MAY
 - RECOMMENDED
- Several new requirements based on ONUG feedback
 - 3 new categories of security policy: Segmentation policies, Threat policies, Governance and Compliance policies
 - More fine-grained policy building blocks: Source Policy Endpoint Group, Destination Policy Endpoint Group, Direction, Threat Group, Match Condition, Exceptions, Actions...
 - Consistent policy enforcement: according to network/policy building blocks change, audit and log the change
- A lot of improved description

Draft overview – Designing Principles

- User-construct based modeling: abstract + decoupling
 - Easier for end-user to express policy which reflects business needs
 - Not dependent on low level network information
- More concretely:
 - Decoupling from low level network information: network topology, NSF type/model/location...
 - Using Declarative/Descriptive model instead of Imperative/Prescriptive model
 - Being not dependent on NSFs' operation in network, such as:
 - How to be connected in network
 - Control plane interactions: HA, scalability, etc
 - Data plane implementations: encap, sfc, etc
- Deployment Models: direct interaction, NMS proxy interaction

Draft overview – Set of requirements... (1/2)

- Functional requirements for interface, to support:
 - Multi-tenancy (isolation) : Policy-Administrator of Policy-Tenant manages Policy-User
 - Authentication and authorization
 - RBAC
 - Protection against:
 - attacks (DoS/DDoS)
 - Misconfiguration, Input data validation
 - Dynamic control of policy enforcement
 - Admin-Enforced
 - Time-Enforced
 - Event-Enforced
 - Definition of dynamic policy end group
 - User-Group, Device-Group, Application-Group, Location-Group
 - Security policy building blocks
 - 3 categories of security policy: Segmentation policies, Threat policies, Governance and Compliance policies
 - Building blocks: Source Policy Endpoint Group, Destination Policy Endpoint Group, Direction, Threat Group, Match Condition, Exceptions, Actions...

Draft overview – Set of requirements... (2/2)

- Comprehensive set of actions: Permit, Deny, Drop connection, Log, Authenticate connection, Quarantine/Redirect, Netflow, Count, Encrypt, Decrypt, Throttle, Mark, Instantiate-NSF
- Consistent policy enforcement: according to network/policy building blocks change, audit and log the change
- detect and correct policy conflicts, and backward compatibility
- Integration with external systems
 - Threat feeds, Honeypots
 - Security Information & Event Management (SIEM)
 - Network and Behavior analytic engines
- Telemetry data collection
 - Get data from NSF system logs, syslog, flow records, security violations
 - Export data to external systems for monitoring and analytics
- Operational requirements for interface
 - APIs
 - API versioning for problem debugging, and backward compatibility
 - API extensibility
 - Data Model Transport: Yang + netconf/restconf
 - Miscellaneous
 - Notification to end-user based on NSF events and policy violations
 - Test policies for conflicts before deploying
 - Affinity to allow end-user so that a policy is enforced on a specific NSF
 - Need to work on it some more

Next steps and plans for draft draft-ietf-i2nsf-client-facing-interface-req-03

- Add examples for requirement
 - Illustrate each requirement with use-case example for clarity
- Align to I2NSF Terminology draft
- Incorporate ideas from WG mailing discussions
 - Few comments received so far
 - Linda Dunbar
 - Clarification about actual requirements vs high level requirements
 - More clear clarification of the difference between “User-construct based policies” and the general “intent-based policy”
 - Solicit inputs on requirements
 - Get more use-cases from WG members in different segments
 - Service providers, Enterprise, cloud operators

Thanks!

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