

Transport Security and Crypto Separation

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TAPS

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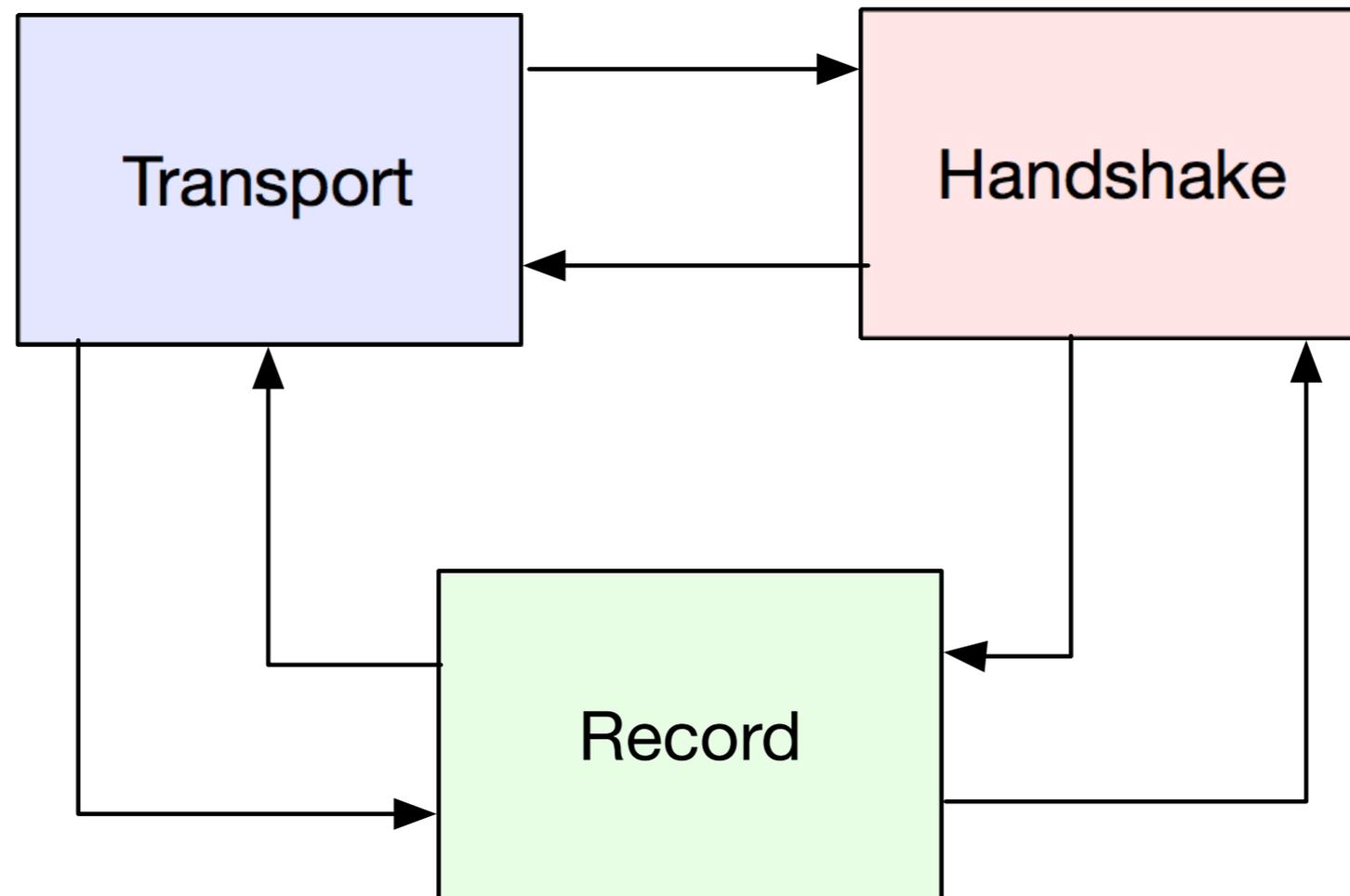
Goals

1. Survey transport security protocols in use today
2. Identify common patterns and interactions among the **handshake**, **record**, and **transport** protocols
3. Distill survey into a set of interface requirements

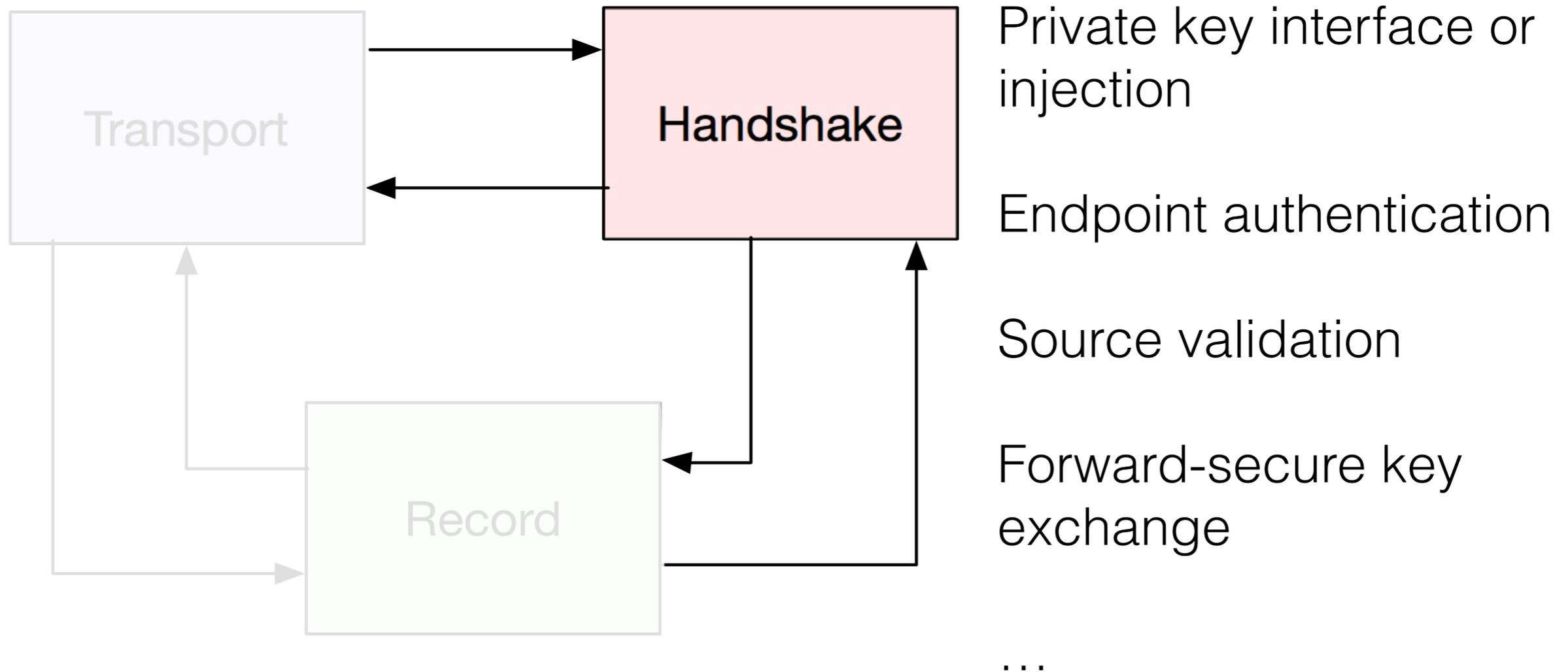
Terminology

- **Security Protocol:** a defined network protocol that implements one or more security features. Security protocols may be used alongside transport protocols, and in combination with one another when appropriate.
- **Handshake Protocol:** a security protocol that performs a handshake to validate peers and establish a shared cryptographic key.
- **Record Protocol:** a security protocol that allows data to be encrypted in records or datagrams based on a shared cryptographic key.

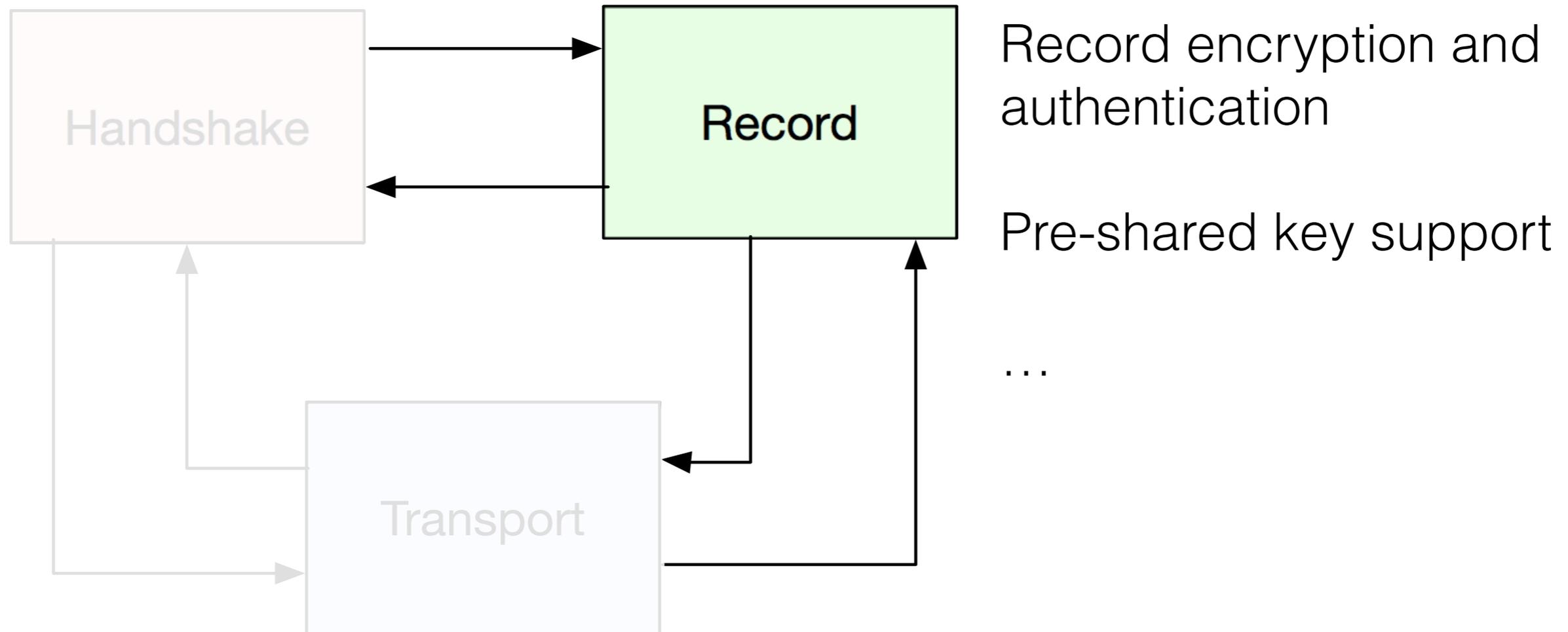
Separation of Concerns



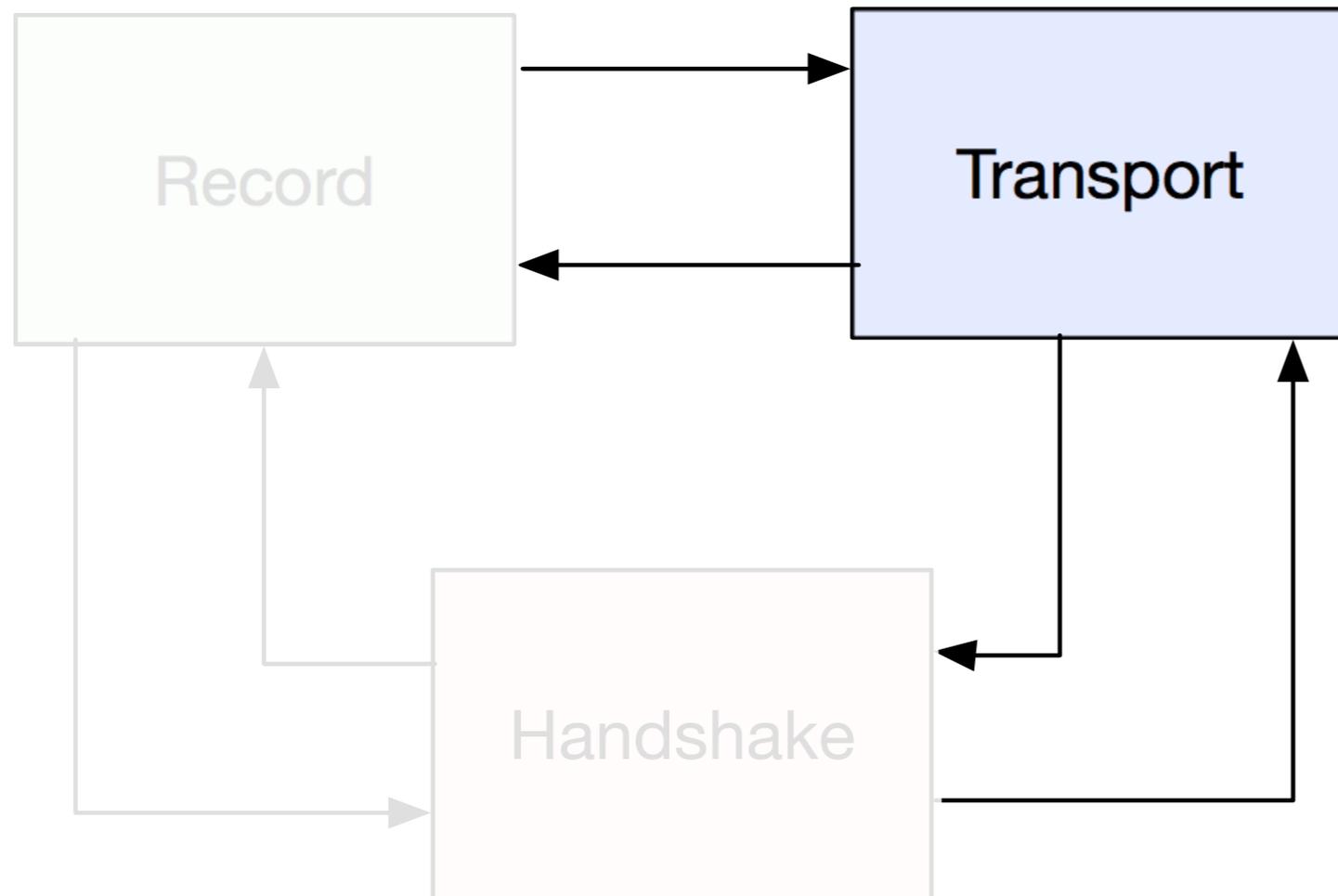
Separation of Concerns



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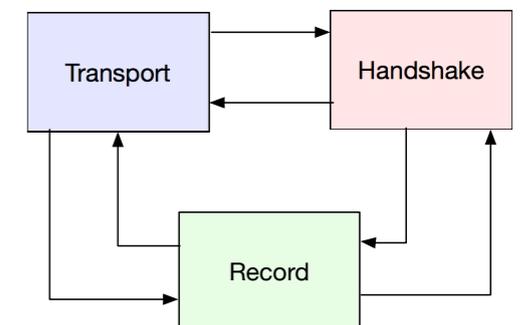
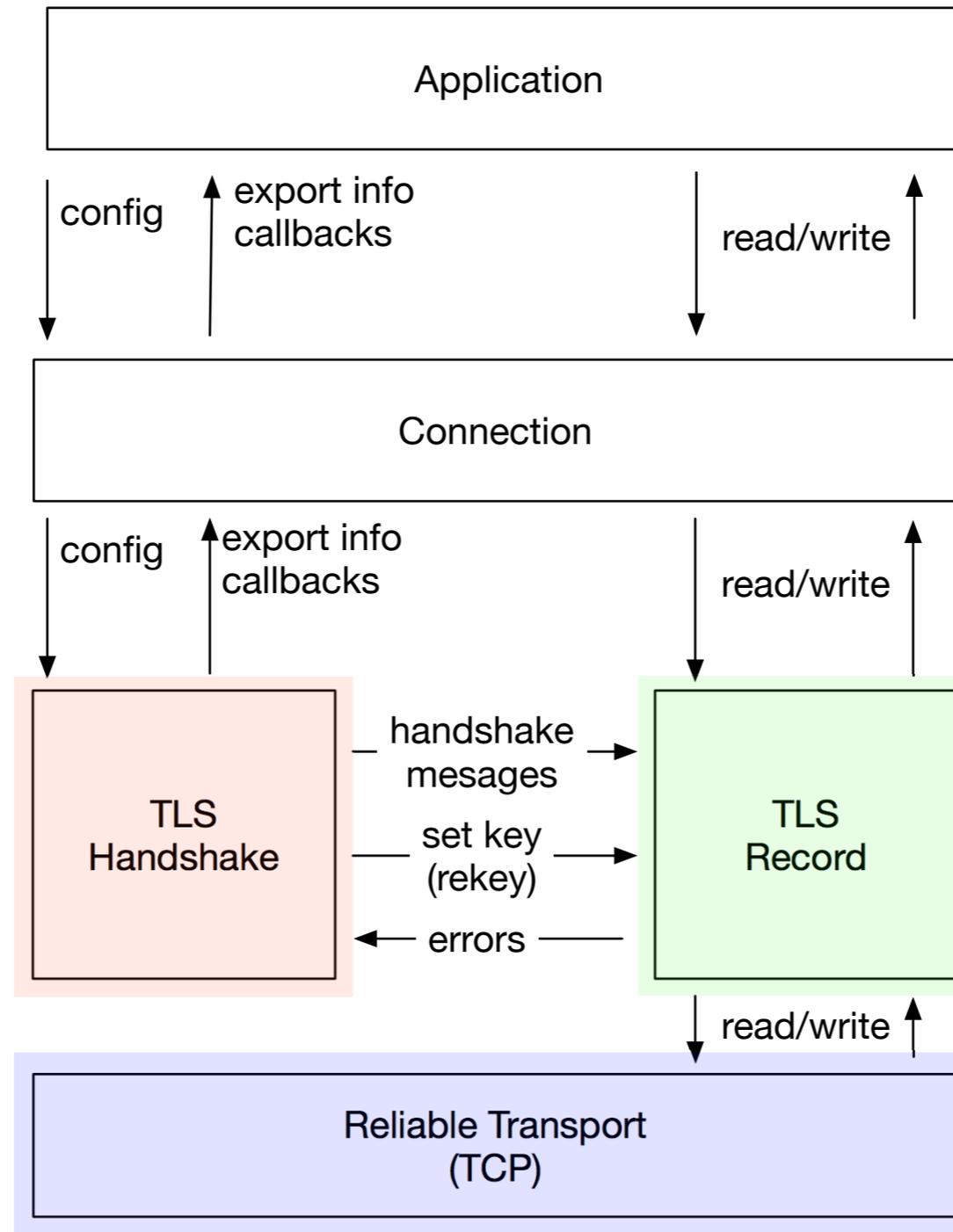


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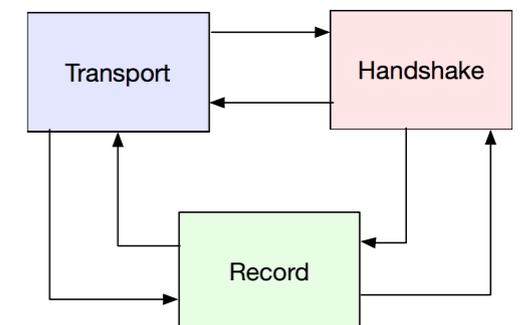
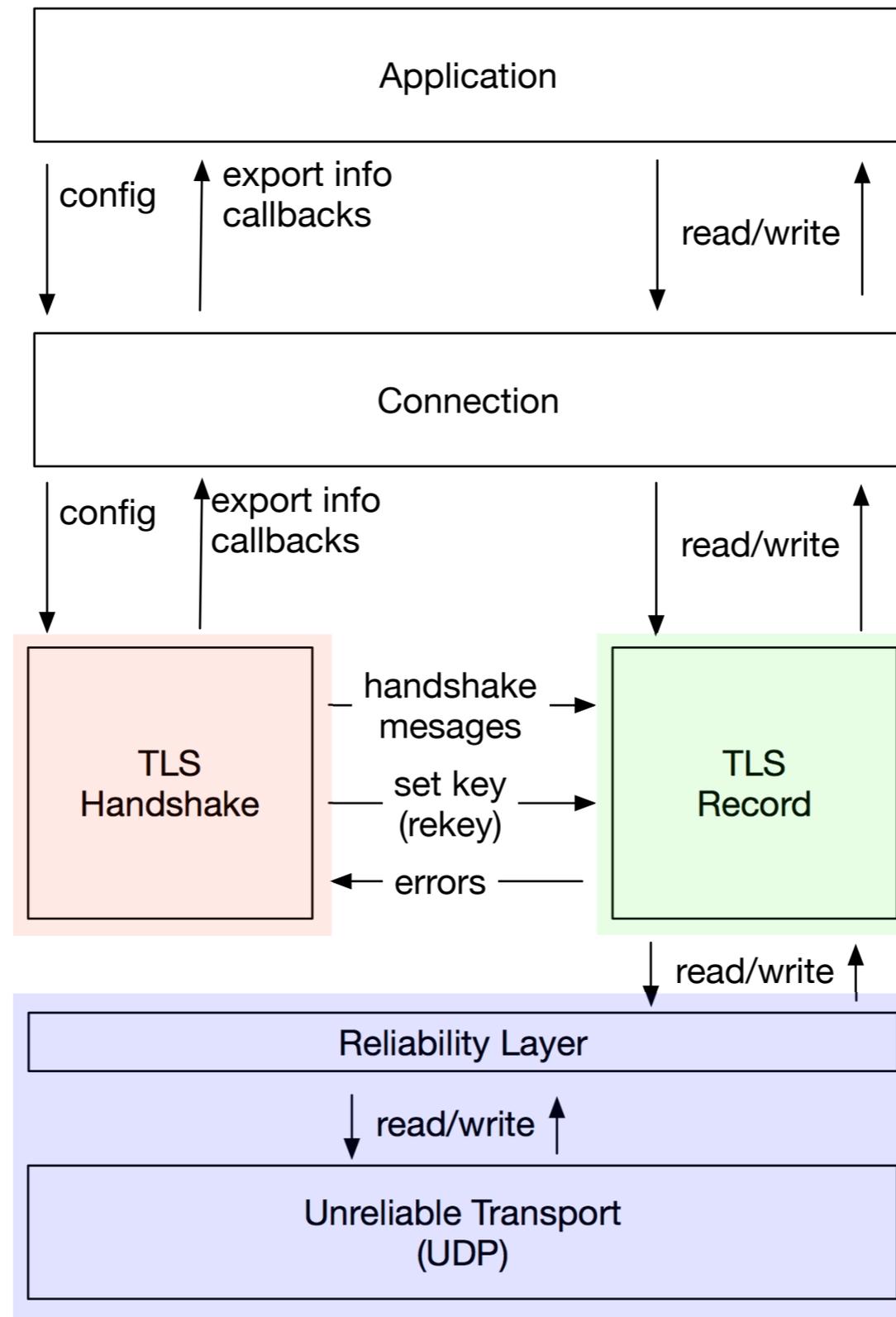


RFC 8095: Services Provided by IETF Transport Protocols and Congestion Control Mechanisms

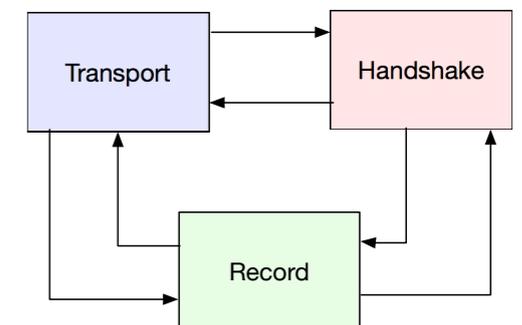
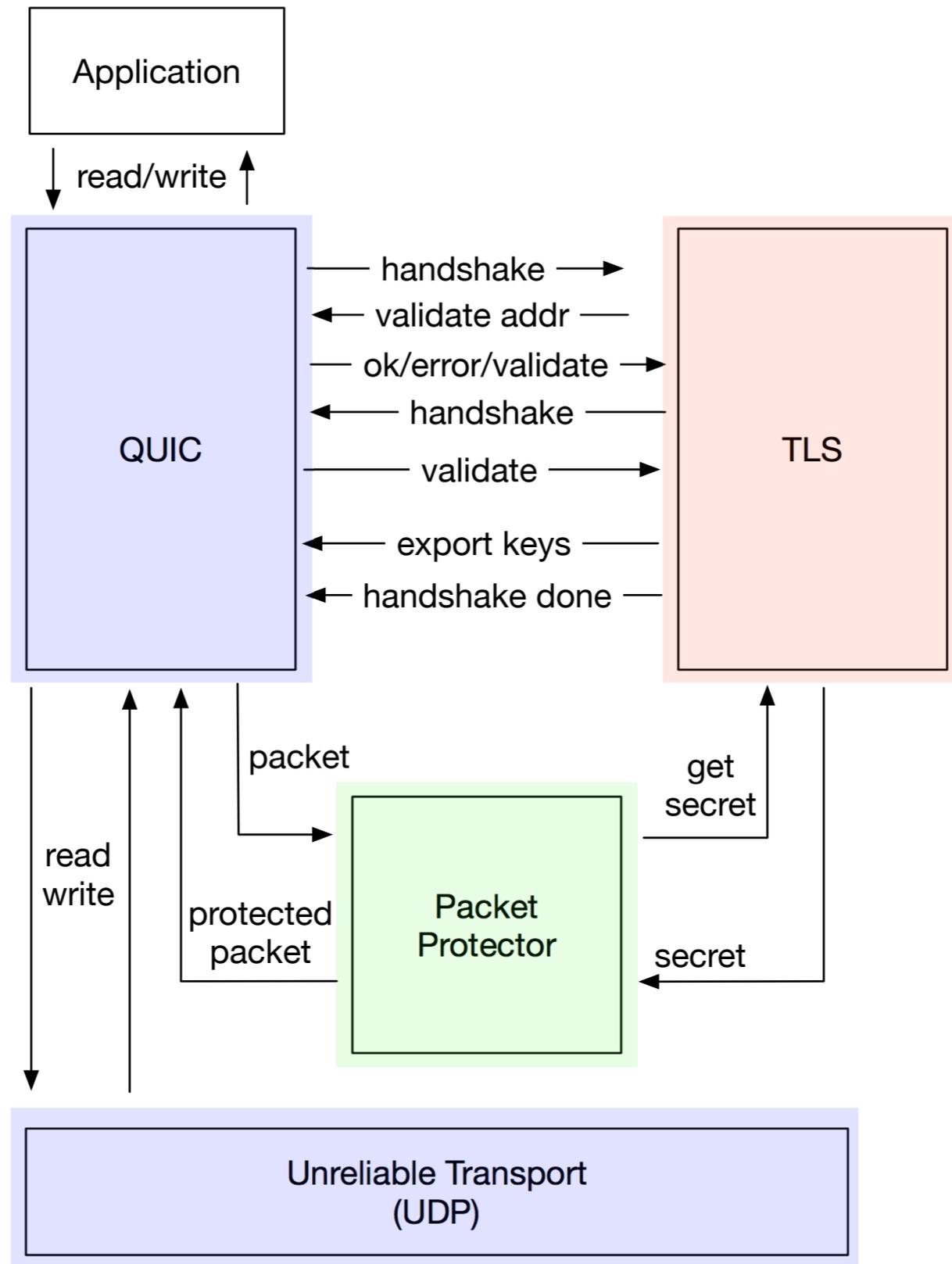
TLS



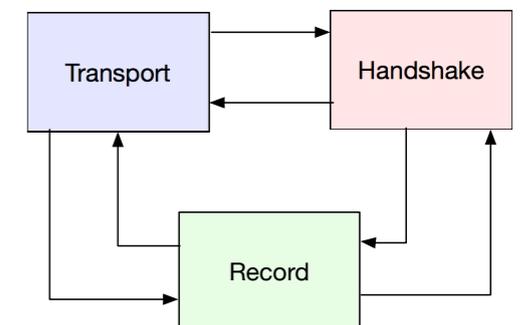
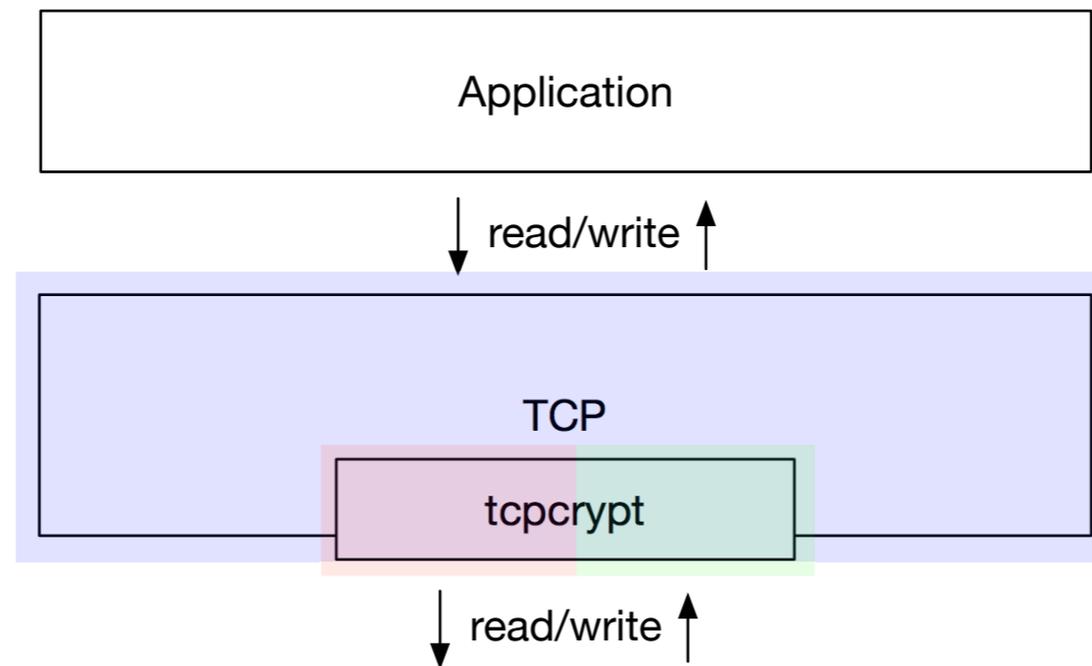
DTLS



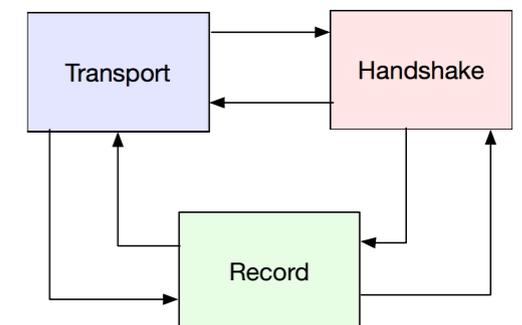
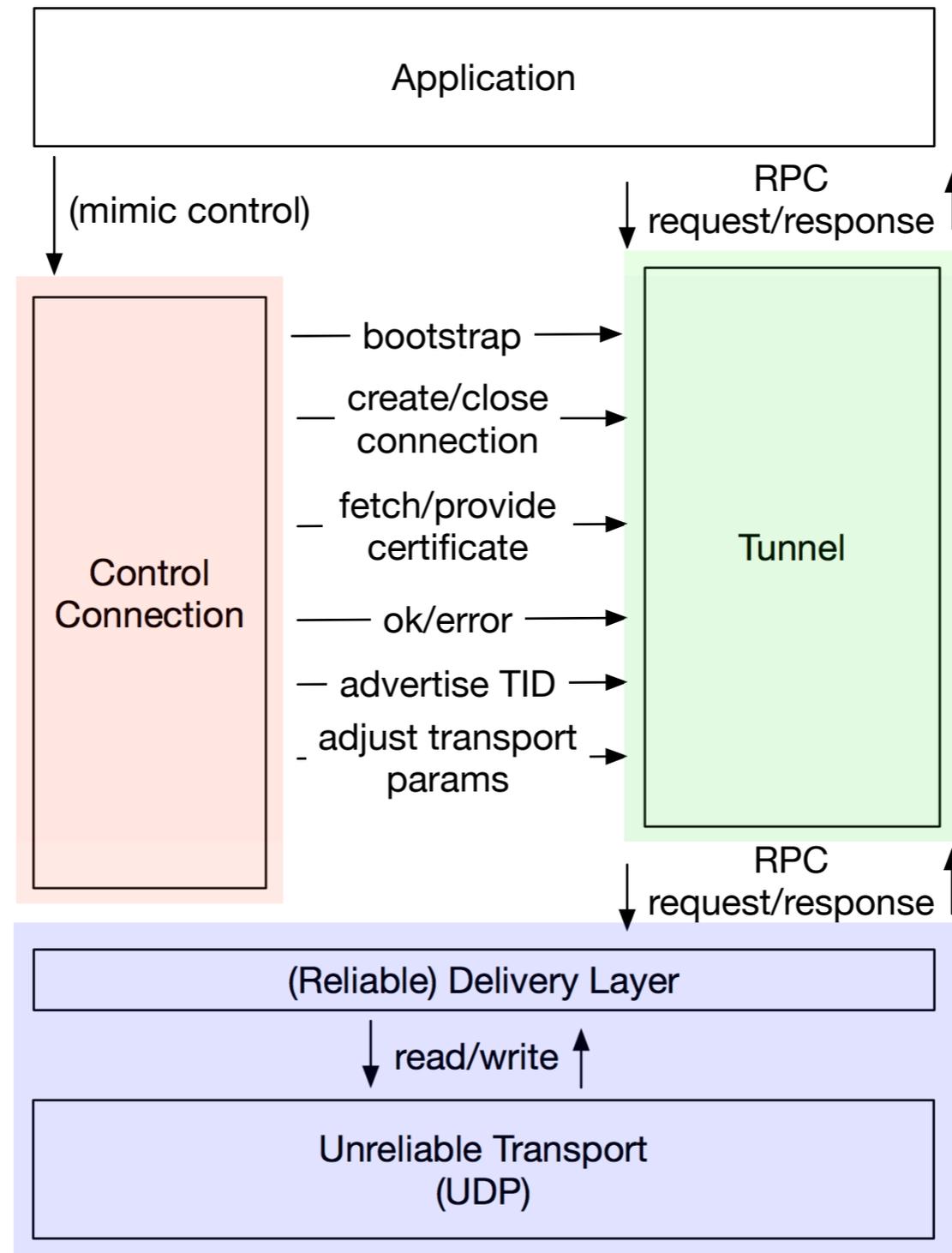
QUIC+TLS



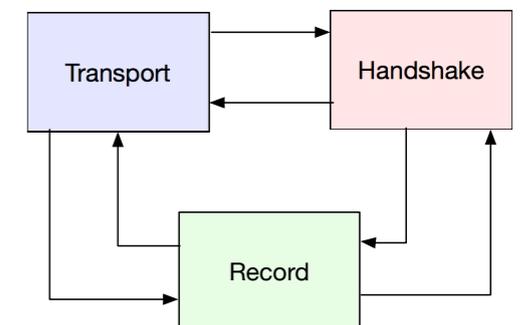
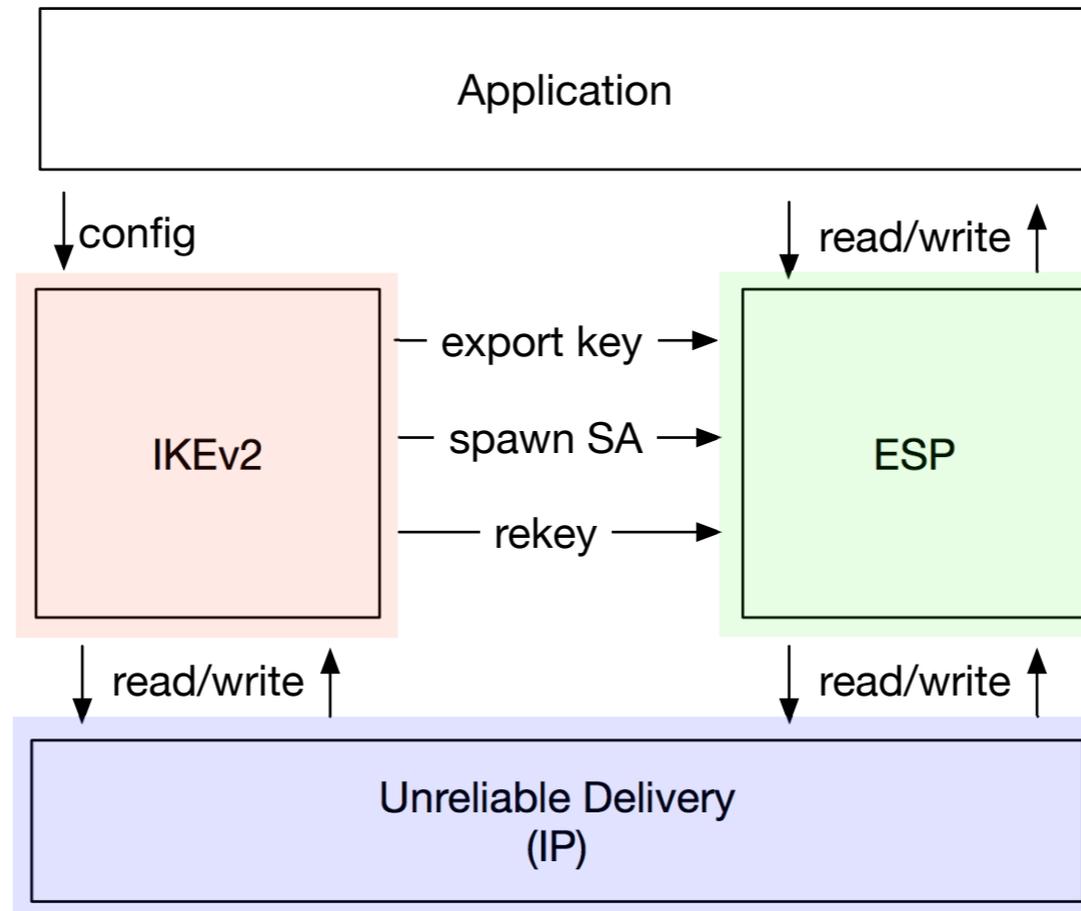
tcpcrypt



MinimalT



IKEv2+ESP



Adding Security Interfaces to TAPS

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Configuration Interfaces

Application-to-Security

- Set Identity and Private Keys
- Set Supported Algorithms (Key Exchange, Signatures and Ciphersuites)
- Session Cache
- Authentication Delegation

Handshake Interfaces

Application/Transport/Record-to-Handshake

- Start Handshake

Handshake-to-Application

- Identity Validation
- Source Address Validation

Handshake-to-Transport

- Send Handshake Messages
- Receive Handshake Messages

Handshake-to-Record

- Key Update
- Pre-Shared Key Export

Record Interfaces

Record-to-Handshake

- Pre-Shared Key Import
- Key Expiration

Record-to-Transport

- Encrypt application data

Transport-to-Record

- Decrypt application data
- Transport mobility update

Transport Interfaces

draft-ietf-taps-transport-usage

Connection

Establishment

Maintenance

Termination

Data

Sending

Receiving

Errors

- How do security interfaces fit into or extend these categories?
- Is the Security/Transport interface useful, or only the Security/Application interface?

Interface Overlay

Application-to-Security Interface

Transport-to-Security Interface

Connection

Establishment

**Set Identity &
Algorithms**

**Start
Handshake**

**Identity
Validation**

**Source
Address
Validation**

Maintenance

**Update
Mobility**

Termination

Data

Sending

Encrypt

Receiving

Decrypt

Errors

Record Errors

Discussion & Next Steps

- Embed security into main interface, or leave as separate overlay?
- Callouts (such as for trust evaluation) are not in the basic transport interface. Will other pseudo-transport require a similar model? Should this be generalized?
- Split security interface between mandatory (for applications) and optional (for allowing direct control usually reserved for transport)
- Review by Security Area