

# Private Communication in ICN

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# What Does Private Mean?

- Doesn't ICN need parity with emerging IP consensus?
  - The environment has changed since 2006, 2009 (RFC7258)
  - Encryption by default (c.f. IAB statement 11/2014, DPRIVE, TCPINC)- It's a pretty bright line
- Support applications that need confidentiality, variety of authentication schemes, resistance to MITM and eavesdropping
  - Personal finance, Healthcare, On-line Commerce, IM, politically sensitive search, blogging, B2B
- Forward secrecy
  - Resist passive data collection
  - Indicates use of ephemeral keys with short lifetimes - distinct from typical ICN 'content verification' key lifetime
  - Probably also indicates use of symm ciphers with frequent key changes
- Separable authentication if we can't use identifiable/bound/traceable public keys
- Resist/reject injected messages
  - Esp. if Interests can "actuate"
- Useable for network infra?
  - Routing updates, fragments, control/hop-by-hop messages (whatever those turn out to be)

# Implications

- Private session packets don't name "objects"
  - [Routable prefix] + [session/client nonce] + [sequence] ?
  - Need distinct messages for setup of "private context"?
  - Are the messages inside still Interest and Data?
- Name prefixes become 'service' names rather than 'object' names
- Does not eliminate provenance information
- No opportunistic caching
  - And some "natural multicast" properties may go away
  - But no more cache poisoning, so ...
- Opens questions about binding 'publisher' to 'content'
- "Just use well-known public keys" ... goes away
- Some of the MTU/fragmentation issues change
- New DoS vectors?
  - Maybe we can finally use client puzzles
- Application Interface
  - For IP, privacy happens 'above' the 'base' network (openssl, frameworks)
  - How do ICN applications express their prefs/requirements?
  - How do ICN applications learn what is happening?

# Implications (2)

- Still plenty of ICN goodness
  - Active, intelligent forwarding features
  - Receiver-driven flow control
  - In-network local repair, local retransmission (for individual clients)
  - Mobility still may benefit
  - Provenance/'publisher' concepts still available
  - Opportunity for in-network congestion control
  - Opportunity for *native* CDN support
  - New "layering" model
  - Opportunity for more explicit signalling
  - Opportunity for API clarity and richness
- Shift focus away from "content sharing" and towards other network functions: flow and congestion control, mobility, SP needs, CDNs, TE, QoS, VPN, P2P

# Discussion

- Where does the community stand?
  - comfortable saying "Parity with IP doesn't matter", or "It's fine to propose stepping backward"?
  - comfortable saying "Name exposure is acceptable, but encrypt content"?
  - uncomfortable with an ICN architecture that offers *less* than IP?

# Backup