

# Distributing Authenticated Mappings

Keys, policies, binaries, and more

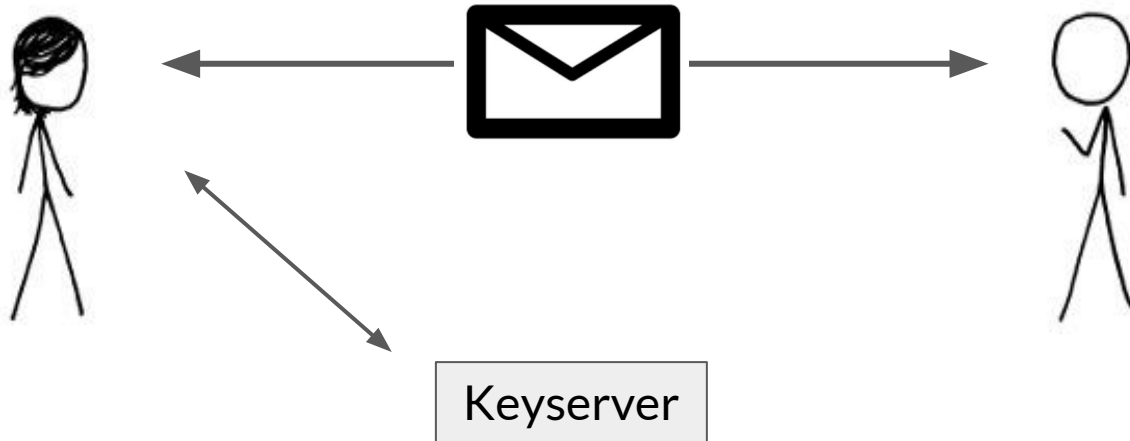
Sydney Li<sup>1</sup>, Colin Man<sup>2</sup>, Jean-Luc Watson<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Electronic Frontier Foundation, <sup>2</sup>Stanford University

Things that are broken on the internet

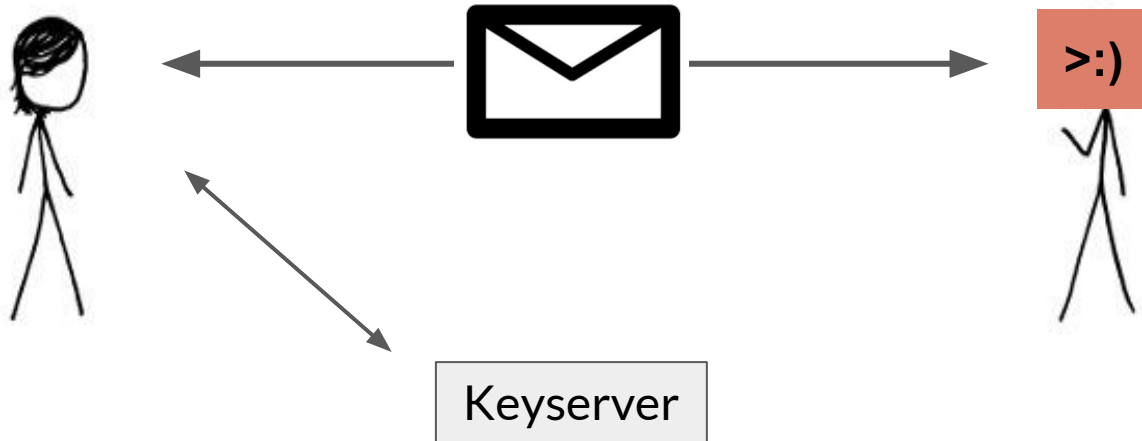
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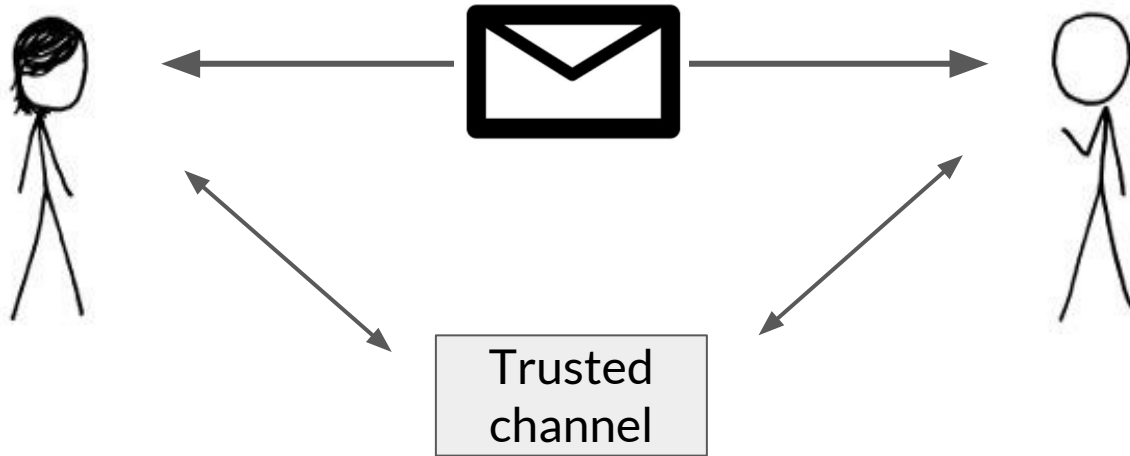
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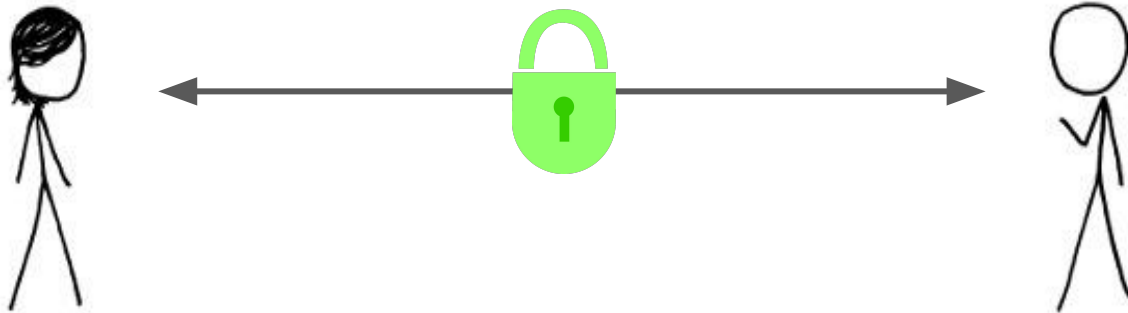
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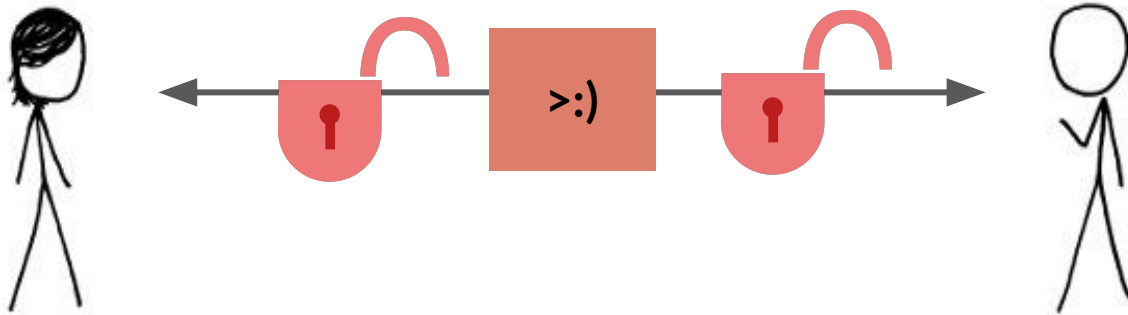
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- DNS  
DNSSEC yet to see widespread adoption



# What the Internet needs

Authenticated mappings!

## Problem

Name mappings

Policy mappings

Certificate mappings

Binary distribution

Public key mappings



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DNS (+ DNSSEC)

HSTS preload lists

CA trust chains + CT

package lists / bin. transparency

Trusted key servers

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Many solutions based on *incorrect assumptions of trust, aren't scalable, or aren't generalizable.*

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**Solution:** infrastructure for a global state database

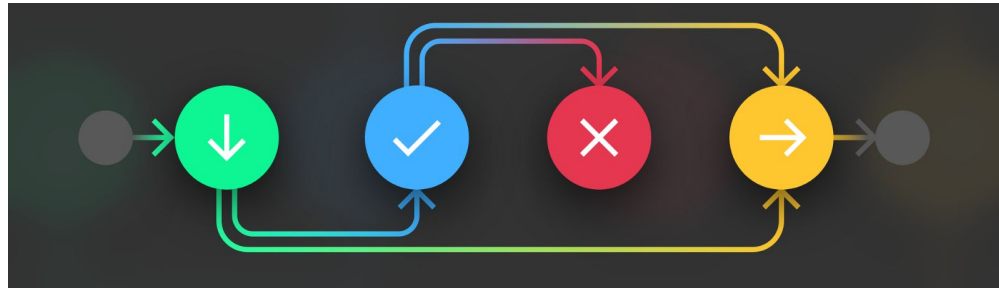
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**Solution:** infrastructure for a global state database

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- Well-formed transitions

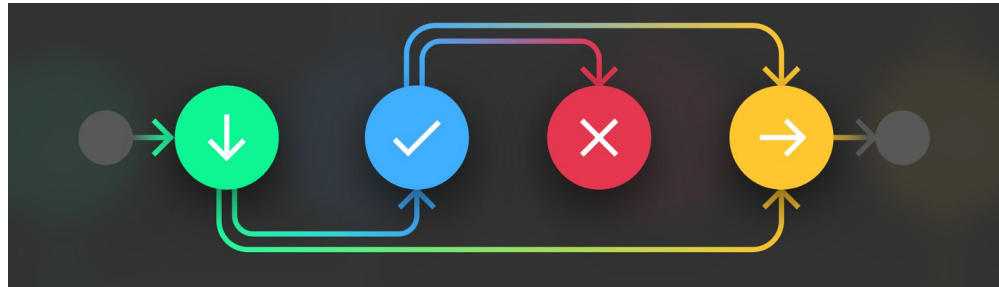


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- Append-only
- Well-formed transitions
- Transparent



# Option 1: Bootstrapping Certificate Transparency

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- How do CAs know how to enforce semantics for binaries?



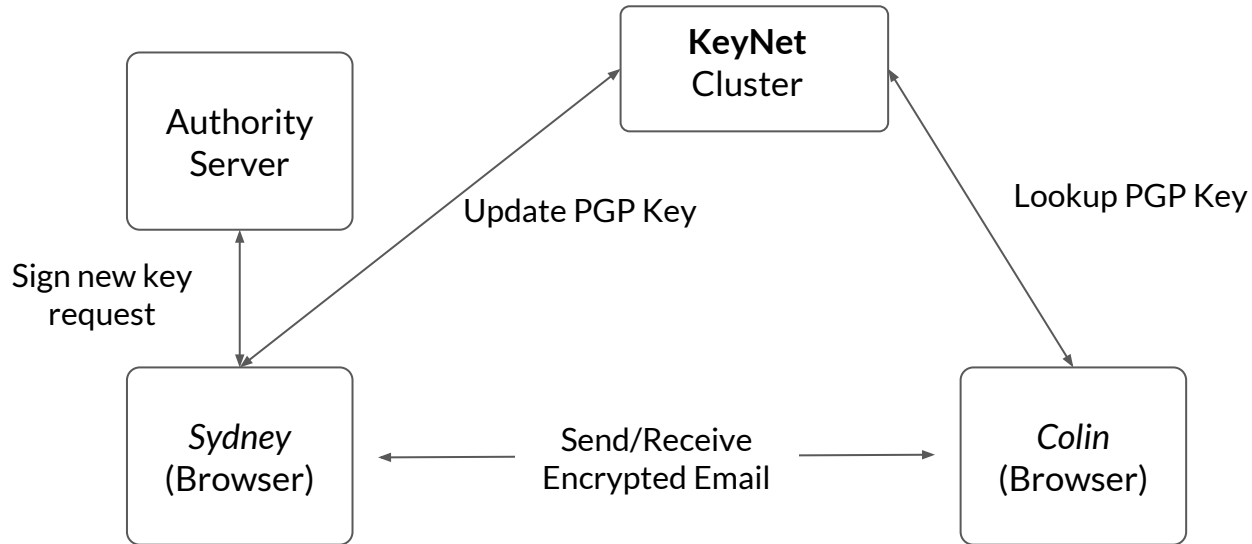
## Option 2: Byzantine Fault Tolerant Cluster

Set up a number of PBFT nodes and distribute mapping database.

- Enforce append-only and transition semantics via traditional consensus
- **KeyNet**

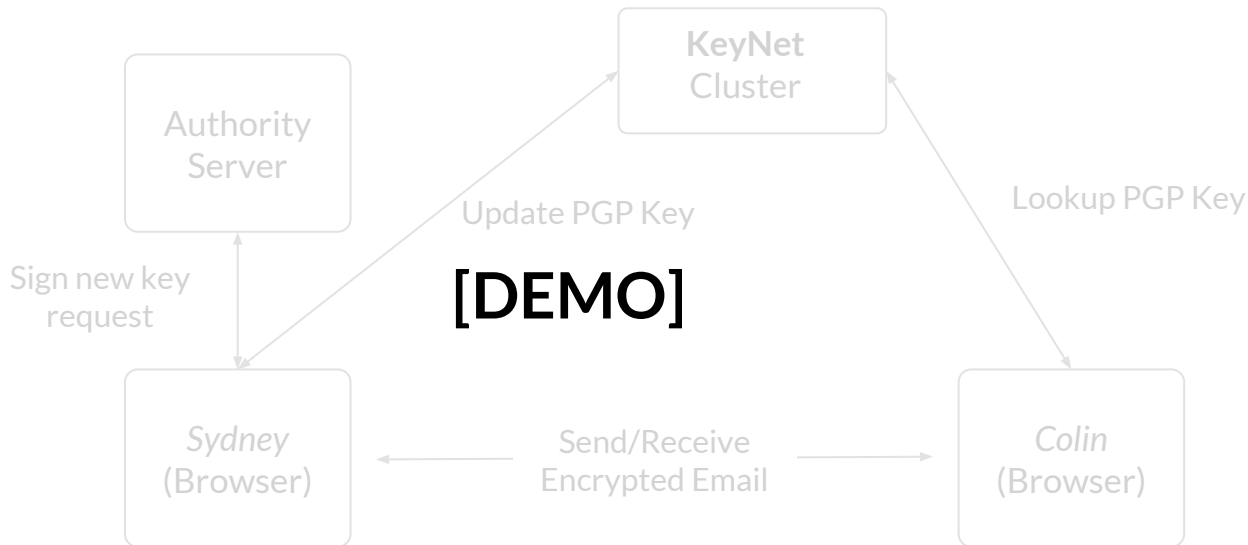
# KeyNet

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**Problem:** limited participation

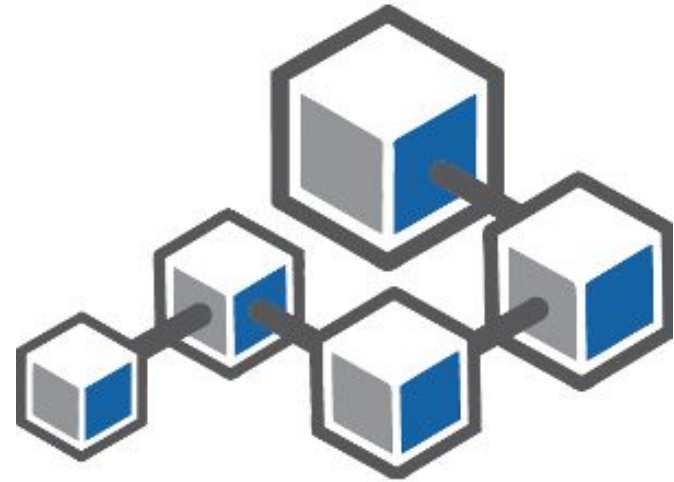
- Uniform set of incentives undermines security



# Option 3a: Proof-of-Work

Gets us almost there!

- We can create an append-only log
- Anyone can participate and enforce transition semantics
- Maturing technology



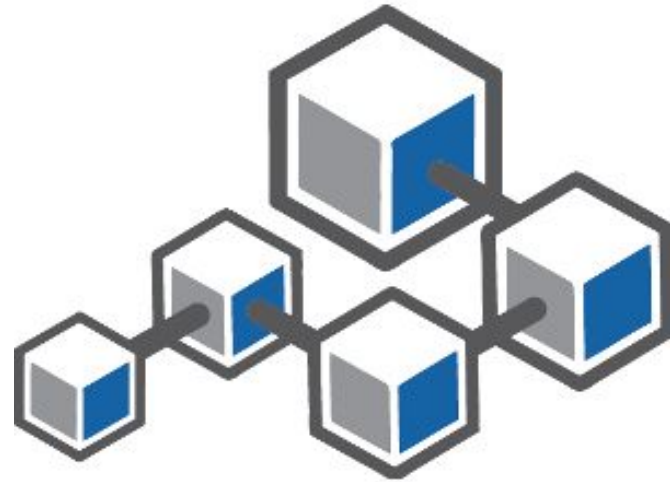
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## Problems

- No accountability
- Trust is tied to hash power
- Environmental cost



# Option 3b: Proof-of-Stake

Even better!

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**Problem:** Yet another incentive mismatch: trust is tied to money

# Option 4: Federated Byzantine Agreement

Combines safety guarantees of BFT with open membership of PoW/S schemes

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Trust in the network is tied to real-world relationships

- Rely on interdependence to ensure security
- Malicious behavior risks reputation

# Open Problems

Bootstrapping and interoperability

Privacy

Scalable data structures

Defining well-formed updates (contract language)

# Next Steps

How can DIN help?

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- Generalize solution
  - diversity of incentives = everyone securing each other's services



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Let's standardize the way we distribute trust at scale:

1. Specs for describing transition semantics
2. A distributed protocol for enforcing these rules

Questions?



