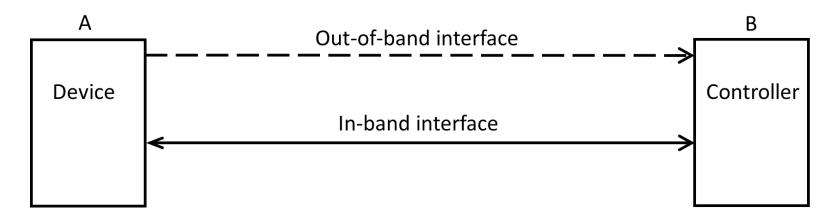
EAP Extension to Allow Peer Configuration

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Motivation



- We are working on IoT bootstrapping security for consumer IoT devices
- Bootstrap resource constrained devices such as temperature sensor to a resourceful device such as mobile phone (controller)
 - Use OOB channel to transfer information that is used to secure bootstrap process
- In the context of IoT, bootstrapping involves:
 - Pairing a resource-constrained IoT device with a controller device such as a smartphone
 - Taking ownership by exchanging identities and credentials for mutual authentication and securing communication
 - Configuring the device to be operational
- Bootstrapping with EAP
 - How to use EAP to bootstrap devices including long term credential provisioning

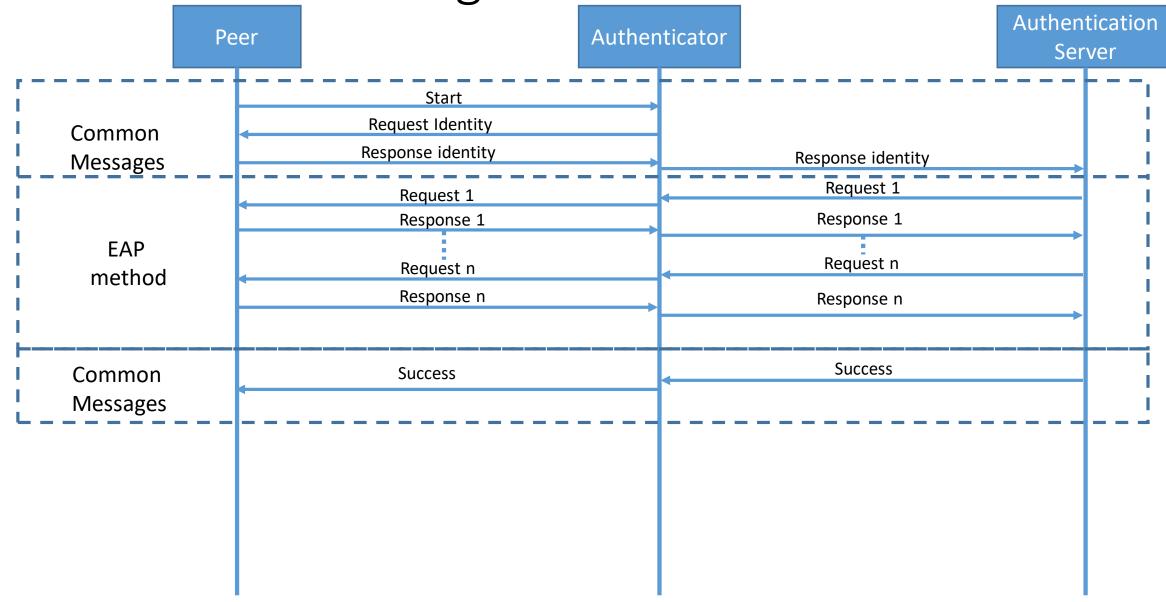
Related Work

- Credentials Provisioning and Management via EAP (EAP-CREDS)
 - A framework that has board goals
 - https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-pala-eap-creds-05.
- EAP-TEAP
 - Allows peer device to provision client certificates
 - RFC 7170 https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7170

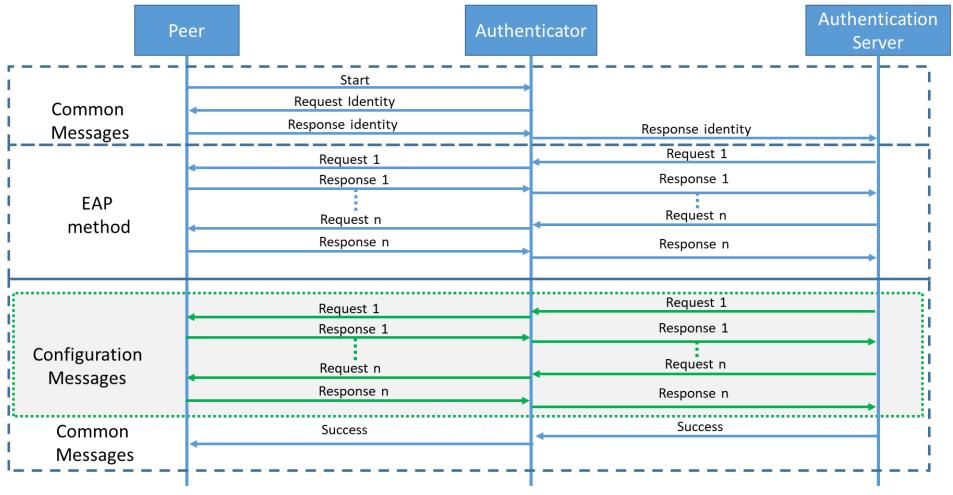
Goal

- Use EAP as a mechanism to enable Peer configuration from an EAP Authentication Server
- The configuration could be used for
 - Provision long-term credentials,
 - Set access control policies
- A simplest possible solution from implementation and specification point of view

Generic EAP Message Flow

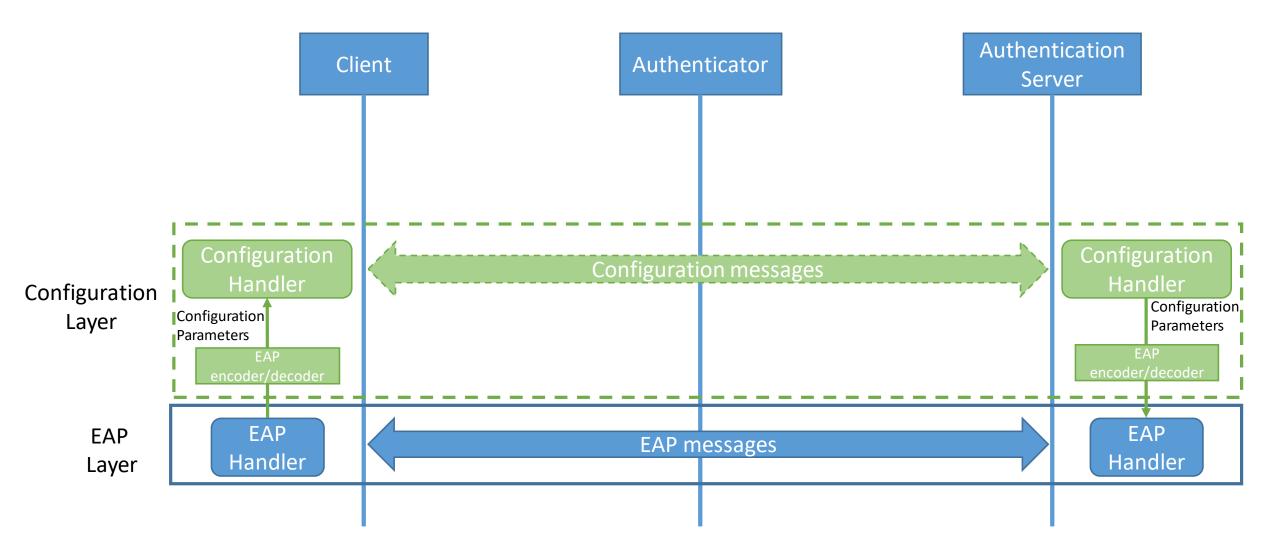


Possible approach for Peer configuration with EAP



- Configuration messages only to be sent after underlying EAP method has completed peer authentication
- Success message may or may not depend on the successful configuration however it must depend on EAP peer authentication

Architecture



Issues to consider

- Message fragmentation
 - A simple way is to fit each payloads within a single EAP message
- Push vs pull model
 - Push: Support for **server to push configuration** messages
 - Pull: Let the peer device request configuration parameters
- Discovering mechanism
 - A simple and efficient way to find out if the other end-point supports configuration
- Security for the configuration
 - Based on EAP session key
 - Using MSK+EMSK for securing the configuration messages
- Avoiding unnecessary roundtrips
 - Probing for configuration needs to be very efficient
- Limits on the number of EAP messages caused by the AP and EAP server

Possible approaches

- 1. Define new EAP message type for configuration messages
 - EAP request and response type
 - EAP request can be sent in either direction
 - Reuse an existing Notification request and response
- 2. Define a new EAP method that uses existing EAP tunneling method for authentication
 - Similar to EAP-CREDS
- Define a mechanism that allows an end-point to indicate that another configuration protocol shall continue after the EAP session has ended
 - Mechanism allowing the configuration protocol to bind with the EAP session
 - E.g. a shared secret from the EAP session

Guidance from EAP group

Thank you.