Signal Degrade Indication Used in Segment Routing over MPLS Network

draft-han-mpls-sdi-sr-00

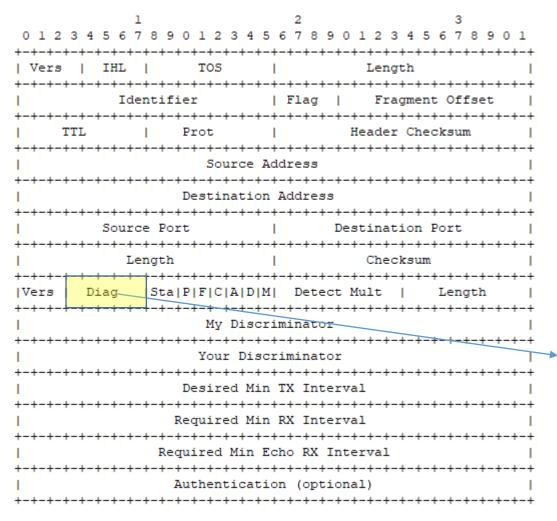
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Motivation

- To solve the problems which *draft-yang-mpls-ps-sdi-sr-00* issues
 - Signal degrade brings significant impact to the services and networks
 - Signal degrade should be noticed, detected, and reported
 - Signal degrade can be used to trigger the protection mechanism, report the fault and performance management to controller, etc.
- Two protocol extensions for MPLS networks
 - For the networks using BFD/SBFD [RFC 5880]
 - For the networks using MPLS-TP OAM [RFC 8402] [RFC 5586] [ITU-T G.8113.1]

Networks using BFD/SBFD



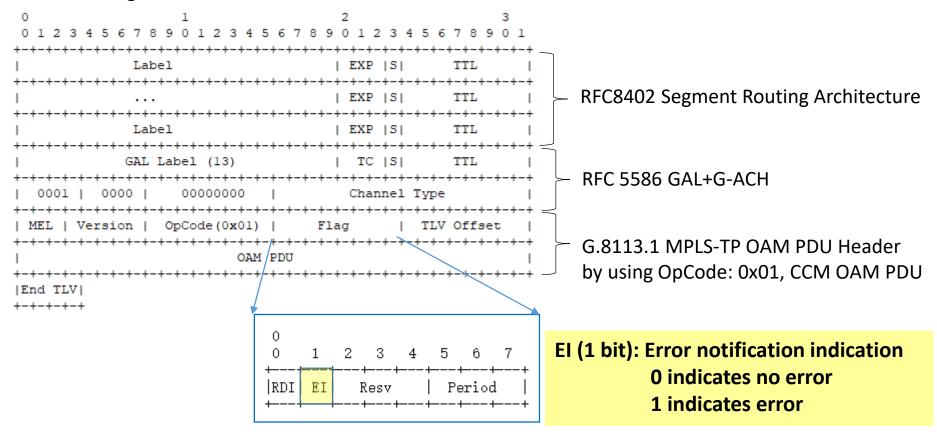
BFD Diagnostic:

- 0 -- No Diagnostic
- 1 -- Control Detection Time Expired
- 2 -- Echo Function Failed
- 3 -- Neighbor Signaled Session Down
- 4 -- Forwarding Plane Reset
- 5 -- Path Down
- 6 -- Concatenated Path Down
- 7 -- Administratively Down
- 8 -- Reverse Concatenated Path Down

9-31 -- Reserved for future use

Networks using MPLS-TP OAM/BFD

For the networks using MPLS-TP OAM:



For the networks using MPLS-TP BFD: extension could be done based on RFC 6428.

Discussion

- Questions
 - For the BFD part in the draft, whether the work should be done in MPLS WG or BFD WG?
 - Collect the interests, especially from operators and equipment vendors.
- Address the issues related to signal degrade
 - How to measure it on equipment?
 - If new parameters should be defined to indicate? (related to draft-mirsky-ippm-epm-00)
 - If the signal degrade should be accumulated along the path?
 - More thoughts about performance measurement

Next steps

- Absorb the comments and suggestions from previous and today's meetings
- Collaborate with authors of other topic-related drafts
- Comments and questions are greatly welcome

Thank you!