Discriminated Unions draft-bormann-cbor-discriminated-unions preview

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CBOR as language runtime support

- Many language environment need to store and interchange structured data
- CBOR has the right support for complex types in many languages
- Some tags already defined for this, e.g., tag 1001
- Many complex types are defined by specific programs
 - Some support already in, e.g., tag 27 (originally motivated by Perl)
- Gap: discriminated unions

Union types

- Many type systems and schema languages allow specific items to be one of multiple types
 - Cf. CDDL choices, foo = a / b / c
 - In many cases, an actual union (all values from each of the choices) is needed; easy to express in CBOR
 - In other cases, alternatives look structurally the same in terms of CBOR data items, but still need to be distinguished
 - Add discriminator (often a map label)
 - Don't want to force discriminated unions into a specific structure, though

Example

data Expr = Lit Int Add Expr Expr -- addition Sub Expr Expr -- subtraction Neg Expr -- unary negation Mul Expr Expr -- multiplication

Here, Add, Sub etc. stand for different choices, but the data look the same

- -- integer literal

- Div Expr Expr integer division

Compiler translation

expr = Tag0(int) ; integer literal / Tag1([expr, expr]) ; addition / Tag2([expr, expr]) ; subtraction / Tag3(expr) ; unary negation / Tag4([expr, expr]) ; multiplication / Tag5([expr, expr]) ; integer division

- - Don't need to register global "Add" tag

Define tags that have a local meaning within a specific discriminated union

Proposal: register generic discriminators

expr = 185(int) ; integer literal / 186([expr, expr]) ; addition / 187([expr, expr]) ; subtraction / 188(expr) ; unary negation / 189([expr, expr]) ; multiplication / 190([expr, expr]) ; integer division

- \rightarrow Register 7 1+1, ~2048 1+2, and a catch-all 1+1+array
- https://cabo.github.io/cbor-discriminated-unions/draft-bormann-cbordiscriminated-unions.html