

IoT Initial Security Setup

Players, Beliefs, and Processes

Initial Security Setup

- IoT environments need to be **set up**
 - Things (devices) need to know **Purpose in Life** (PiL)
 - Environment needs to know something about devices
- Part of this is **security setup**, part is enabled by security setup
 - Players: What are the parties that are set up/play a role in setup?
 - Beliefs: What knowledge (belief) is instilled during setup?
 - Processes: What is the sequence of events and interactions that leads to setup?

- Bootstrapping
- Provisioning
- **Onboarding**
- **Enrollment**
- Commissioning
- Initialization
- Configuration
- Registration
- **Discovery**

From Phenomenology to Taxonomy

- For each IIS mechanism: how does it work, and what does it do?
- → Terms for different approaches and results
- Current T2TRG RG document: [draft-irtf-t2trg-secure-bootstrapping](#)
- Taxonomy needs to be clear about:
 - (Types and Instances of) Players
 - beliefs: prerequisites and results
 - processes

Players

- Obvious: Thing (device) vs. Environment
- Can structure Thing (e.g., TEEs/REEs in a device [TEEP])
- Almost always need to structure Environment:
 - Network vs. Application vs. Platform; specific entities within each
 - Device vs. Owner vs. Manufacturer, Facilitators (e.g., smartphone)

Device ↔ Network, Platform, Application

- Device has:
 - Identities (often supported by Roots of Trust)
(see also [draft-richardson-t2trg-idevid-considerations](#))
 - Trust Anchors (“root certificates”)
 - Authorizations (owner allows device A to do X),
Authorizations (other player B allows holder of identity A to do Y), and
Authorizations (device A allows holder of identity B to do Z)

Important Milestones in Device Life

- Network Onboarding
 - Some network access helps in all these onboarding processes
- (Platform Onboarding)
- Application Onboarding

Device ↔ Owner vs. Manufacturer, Facilitators

- Device has
 - Owner (not in legal sense: → “overseeing principal”)
 - Original owner (“manufacturer”)
 - Facilitators (entities mediating owner control over the device)

Important Milestones in Device Life

- Ownership Transfer
 - New owner gains (some) control
 - Original owner may retain some control
 - Some authorizations remain in place
- Software Update
 - Software provider has full control
 - Limited by hardware shields

Processes

- Install Authorization on Device
 - Possibly derived from chain of authorizations
 - Possibly obtained from “leap of faith”
- Install Authorization on some other Player (Network, Platform, Application)
- (Possibly removing some authorizations, too)
 - “Factory reset”? (Who is authorized to do that?)
- Create identities to be used (authenticated) in some of the authorizations

Flavors

- “Managed” vs. “unmanaged”
- Which Players are under same ownership or control, e.g.:
 - Manufacturer and Platform: Enables back-channel pre-authorization
 - Device and Network: Enables leap-of-faith authorization
- Which Players are swapped in and out in regular use, e.g.:
 - Device and Network (“roaming”)
 - Device and Application (no strict vertical integration)
- Does physical access imply full authorization (factory reset, commissioning)?

Taxonomy?

- Create terms for (recurring) process design patterns
- Create terms for identities and authorizations that seem to recur
- Describe specifications and proposals in these terms