Group Communication for the Constrained Application Protocol (CoAP)

Towards *draft-ietf-core-groupcomm-bis-06*

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Following IETF 112 ...

- Jaime requested to add examples, especially on:
 - Encoding of application group names, e.g., in CoAP requests (topic of issue #28)
 - Discovery of CoAP groups and application groups from CoAP servers (topic of issue #29)
- Opportunity to also improve the text addressing issues #28 and #29
- Opened new PR #32 addressing the points above
 - Plus examples of message exchange
 - Plus more clarifications and editorial improvements
 - https://github.com/core-wg/groupcomm-bis/pull/32

2.2.1 - Name encoding of app groups

- > Revised methods, each with an example
- Through the CoAP request, in the group URI
 - in the path component (Recommended)
 - in the query component (2 possible ways)
 - in the authority component as a whole
 - in the host subcomponent
 - in the port subcomponent
- Through the CoAP request, but not in the group URI
 - In the Uri-Host Option, added before sending
 - New custom, application-specific, CoAP option
- Not on the wire → implicit understanding from application/network context

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```
Application group name: <a href="mailto:gp1">gp1</a>
Group URI: coap://grp.example.org:5685/gp/gp1/light?foo=bar
CoAP group request
    Header: GET (T=NON, Code=0.01, MID=0x7d41)
    Uri-Host: grp.example.org
    Uri-Path: gp
    Uri-Path: gp1
    Uri-Path: light
    Uri-Query: foo=bar

Figure 3: Example of application group name in URI path
```

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Application group name: gp1
Group URI: coap://grp.example.org:5685/light?gp1
CoAP group request
   Header: GET (T=NON, Code=0.01, MID=0x7d41)
   Uri-Host: grp.example.org
   Uri-Path: light
   Uri-Ouerv: gp1
Figure 4: Example of application group name in URI query (1/2)
Application group name: gp1
Group URI: coap://grp.example.org:5685/light?foo=bar&gp=gp1
CoAP group request
   Header: GET (T=NON, Code=0.01, MID=0x7d41)
   Uri-Host: grp.example.org
   Uri-Path: light
   Uri-Query: foo=bar
 Figure 5: Example of application group name in URI query (2/2)
```

- Through the CoAP request, but not in the group URI
 - In the Uri-Host Option, added before sending
 - New custom, application-specific, CoAP option
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2.2.3 – Group discovery

- > Revised methods, each with an example
- > Given a CoAP group, discover ...
 - The associated application groups
 - The servers in it and each group's resources
- Given an application group, discover ...
 - The associated CoAP group
 - The servers in it and each group's resources
- Discover ...
 - Any application group (*)
 - The associated CoAP group
 - The servers in it and each group's resources

(*) Possible to filter by group type

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- > Discover ...
 - Any application group (*)
 - The associated CoAP group
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```
// Request to all members of the CoAP group
  Req: GET coap://grp.example.org:5685/.well-known/core?rt=g.*
  // Response from server S1, as member of:
       - The CoAP group "grp.example.org:5685"
       - The application group "gp1"
   Res: 2.05 Content
   Content-Format: 40
  Payload:
   </gp/gp1>;rt=g.light
  // Response from server S2, as member of:
  // - The CoAP group "grp.example.org:5685"
  // - The application groups "gp1" and "gp2"
   Res: 2.05 Content
   Content-Format: 40
  Payload:
   </gp/gp1>;rt=g.light,
   </gp/gp2>;rt=g.temp
Figure 11: Discovery of application groups associated
          to a CoAP group
```

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2.2.3 – Group discovery

- > Revised methods, each with an example
- › Given a CoAP group, discover ...
 - The associated application groups
 - The servers in it and each group's resources
- Given an application group, discover ...



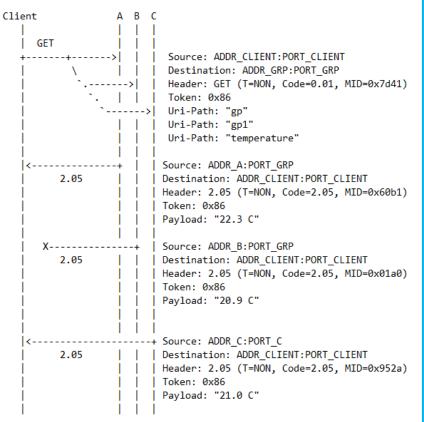
- The associated CoAP group
- The servers in it and each group's resources
- Discover ...
 - Any application group (*)
 - The associated CoAP group
 - The servers in it and each group's resources

```
// Request to realm-local members of the application group "gp1"
   Req: GET coap://[ff03::fd]/.well-known/core?href=/gp/gp1
     // CoAP response from server S1, as member of:
          - The CoAP group "grp.example.org:5685"
           - The application group "gp1"
      Res: 2.05 Content
      Content-Format: 40
      Pavload:
      <coap://grp.example.org:5685/gp/gp1>;rt=g.light
      // CoAP response from server S2, as member of:
      // - The CoAP group "grp.example.org:5685"
      // - The application groups "gp1"
      Res: 2.05 Content
      Content-Format: 40
      Payload:
      <coap://grp.example.org:5685/gp/gp1>;rt=g.light
Figure 12: Discovery of members of an application group, together
           with the associated CoAP group
```

(*) Possible to filter by group type

Appendix B – Message exchange

- New Appendix B
 - Three examples
- > Example 1 (plain)
 - Request over multicast
 - Responses follow
- > Example 2 (observe)
 - Observation request over multicast
 - Two rounds of notifications
- > Example 3 (blockwise)
 - Request with Block2 over multicast
 - Following exchanges over unicast



Next steps

- > If no objection, merge PR #32 soon and submit v -06
- > If all is well, we can close issues #28 and #29

> Working Group Last Call (for -06)

Thank you!

Comments/questions?

https://github.com/core-wg/groupcomm-bis/

Goal

- Normative successor of experimental RFC 7390
 - Obsoletes RFC 7390, Updates RFC 7252 / 7641
- New standard reference for implementations now based on RFC 7390
- Scope
 - CoAP group communication, including latest features:
 Observe/Blockwise/Security ...
 - Unsecured & group-OSCORE-secured
 - Definition of group types & Secure group configuration

Motivation (backup slide)

- > RFC 7390 was published in 2014
 - CoAP functionalities available by then were covered
 - No group security solution was available to indicate
 - It is an Experimental document (started as Informational)
- > What has changed?
 - More CoAP functionalities have been developed (Block-Wise, Observe)
 - RESTful interface for membership configuration is not really used
 - Group OSCORE provides group end-to-end security for CoAP
- > Practical considerations
 - Group OSCORE clearly builds on RFC 7390 normatively
 - However, it can refer RFC 7390 only informationally